Waste Management Division PO Box 95, 29 Hazen Drive Concord, NH 03302		
Type of Submittal (Check One-Most Applicable)		
<ul> <li>Work Scope</li> <li>Reimbursement Request</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Remedial Action</li> <li>Remedial Action Plan</li> <li>Bid Plans and Specifications</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>UST Facility Report</li> <li>AST Facility Report</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Remedial Action Implementation Report</li> <li>Treatment System and POE O&amp;M</li> <li>Activity and Use Restriction</li> </ul>	
Emergency/Initial Response Action     Groundwater Quality Assessment	Temporary Surface Water Discharge Permit	
<ul> <li>☐ Initial Site Characterization</li> <li>☐ Site Investigation</li> <li>• Site Investigation Report</li> <li>• Supplemental Site Investigation Report</li> <li>• GMZ Delineation</li> <li>• Source Area Investigation</li> <li>• Data Submittal</li> <li>• Annual Summary Report</li> <li>☑ Unsolicited Phase II Environmental Site Assessment</li> <li>□ Closure Documentation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Groundwater Management Permit</li> <li>Permit Application</li> <li>Renewal Application</li> <li>Deed Recordation Documentation</li> <li>Abutter Notification Documentation</li> <li>Release of Recordation</li> <li>Data Submittal</li> <li>Annual Summary Report</li> </ul>	

### PHASE II ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT Former Mica Factory Property

8 (a.k.a. 5) Central Street Bristol, New Hampshire DES#200105002 Brownfields Grant #BF-96111801

Prepared For: Lakes Region Planning Commission 103 Main Street, Suite #3 Meredith, NH 03253 Phone: (603) 279-8171 Contact: Mr. Kimon Koulet

Prepared By: CREDERE ASSOCIATES, LLC 776 Main Street Westbrook, ME 04902 Phone: (207) 828-1272 ext. 21 Contact: Silas Canavan, PE



August 23, 2011

Recommended Risk Category (check one)		
1. Immediate Human Health Risk (Impacted	4. Surface Water Impact	7. Alternate Water Available/Low Level
<ul> <li>water supply well, etc.)</li> <li>2. Potential Human Health Risk (Water supply well within 1,000' or Site within SWPA)</li> <li>3. Free Product or Source Hazard</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5. No Alternate Water Available/No Existing Wells in Area</li> <li>6. Alternate Water Available/High Level Groundwater Contamination (&gt;1,000 X AGQS)</li> </ul>	Groundwater Contamination (<1,000 X AGQS) ⊠ 8. No AGQS Violation/No Source Remaining □ Closure Recommended



# **Phase II Environmental Site Assessment**

Former Mica Factory Property 8 (a.k.a 5) Central Street Bristol, New Hampshire NHDES #200105002

Prepared for:

Lakes Region Planning Commission 103 Main Street, Suite #3 Meredith, NH 03253

INTERNASSING

### August 23, 2011

In Reference to: Project No. 10001087

Submitted by: Credere Associates, LLC 776 Main Street Westbrook, ME 04092

+ SPRING =



# CREDERE ASSOCIATES, LLC

776 Main Street Westbrook, Maine 04092 Phone: 207-828-1272 Fax: 207-887-1051

August 23, 2011

Mr. Kimon Koulet, Executive Director Lakes Region Planning Commission 103 Main Street, Suite #3 Meredith, NH 03253

Subject: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Former Mica Factory Property 8 (a.k.a. 5) Central Street, Bristol, NH NHDES Site # 200105002

Dear Mr. Koulet:

Attached is the Phase II Environmental Site Assessment for the Former Mica Factory property located at 8 (a.k.a. 5) Central Street in Bristol, NH. Sections 11 and 12 of the attached report present our conclusions and recommendations regarding the subject property. Copies of this report have been forwarded to the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) and the Town of Bristol.

Please do not hesitate to contact me at (207) 828-1272 ext. 21 if you have any questions, comments, or require additional information regarding this investigation.

Very truly,

**CREDERE ASSOCIATES, LLC** 

1 m b

Silas Canavan, P.E. Civil/Environmental Engineer

cc: Michael Capone, Town of Bristol Keith DuBois, NHDES



### PHASE II ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT FORMER MICA FACTORY PROPERTY BRISTOL, NH

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	on Title	Page No.
EXE	CUTIVE SUMMARY	ES-1
<b>1.</b> ]	INTRODUCTION	
2.	PROJECT BACKGROUND	
2.1 2.2 2.3	Subject Property Description Summary of Phase I ESA Work Potential Future Subject Property Use	
3.	PHASE II SCOPE OF WORK	
<b>4.</b> ]	PHASE II FIELD ACTIVITIES	
4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6	Floor Drain Investigation Surficial Soil Sampling Stained Floor Sampling Potential PCB-Containing Bulk Product Sampling Lead-Based Paint Screening Universal and Hazardous Waste Survey Update	4-1 4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3 4-3
5.	SUMMARY OF REGULATORY STANDARDS	
5.1 5.2 5.3	Soil Lead-Based Paint PCB-Containing Materials	
6.	PHASE II ESA RESUL IS	
6.1 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.3 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	Floor Drain Investigation         Surficial Soil Sample Results         1       Field Screening Results         2       Laboratory Results         3       Additional Observations         Stained Floorboard Sampling         Potential PCB-Containing Bulk Product Sampling         Lead-Based Paint Screening         Universal And Hazardous Waste Survey Update	6-1 6-1 6-1 6-1 6-2 6-2 6-2 6-2 6-2 6-3 6-3
7.	QUALITY ANALYSIS/QUALITY CONTROL	
7.1 7.2	Precision Bias	



<ul><li>7.3 Accuracy</li><li>7.4 Representativeness</li><li>7.5 Comparability</li></ul>	
7.6 Completeness	
8. CONCEPTUAL SITE N	10DEL 8-1
8.1 Site Groundwater and Hy	drogeology8-1
8.2 Surface Water Flow	
8.3 Geological Characteristic	s
8.3.1 Surficial Geology	
8.3.2 Bedrock Geology	
8.4 Containmants of Concern	0-2
9. DEVIATIONS	
10. DATA GAPS	
11. CONCLUSIONS	
12. RECOMMENDATION	S
13. SIGNATURES OF ENV	VIRONMENTAL PROFESSIONALS
14. LIMITATIONS	

## LIST OF TABLES

Table 1	
Table 2	Summary of Photoionization Detector Field Screening Results
Table 3	
Table 4	Summary of Analytical Results for Surficial Soil Samples
Table 5	Summary of Analytical Results for Potential PCB Remediation Waste Samples
Table 6	Summary of Analytical Results for Potential PCB Bulk Product Waste Samples
Table 7	Lead-Based Paint Survey Results
Table 8	

### LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1	Site Location Map
Figure 2	
Figure 3	Exterior Lead-Based Paint Screening Plan
Figure 4	



### LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix A	Mica Factory Site-Specific Quality Assurance Project Plan Addendum
Appendix B	Photographs
Appendix C	
Appendix D	Laboratory Analytical Results



### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Credere Associates, LLC (Credere) conducted a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) at the Former Mica Factory property located at 8 (a.k.a. 5) Central Street in Bristol, New Hampshire (the subject property) in general conformance with the American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) Standard Guide for Environmental Site Assessments: *Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Process* E 1903-97 (reapproved 2002). Phase II ESA activities were performed specifically to confirm or dismiss *recognized environmental conditions* (RECs) and other non-scope environmental concerns (NECs) identified during the Phase I ESA that was completed for the subject property in December 2010.

The Phase II ESA work included: collecting surficial soil samples inside the building's basement and outside the building to evaluate various RECs, performing dye testing of the floor drain system to locate its outlet, performing a lead-based paint screening of the building's exterior painted surfaces to determine the presence and location of lead-based paint, collecting bulk building materials samples for analysis of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and updating the previously conducted universal and hazardous waste inventory.

Based on the findings of this work, Credere's conclusions include the following:

- REC-1, which was associated with the former industrial use of the subject property, was <u>confirmed</u> because lead, arsenic, and various polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) were detected in collected surficial soil samples at concentrations that exceeded the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) Soil Remediation Standards (SRS).
- REC-2, which was associated with the former use of the adjacent property as a printing press, was <u>dismissed</u> because no evidence of contamination associated with the former printing press was observed in surficial soil sample SS-5, which was collected in the alley between the subject property building and the former printing press building.
- REC-3, which was associated with potential past discharges of oil and/or hazardous substances to the floor drains, which may have impacted on-site environmental conditions, is <u>inconclusive</u>. Although the results of the Phase II ESA activities suggest that the floor drains outlet directly to the Newfound River, this could not be confirmed based on the information collected. The possibility remains that the floor drains outlet to a subsurface location.
- REC-4, which was associated with the former elevator in the subject property building, was <u>dismissed</u> because laboratory analysis indicated that PCB and total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH) concentrations were not detected above the laboratory practical quantitation limit (PQL) in surficial soil sample SS-3. It should be noted that surficial soil sample SS-4 was not collected due to the lack of soil material on top of the bedrock/concrete basement floor. The laboratory analysis originally proposed for sample



SS-4 was performed on sample SS-3, which was located immediately downgradient from the former elevator.

- REC-5, which was associated with potential soil contamination from degraded lead-based paint on the exterior of the subject property building, was <u>confirmed</u>. Lead screening of the exterior building surfaces indicated the presence of lead-based paint and lead concentrations that exceeded the NHDES SRS were detected in surficial soil samples collected from directly adjacent to the exterior of the building.
- REC-6, which was associated with the imminent threat of release from the unsecured 5gallon buckets of waste oil in the basement, was not addressed with sampling because there was no evidence of a past release from the containers. However, Credere recommends the above-mentioned material be consolidated and removed from the building.
- REC-7, which was associated with the presence of unknown staining on the floors of the subject property building, was <u>dismissed</u> because laboratory analysis of collected samples of the stained floor indicated that no PCB concentrations were detected above 1 mg/kg.
- NEC-1, which was associated with the presence of asbestos containing materials (ACMs) in the subject property building, was <u>confirmed</u> by previous investigations.
- NEC-2, which was associated with the presence of lead-based paint on the interior of the subject property building, was <u>confirmed</u> by previous investigations. Additional lead screening by Credere identified lead-based paint on the exterior of the building as well.
- NEC-3, which was associated with PCB-containing bulk products within the subject property building, was <u>dismissed</u> because no regulated concentrations of PCBs were identified in the sampled building materials.
- NEC-4, which was associated with the possible presence of mold in the subject property building, was presumptively <u>confirmed</u> based on visual observations.
- NEC-5, which was associated with the presence of bird guano in the subject property building, was presumptively <u>confirmed</u> based on visual observations.
- The previously conducted Pre-Demolition/Renovation Hazardous Building Materials Survey prepared by GZA in November 2001, was updated by Credere on April 12, 2011. The six (6) 55-gallon drums of obsolete chemicals and flammable waste and a portion of the fluorescent lamps and ballasts have been removed since the 2001 inventory was conducted. The remaining materials identified in the inventory are still present in the building.
- The ash pile observed in the basement during Phase II ESA activities represents a potential source of PAHs and may represent a health risk to subject property workers and users.



Based on these conclusions, Credere recommends the following tasks be completed for the subject property:

- The three (3) unsecured 5-gallon containers of waste oil in the northeast corner of the basement should be removed and disposed in accordance with applicable state and federal regulations.
- Additional assessment is necessary to confirm or dismiss the REC associated with the floor drains. It is recommended that the floor drains be sealed prior to demolition of the building. Following demolition, the floor drains should be excavated to determine the outlet location. If a break in the floor drain line or a subsurface outlet location is identified, the soil and groundwater in the vicinity of the outlet should be assessed for petroleum and hazardous substances following demolition of the building.
- If the building is to be renovated or demolished, removal of all identified ACMs should be performed by a licensed asbestos abatement professional in accordance with all applicable state and federal regulations.
- If the building is to be renovated or demolished, activities that pertain to lead-based paint should be conducted in accordance with the applicable state and federal regulations.
- If the building is to be renovated, a mold survey should be conducted to identify the presence of hazardous molds within the building, which, if present, should be properly managed. Conversely, if the building is to be razed, demolition activities should be conducted in such a manner as to protect human health from potential mold hazards.
- Bird guano identified within the building should be disposed in accordance with all applicable state and federal regulations prior to renovation or demolition of the building to protect human health from potential bird guano hazards.
- Universal and hazardous waste identified within the building should be removed and disposed in accordance with all applicable state and federal regulations.
- Contaminated soil and ash was identified at the subject property. Although the detected concentrations of PAHs, lead, and arsenic may be the result of background or other conditions that would not be regulated by the NHDES, they do exceed the applicable SRSs and represent a potential health risk. As such, Credere recommends that a remedial action plan be implemented to address this impacted media. Additional assessment of off-site soils in the vicinity of the subject property is also recommended to determine if the arsenic concentrations are consistent with background conditions, or are a result of subject property activities.



### **1. INTRODUCTION**

This report presents the results of a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) conducted by Credere Associates, LLC (Credere) at the Former Mica Factory property (the subject property) located at 8 (a.k.a. 5) Central Street in Bristol, New Hampshire as part of the Lakes Region Planning Commission's (LRPC) Brownfields Program. **Figure 1** shows the general location of the subject property in Bristol.

The Phase II ESA was completed in general conformance with the American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) Standard Guide for Environmental Site Assessments: *Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Process* E 1903-97 (reapproved 2002).

The field program used during this Phase II ESA was completed in accordance with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)-approved Mica Factory Site-Specific Quality Assurance Project Plan (SSQAPP) Addendum. The SSQAPP is an addendum to the previously approved New Hampshire Generic QAPP RFA #08166 and #09036, which was prepared for all of Credere's EPA work in New Hampshire, and is included in **Appendix A**. Photographs taken during the completion of this Phase II ESA are included in **Appendix B**.



### 2. PROJECT BACKGROUND

#### 2.1 SUBJECT PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

The subject property is composed of one 0.07-acre parcel of land located at 8 Central Street in Bristol, New Hampshire, at the intersection of Central Street and Spring Street. The subject property is located adjacent to the Newfound River and is occupied by one (1) vacant, four-story former mill building. The building has reportedly been vacant for at least 12 years. A lumber warehouse and a livery occupied the subject property prior to construction of the current building in 1894. After its initial construction, the building was used for shoe manufacturing. Following its use for shoe manufacturing, the building was used as a broom factory, then for approximately 60 years as a mica processing facility, and more recently used for retail and residential purposes.

#### 2.2 SUMMARY OF PHASE I ESA WORK

A Phase I ESA was completed by Credere for the subject property in December 2010, in accordance with ASTM Standard Practice E 1527-05. The following represents the findings from this report.

Based on the information obtained as a part of the Phase I ESA, the following recognized environmental conditions (RECs) were identified at the subject property:

- REC-1 The former industrial use of the subject property (including shoe manufacturing and mica processing) between 1897 to the 1960s represents a REC because hazardous substances were likely stored, used, and may have been disposed of on the subject property, impacting the environmental conditions of the subject property.
- REC-2 The former use of the adjacent property to the east as a printing press represents a REC. Due to the close proximity of the printing press building to the subject property, hazardous substances may have been released and/or disposed of on the subject property. As such, the environmental conditions of the subject property may have been impacted.
- REC-3 Two floor drains were observed in the basement of the building. The presence of these drains and the previous industrial usage of the building represent a REC because the drains may be conduits to the environment whereby any releases of petroleum products and/or hazardous substances may have impacted the environmental conditions at the subject property.
- REC-4 The presence of an elevator in the building represents a REC. Though the mechanical components have been removed, lubrication and hydraulic fluids may have previously been released from the elevator and may have impacted the environmental conditions of the subject property.
- REC-5 The possible presence of lead-based paint on the exterior of the building represents a REC. Due to the condition of the exterior paint (loose and flaking), it is possible that the environmental condition of the soil around the perimeter of the building has been impacted.



- REC-6 Although no evidence of a prior release was observed, the presence of uncovered and unsecured small containers of petroleum products (several 5-gallon buckets of waste oil) in the basement represents a REC due to the imminent threat of release from these containers.
- REC-7 The presence of unknown staining on the floors of the building represents a REC because the stains are indicative of a potential past release of petroleum products and/or hazardous substances which may have impacted the building structure; however, it is unlikely that releases causing these stains have impacted the environmental conditions of the subject property.

The following five (5) ASTM *non-scope environmental conditions* (NECs) were also noted during the Phase I ESA:

- NEC-1 Previous reports indicate that asbestos containing materials have been identified within the building.
- NEC-2 Previous reports indicate that lead-based paint has been identified within the building.
- NEC-3 Potential ASTM non-scope polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB)-containing building materials and electrical equipment in the form of fluorescent lighting fixtures were observed in the building.
- NEC-4 Based on the condition of the building and the collapsed roof, mold may be present in the building.
- NEC-5 Bird guano was observed in the building representing a potential human health threat.

#### 2.3 POTENTIAL FUTURE SUBJECT PROPERTY USE

The Town of Bristol is considering demolishing the existing building and developing the subject property into a riverfront park with automobile parking.



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### **3. PHASE II SCOPE OF WORK**

Credere performed this Phase II ESA to assess the subject property considering the anticipated recreational re-use scenario and the identified environmental conditions noted above. An SSQAPP Addendum was developed that outlined the work to be completed, methodologies to be used, and data quality objectives for the project (see **Appendix A**). The Phase II ESA tasks completed included the following:

- 1. Dye testing of floor drains was conducted to identify their discharge location(s).
- 2. Four (4) surficial soil samples were collected to evaluate identified RECs 1 through 5. Each sample was field screened with a photoionization detector (PID) and X-ray fluorescent meter (XRF) and submitted for off-site laboratory analysis in accordance with the SSQAPP.
- 3. Four (4) representative samples of stained wood flooring were collected from four separate areas of the subject property building to evaluate REC-7.
- 4. A survey was conducted to identify potential PCB-containing building materials. Based on the results of this survey, representative samples of potential PCB-containing bulk products were collected and submitted for off-site laboratory analysis of PCBs to evaluate NEC-3. Three (3) potential PCB-containing bulk products were identified within the building.
- 5. A lead-based paint screening was conducted for the exterior of the subject property building to identify surfaces containing lead-based paint to evaluate REC-5 and NEC-2.
- 6. The inventory list of hazardous and universal waste created by GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. (GZA) in 2001 was updated to reflect the April 12, 2011, subject property conditions.

Deviations from the scope of work described in the SSQAPP Addendum are summarized in **Section 9** of this report.



### 4. PHASE II FIELD ACTIVITIES

This sampling program was developed to investigate soil and building material conditions at the subject property to confirm or dismiss the RECs and NECs identified during the Phase I ESA (see SSQAPP Addendum in **Appendix A**). All laboratory analytical samples collected by Credere were submitted to Absolute Resource Associates of Portsmouth, New Hampshire for analysis. Requirements relative to Chain of Custody, Data Management and Documentation, Data Validation, and Data Usability Assessments contained in the SSQAPP were followed. **Figure 2** shows the approximate locations of the building, pertinent subject property features, and sample locations.

#### 4.1 FLOOR DRAIN INVESTIGATION

During the Phase I ESA subject property reconnaissance two floor drains were identified in the basement of the subject property building. A potential floor drain outlet to the Newfound River was also observed during the Phase I ESA site reconnaissance on the exterior southern face of the foundation wall. On April 12, 2011, Credere conducted a floor drain dye test in an attempt to locate the outlet by pouring water containing a biodegradable fluorescent dye into the floor drain inlets and observing the potential outlet to the river.

#### 4.2 SURFICIAL SOIL SAMPLING

On April 12, 2011, Credere collected four (4) surficial soil samples (SS-1, SS-2, SS-3, and SS-5) from the subject property to assess surficial soil conditions associated with the identified RECs. Proposed surficial soil sample SS-4 was not collected at the base of the elevator shaft because there was no soil over the bedrock/concrete floor in that location (**Photograph 2**). See **Section 9** for additional discussion of deviations from the SSQAPP.

The rationale for each surficial soil sample is described below:

- Surficial soil sample SS-1 was collected from the area adjacent to the western exterior wall in a location that may have been impacted by historic industrial use of the subject property (REC-1) and by the flaking, potentially lead-based paint on the exterior of the building (REC-5). The collected sample was submitted for off-site laboratory analysis of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), and RCRA 8 metals.
- Surficial soil sample SS-2 was collected from the area around the inlet to the western floor drain (REC-3), which may have been impacted by the historic industrial use of the subject property (REC-1). The collected sample was submitted for off-site laboratory analysis of VOCs, PAHs, and RCRA 8 metals.
- Surficial soil sample SS-3 was collected from the area around the inlet to the eastern floor drain (REC-3), which may have been impacted by the historic industrial use of the subject property (REC-1). The collected sample was submitted for off-site laboratory analysis of VOCs, PAHs, and RCRA 8 metals to address REC-1 and REC-3. This



sample was also analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) and PCBs to assess REC-4 because it was downgradient of proposed sample SS-4. REC-4 was associated with possible releases from the former elevator mechanical and hydraulic equipment.

• Surficial soil sample SS-5 was collected from the area adjacent to the eastern exterior wall in a location that may have been impacted by historical industrial use of the subject property (REC-1), by the historic use of the adjacent building to the east as a printing press (REC-2), and by the flaking, potentially lead-based paint on the exterior of the building (REC-5). The collected sample was submitted for off-site laboratory analysis of VOCs, RCRA 8 metals, PAHs, and PCBs.

All surficial soil samples were collected in accordance with standard operating procedures (SOPs) HWRB-11, HWRB-12, HWRB-15, DR#024, DR#025, VOCs/SOIL-200, and Credere-004. Any visible organic debris and/or grass or degraded asphalt was removed from samples prior to placement in laboratory glassware.

Surficial soil samples SS-1 and SS-5 were collected from the exterior perimeter of the building, approximately 0 to 1 feet below ground surface (bgs) using hand tools. Surficial soil samples SS-2 and SS-3 were collected from approximately 1-inch of soil accumulated above the bedrock and concrete basement floor.

Each collected soil sample was logged and visual and/or olfactory evidence of contamination was noted. Samples were then field screened for VOCs with a PID calibrated to a 100 parts per million (ppm) isobutylene standard with the instrument response factor set to 1.0 and for RCRA 8 metals with an X-ray fluorescence meter (XRF). Exploration locations and methodologies used are summarized in **Table 1**, PID field screening results are included in **Table 2**, and XRF field screening results are included in **Table 3**.

#### 4.3 STAINED FLOOR SAMPLING

On April 12, 2011, Credere collected four (4) samples from areas with observed staining of the floor on the second and third stories of the subject property building (REC-7). Samples FS-1, FS-2, and FS-3 were each collected from separate stained areas on the second floor (**Figure 2**). Sample FS-4 was collected from the stained area on the third floor. The samples were collected in accordance with field SOP EPA SOP #001 and submitted for independent laboratory analysis of PCBs.

#### 4.4 POTENTIAL PCB-CONTAINING BULK PRODUCT SAMPLING

On April 12, 2011, Credere inventoried suspect PCB-containing bulk products at the subject property. Examples of suspect products typically include, but are not limited to, paint, caulking, sealants, grout, mastic, glazing, insulation, transformers, capacitors, electrical equipment, used motor/hydraulic oil, fluorescent light ballasts, cable insulation, thermal insulation, adhesives and tapes, plastics, carbonless copy paper, floor finishes, gaskets, ceiling tile coatings, flooring sealants, roofing materials, and siding materials. Consistent with this inventory and the results of



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previous investigations at similar sites, Credere identified three (3) potentially PCB-containing bulk products and collected one (1) sample of each material for laboratory analysis of PCBs in accordance with SOPs EIASOP Porous Sampling1, EPA SOP No. 2011, DR#12, and Credere-004. The following is a description of the collected suspect PCB-containing bulk product samples:

- Bulk product sample BM-1 was collected from the interior white paint at the building entrance.
- Bulk product sample BM-2 was collected from the red paint on the main entrance door.
- Bulk product sample BM-3 was collected from the white paint on the main entrance door.

#### 4.5 LEAD-BASED PAINT SCREENING

On April 12, 2011, the lead content of paint on the exterior of the subject property building (REC-5) was screened onsite by Credere using a portable XRF. XRF measurements were taken in multiple locations on accessible portions of the building exterior. XRF measurement locations are depicted on **Figure 3**.

This lead screening is not sufficient to determine the suitability of the building for residential or child-occupied uses. If the subject property buildings are to be used in the future as residences or child-occupied facilities, a formal lead survey should be conducted by a NHDES Certified Lead Inspector.

#### 4.6 UNIVERSAL AND HAZARDOUS WASTE SURVEY UPDATE

The previously conducted Pre-Demolition/Renovation Hazardous Building Materials Survey by GZA in November 2001, was updated through visual inspection by Credere on April 12, 2011. Credere identified remaining quantities of universal and hazardous wastes that were listed in the GZA survey and also noted any additional wastes observed.



### 5. SUMMARY OF REGULATORY STANDARDS

As a part of the subsurface investigation portion of this Phase II ESA, Credere collected soil and building material samples to confirm or dismiss the presence of contaminants associated with the RECs identified at the subject property, and to assess the potential for future risk which may result during anticipated recreational redevelopment. Sample results were compared to the applicable state and federal standards described below.

#### 5.1 SOIL

Concentrations in soil samples were compared to New Hampshire's Soil Remediation Standards (SRS) detailed in NHDES Env-Or 600 Contaminated Site Management.

#### 5.2 LEAD-BASED PAINT

Concentrations of lead in paint as determined through the use of the XRF analyzer were compared to the limit of  $1.0 \text{ mg/cm}^2$  or 0.5% by weight. All construction work involving exposure or potential exposure to lead is covered by the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard 29 CFR 1926.62.

#### **5.3 PCB-CONTAINING MATERIALS**

Bulk products that contain concentrations of total PCBs equal to or in excess of 50 mg/kg are defined as PCB bulk product wastes in accordance with 40 CFR 761.3. These materials are regulated for disposal under 40 CFR 761.62. Bulk products that have been analyzed to contain total PCBs at a concentration of equal to or greater than 1 mg/kg but less than 50 mg/kg (and not as a result of dilution) are not regulated for disposal as long as they remain in use. However, if these materials are removed from use, they must be disposed of at a facility that is licensed to accept these materials in accordance with the applicable state regulations. Bulk products which have been analyzed to contain total PCBs at a concentration of less than 1 mg/kg are unrestricted for future use and/or disposal.

Bulk materials which have been analyzed to contain total PCB concentrations equal to or in excess of 1 mg/kg as a result of contact with a PCB bulk product waste are defined as a PCB remediation waste in accordance with 40 CFR 761.3. These materials must be disposed of under a special approval which meets the requirements presented at 40 CFR 761.79(h). Bulk materials which have been analyzed to contain total PCBs at concentrations of less than 1 mg/kg are unrestricted for future use and/or disposal.



### 6. PHASE II ESA RESULTS

The following subsections present the results of the data collected during the field work portion of this Phase II ESA.

#### 6.1 FLOOR DRAIN INVESTIGATION

The western floor drain inlet was dye tested; however, the potential outlet was not visible due to high water levels in the river. No dye was noted in the area where the potential outlet was observed. Other observations made during the dye test, including dilution of the dye in the drain and fluctuation of the water level in the drain consistent with the level of the Newfound River, suggested that this floor drain discharges directly to the Newfound River. However, the outlet location could not be confirmed based on the information obtained from the dye test.

The eastern floor drain was clogged with sediment and debris and was not able to be dye tested. Credere believes it is likely that the eastern floor drain is connected to the same outlet as the western floor drain; however, the outlet location could not be confirmed based on the information obtained from the dye test.

#### 6.2 SURFICIAL SOIL SAMPLE RESULTS

#### 6.2.1 Field Screening Results

No visual and/or olfactory evidence of contamination was observed in the field in any of the surficial soil samples collected at the subject property. PID readings were non-detect for all surficial soil samples collected. XRF field screening indicated that concentrations of mercury and/or lead were detected in all surficial soil samples exceeding the NHDES SRS. Surficial soil sample field screening results are summarized in **Table 2** and **Table 3**.

#### 6.2.2 Laboratory Results

Results of the four (4) surficial soil samples collected indicated that no samples contained VOCs above practical quantitation limits (PQLs).

TPH was not detected above the PQL (770 mg/kg) in sample SS-3, which was the only sample analyzed for TPH. It should be noted that sample SS-3 appeared to contain a significant amount of organic material, which likely triggered the high laboratory PQL. Because the PQL remained significantly lower than the SRS, Credere believes that this data is valid for the purpose of this Phase II ESA.

Arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, and lead were detected above the laboratory PQL in all surficial soil samples analyzed for RCRA 8 metals. Mercury was detected in samples SS-1, SS-2, and SS-3 only. Concentrations of lead detected in the collected surficial soil samples exceeded the applicable NHDES SRS. Concentrations of arsenic detected in samples SS-2 and SS-3 exceeded the applicable NHDES SRS.



Numerous PAHs were detected in surficial soil samples SS-1 and SS-3. Concentrations of benzo(a)anthracene and benzo(a)pyrene detected in both samples exceeded their respective NHDES SRS. The concentration of benzo(b)fluoranthene detected in surficial soil samples SS-3 exceeded its NHDES SRS. Additionally, the laboratory PQL for various PAHs in samples SS-2, SS-3, and SS-5 were higher than the NHDES SRS.

No PCBs were detected above the laboratory PQL for any of the surficial soil samples analyzed.

Surficial soil sample laboratory analytical results are summarized in **Table 4** and sample locations are depicted on **Figure 2**. Duplicate sample results are discussed in **Section 7.1** and are summarized in **Table 8**.

Descriptions of surficial soil samples are included in the surficial soil sampling logs located in **Appendix C**.

#### 6.2.3 Additional Observations

A pile of ash was observed on the east side of the basement (**Photograph 3**). It is likely that this ash pile was used to stockpile ash removed from the former coal stove that was used to heat the building. Based on Credere's experience, concentrations of various PAHs in ash piles typically exceed the applicable NHDES SRS.

Small amounts of ash and minerals were also identified in surficial soil samples SS-2 and SS-3. It is likely that the ash in these samples was deposited during transport to the ash pile or by Aeolian dispersion (windows have been removed from the building) from the ash pile.

#### 6.3 STAINED FLOORBOARD SAMPLING

The PCB Aroclor 1254 was detected above the laboratory PQL in floor sample FS-2. The detected concentration was below 1 mg/kg. No PCB concentrations were detected above the laboratory PQL in any of the other floor samples.

Floor sample laboratory analytical results are summarized in **Table 5** and sample locations are depicted on **Figure 2**.

#### 6.4 POTENTIAL PCB-CONTAINING BULK PRODUCT SAMPLING

The PCB Aroclor 1254 was detected at the laboratory PQL in bulk product sample BM-1. The detected concentration was below 1 mg/kg. No PCB concentrations were detected above the laboratory PQL for any of the other bulk product samples.

Bulk product sample laboratory analytical results are summarized in **Table 6** and sample locations are depicted on **Figure 2**.



It should be noted that the bulk material samples collected and analyzed during Phase II activities are only those identified as being most likely to contain PCBs during Credere's inventory. This sampling effort was not intended to be considered a complete survey of PCBs within the building.

#### 6.5 LEAD-BASED PAINT SCREENING

Lead screening indicated that lead-based paint was present on all exterior painted surfaces of the building with the exception of the white plywood covering the windows on the west side of the building. The grey exterior paint appeared to be consistently applied to the entire exterior of the building with the exception of the entrance and the white plywood window covers.

This lead screening was conducted only as a screening level survey for potential building demolition and as such is not sufficient to determine the suitability of the buildings for residential or child-occupied uses. If the subject property buildings are to be used in the future as residences or child-occupied facilities, a formal lead survey should be conducted by a NHDES Certified Lead Inspector.

Lead-based paint screening results are summarized in Table 7 and screening locations are depicted on Figure 3.

#### 6.6 UNIVERSAL AND HAZARDOUS WASTE SURVEY UPDATE

The previously conducted Pre-Demolition/Renovation Hazardous Building Materials Survey by GZA in November 2001, was updated through visual inspection by Credere on April 12, 2011. The six (6) 55-gallon drums of obsolete chemicals and flammable waste and a portion of the fluorescent lamps and ballasts have been removed since the 2001 inventory. The remaining materials identified in the inventory are still present in the building. The updated inventory of universal and hazardous waste is provided in the table below.

MATERIAL TYPE	LOCATION	APPROXIMATE QUANTIY (OPICINAL)	APPROXIMATE QUANTITY (UPDATED)
	A 11 TT		(OFDATED)
Fluorescent Lamps	All Floors	100 linear feet	50 linear feet
Ballasts	All Floors	80	6
Mercury Switches	All Floors	2 to 5	2 to 5
Power Banks/Circuit Breakers	All Floors	5 to 10	5 to 10
Obsolete Chemicals	All Floors	Two 55-gallon drums	Five 5-gallon buckets
Flammable Wastes	All Floors	Four 55-gallon drums	Three 5-gallon buckets
Bird Guano	Top Three Floors	7,000 square feet	7,000 square feet
Lead Paint	All Floors	All Painted Surfaces	All Painted Surfaces
275-Gallon AST	Basement	0	1



### 7. QUALITY ANALYSIS/QUALITY CONTROL

The contracted laboratory, Absolute Resource Associates of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, provided Level II analytical data according to EPA protocols, EPA laboratory data validation guidance, and the SSQAPP. The laboratories provided the following information in analytical reports:

- Data results sheets
- Method blank results
- Surrogate recoveries and acceptance limits
- Duplicate results/acceptance limits
- Spike/duplicate results/acceptance limits
- Laboratory control sample results
- Description of analytical methods and results
- Other pertinent results/limits as deemed appropriate

As outlined in the SSQAPP, at the completion of the field tasks and upon receipt of the analytical results, a data usability analysis was conducted to document the precision, bias, accuracy, representativeness, comparability, and completeness of the results. The following sections present this analysis.

#### 7.1 PRECISION

Precision measures the reproducibility of measurements. The precision measurement is established using the relative percent difference (RPD) between the sample and duplicate results. Relative percent differences were calculated for soil samples where both sample and duplicate values were greater than five times (5X) the PQL of the analyte. The RPD is calculated as follows:

 $RPD = (Sample Result - Duplicate Result) \times 100$ Mean of the Two Results

The following two (2) duplicate samples were collected during this Phase II ESA:

- SS-DUP (duplicate soil sample collected at surficial soil sample location SS-1 from 0 to 1 feet bgs)
- BM-DUP (duplicate bulk product sample collected at bulk product sample location BM-1)

**Table 8** summarizes the duplicate sample results and RPDs.

Sample SS-DUP was submitted for laboratory analysis of VOCs, RCRA 8 metals, and PAHs. No VOC analytes were detected in the sample or duplicate sample; therefore, RPDs were not calculated for these samples.



RPDs for barium, lead, and mercury in these samples ranged from 5.1% to 12.7%, which were within the acceptable limit of 35%. The RPD for arsenic in these samples was 67.6%. Although this RPD is greater than the acceptable limit of 35%, the concentration of both samples falls within the statewide background concentration. Additionally, the concentrations of lead in the same samples exceeded the NHDES SRS; therefore, the material will have to be managed in accordance with the NHDES Contaminated Site Management Rules regardless of the level of arsenic. As such, it is not anticipated that this high RPD will affect the recommendations contained within this report.

All PAH analytes were non-detect or less than 5X the laboratory PQL in the sample; therefore, RPDs were not calculated for these samples.

Sample BM-DUP was submitted for laboratory analysis of PCBs. All PCB aroclors were nondetect or were less than 5X the laboratory PQL in the sample or duplicate sample; therefore, RPDs were not calculated for these samples.

#### **7.2 BIAS**

Bias is the systematic or persistent distortion of a measurement process that causes errors in one direction. Bias assessments are made using personnel, equipment, and spiking materials or reference materials as independent as possible from those used in the calibration of the measurement system. Bias assessments were based on the analysis of spiked samples so that the effect of the matrix on recovery is incorporated into the assessment. A documented spiking protocol and consistency in following that protocol are important in obtaining meaningful data quality estimates.

Matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate samples (MS/MSD) were used to assess bias as prescribed in the specified methods. Acceptable recovery values were within the recoveries specified by each of the analysis methods. Control samples for assessing bias were analyzed at a rate as specified in the analytical SOPs and specified analytical methods.

The laboratory provides quality control non-conformance reports that indicate if Laboratory Control Samples/Laboratory Control Sample Duplicates (LCS/LCSD) and/or MS/MSD had low, failing, or high recoveries, and if the sample result was affected. Likewise, the laboratory reports any compounds that had failing RPDs in the LCS/LCSD pair or the MS/MSD pair. This indicates the percent difference between the laboratory sample and its duplicate or the spike and its duplicate. According to the laboratory, unless noted in the non-conformance summary, all of the quality control criteria for these analyses were within acceptable limits. Specific comments from the laboratory included:

#### **VOCs**

Sample 21283-002 and -003 (SS-2) did not meet the acceptance criteria for the extraction surrogate a,a,a-trifluorotoluene. This is likely a result of high moisture content in the sample.



#### **PCBs**

The percent recovery for the surrogate, decachlorobiphenyl, for 21283-008 (BM-2) was outside the acceptance criteria. Matrix interference is suspected. No additional sample remained for re-analysis.

The percent recovery for the surrogate, decachlorobiphenyl, for 21283-012 (FS-2) was outside the acceptance criteria. Re-analysis of the sample showed similar results. Matrix interference is suspected.

#### 7.3 ACCURACY

Accuracy is a statistical measurement of correctness and includes components of random error (variability due to imprecision) and systemic error. It, therefore, reflects the total error associated with a measurement. A measurement is accurate when the value reported does not differ from the true value or known concentration of the spike or standard. For VOCs and PAHs, surrogate compound recoveries are also used to assess accuracy and method performance for each sample analyzed. Analysis of performance evaluation samples are also used to provide additional information for assessing the accuracy of the analytical data being produced. Both accuracy and precision are calculated for each analytical batch, and the associated sample results are interpreted by considering these specific measurements.

The lab provides a non-conformance summary that reports if all of the quality control criteria including initial calibration, calibration verification, surrogate recovery, holding time and method accuracy/precision for analysis were within acceptable limits. According to the laboratory, unless noted in the non-conformance summary, all of the quality control criteria for these analyses were within acceptable limits. Specific comments from the laboratory included:

#### <u>VOCs</u>

The MLCS/D4089 did not meet the acceptance criteria for dichlorodifluoromethane and 2,2dichloropropane. These compounds are known to be problematic in the method. The MLCS/D4089 did not meet the acceptance criteria for t-butanol (TBA) and 1,4-dioxane. These compounds showed high recovery. There is no impact to the data as these analytes were not detected in the associated samples.

#### <u>Mercury</u>

The relative percent difference between the LCS and LCSD4105 was outside the acceptance criteria for mercury. The percent recovery for this element in each QC parameter was within the acceptance criteria. No impact to the data suspected.



#### 7.4 REPRESENTATIVENESS

Objectives for representativeness are defined for each sampling and analysis task and are a function of the investigative objectives. Representativeness was accomplished during this project through use of standard field, sampling, and analytical procedures.

All objectives for sampling and analytical representativeness for samples that were analyzed, as specified in the SSQAPP Addendum, were met.

#### 7.5 COMPARABILITY

Comparability is the confidence with which one data set can be compared to another data set. The objective for this QA/QC program is to produce data with the greatest possible degree of comparability. Comparability was achieved by using standard methods for sampling and analysis, reporting data in standard units, normalizing results to standard conditions and using standard and comprehensive reporting formats. Complete field documentation was used, including standardized data collection forms to support the assessment of comparability. Historical comparability shall be achieved through consistent use of methods and documentation procedures throughout the project.

#### 7.6 COMPLETENESS

Completeness is calculated by comparing the number of samples successfully analyzed to the number of samples collected. The goal for completeness is 95 percent. The completeness for this project was 100 percent, as there were no samples that could not be analyzed due to holding time violations, samples spilled or broken, or any other reason.



### 8. CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

This Phase II ESA was designed to provide further understanding of the contaminants at the subject property and to aid in changing the subject property use from industrial to recreational. The following section is a description of the Conceptual Site Model (CSM), which incorporates information from this investigation.

#### 8.1 SITE GROUNDWATER AND HYDROGEOLOGY

Due to exposed bedrock occupying most of the subject property, groundwater analysis was not conducted during this Phase II ESA. Although the localized topography slopes in two directions, it is likely that groundwater flows in a southerly direction towards the Newfound River. It should be noted that local groundwater flow can be highly varied due to precipitation events, stormwater runoff, infiltration/recharge, the presence of subsurface structures and utilities, and varying subsurface hydrogeologic conditions.

#### 8.2 SURFACE WATER FLOW

Topography at the subject property generally slopes in two directions. The north side of the subject property slopes to the southeast, parallel to Central Street. The east and west sides of the subject property slope to the southwest toward the Newfound River. The building has a flat roof and occupies the majority of the subject property. Roof drains were not identified, so it is assumed that stormwater intercepted by the roof once flowed radially in each direction and onto the ground, and then followed the existing topography. Currently, the roof has partially collapsed and allows stormwater from the roof to fall into the building. Stormwater likely makes its way to the basement of the building where it is assumed that it discharges to the floor drain, the subsurface beneath the building, or directly to the Newfound River.

#### 8.3 GEOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 8.3.1 Surficial Geology

According to the *Geohydrology, Yield, and Water Quality Data of Stratified-Drift Aquifers in the Pemigewasset River Basin, Central New Hampshire*, United States Geological Survey (USGS), Water-Resources Investigations Report 94-4083, by John E. Cotton and Joseph R. Olimpio (1996), the surficial geology at the subject property consists of glacial till over bedrock, generally less than 30 feet thick. Surficial materials observed at the subject property during the soil sampling activities revealed predominantly dark brown fine sand with traces of gravel on the outside of the building. Surficial materials inside the building consisted of a thin  $(1"\pm)$  layer of sediment over bedrock accumulated around the floor drains. The remaining portion of the basement consisted of bedrock and concrete floor.

#### 8.3.2 Bedrock Geology

According to the *Generalized Bedrock Geologic Map of New Hampshire* compiled by the USGS, the subject property is underlain by sharply interbedded quartzites, light-gray non-graphitic



metapelite, and fast-graded meta-turbidites of the lower to middle Silurian age. According to the USGS, the average depth to bedrock is 30 feet below ground surface (bgs), but can be up to 200-feet bgs in localized areas. However, exposed bedrock was observed in the basement of the building during the site reconnaissance.

#### 8.4 CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN

The contaminants of concern discussed in this CSM are those compounds that (1) are associated with historic use of the subject property, and/or (2) were detected above applicable regulatory standards. Based on this, the contaminants of concern at the subject property include the following:

- Arsenic concentrations exceeding the applicable NHDES SRS were detected in surficial soil inside the building. These arsenic concentrations may be the result of spilled hazardous materials at the subject property, other industrial activities at the subject property, or may be the result of a background condition. The NHDES does not regulate soil containing arsenic associated with a background condition. However, the detected arsenic concentrations, which range from 14 to 17 mg/kg, exceed the risk-based SRS of 11 mg/kg.
- Lead concentrations exceeding the applicable NHDES SRS were detected in both interior and exterior soils at the subject property. These lead concentrations may be the result of spilled petroleum and/or hazardous substances. Alternatively, the detected lead concentrations may be associated with degraded lead-based paint both inside and outside of the building migrating to the soil below, or may be associated with the deposition of coal, coal ash, or wood ash. The NHDES does not regulate soil containing lead solely due the presence of the alternative sources listed above. The concentrations at which lead was detected exceeds the risk-based SRS of 400 mg/kg.
- Multiple PAH compounds including benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, and benzo(a)pyrene were detected in both interior and exterior surficial soils. The presence of low level PAHs in all samples analyzed for PAHs suggests that they could be the result of spilled petroleum products, ash from the coal stove, or background conditions unrelated to subject property activities. Although the NHDES does not regulate soil containing PAHs associated with deposition of coal, coal ash, or wood ash (i.e. background conditions), these contaminants exceed their respective risk-based SRSs.
- Asbestos containing building materials and lead-based paint were identified in excess of applicable regulatory limits within the subject property buildings.
- Mold and bird guano present in the building represent a potential health concern to subject property workers and users.

To aid in a thorough understanding of the environmental concerns present at the subject property, a graphical presentation of the identified contaminants of concern and the migration pathways to potential receptors is included as **Figure 4**. Exposure Pathways and Potential Receptors depicted on the CSM are defined below.



Exposure Pathways describe how a human or environmental receptor comes into contact with contaminants which may be present at the subject property. Exposure pathways presented in the CSM include the following:

Inhalation:	This pathway is primarily associated with groundwater contamination within 30 feet of an occupied structure when groundwater elevation is less than 15 feet below surface grade, or when depth to groundwater is unknown. This pathway is applicable when receptors may inhale impacted media in the form of vapor.
Dermal Absorption:	Exposure via dermal absorption occurs when receptors are exposed to chemical concentrations present in soil, groundwater, or surface water through direct contact with the skin.
Active Ingestion:	The Active Ingestion pathway represents exposure which may occur through the active ingestion of contaminant

agricultural products. Incidental Uptake: This pathway is applicable when receptors may incidentally ingest impacted media in the form of dust or airborne particulates.

concentrations via a drinking water supply well or through

Potential Receptors are categorized by duration of exposure and intensity of use at the subject property. The receptor categories described in the CSM include the following:

Resident:	The residential receptor is defined by high durational exposure and high intensity usage which may occur through gardening, digging, and recreational sports. This group includes the occupants of a residential property or a residential neighborhood.
Commercial:	Commercial receptors are those which are present at the subject property for long durations but with low intensity exposure such as indoor office workers.
Site Worker:	Site workers are present at the subject property for short durations though intensity of use is high, such as during non-routine activities including construction or utility work. Examples include outdoor commercial workers and construction workers.
Visitor:	Visitors are characterized by low duration, i.e. less than two hours per day, and low intensity usage such as that which would occur during activities such as walking, shopping, and bird watching.



Terrestrial andThese receptors include flora and fauna which may be exposed to<br/>contaminants in their respective land-based or aquatic<br/>environments.

#### Summary:

Based on known subject property history, PAHs and arsenic have the potential to have been released to the environment through surficial releases associated with previous subject property usage, , or have the potential to be consistent with background conditions. Lead has the potential to have been released to the environment through surficial releases associated with subject property usage, degraded paint, and deposition of coal, coal ash, or wood ash. Primary impacted media includes surficial soil. PAHs, arsenic, and lead in surficial soils have the potential to migrate through Aeolian dispersion or groundwater flow and impact both on-site and off-site receptors. No evidence of the migration of PAHs, arsenic, and/or lead to groundwater was identified during these Phase II ESA activities. PAHs, lead, and arsenic have the potential to impact site worker, visitor, and terrestrial biota receptors on-site; and residential, commercial, and aquatic biota off-site.

Asbestos and lead-based paint have the potential to be released to the environment through degradation of building materials. Asbestos has the potential to affect indoor air and impact residential, commercial, site worker, and visitor receptors. Lead-based paint has the potential to affect indoor spaces and surficial soils and has the potential to migrate through pedestrian and Aeolian dispersion and stormwater runoff. Lead-based paint has the potential to impact all six receptors both on-site and off-site.

Mold and bird guano have the potential to affect indoor air and impact residential, commercial, site worker, and visitor receptors.



### 9. DEVIATIONS

The following deviations were made from the SSQAPP Addendum (see **Appendix A**) during the course of the investigation:

 Surficial soil sample SS-4 was not able to be collected due to the lack of soil on top of the bedrock/concrete basement floor, which is a deviation because it was proposed to be collected at the base of the elevator shaft. However, to account for this, TPH and PCB analysis, which was proposed for sample SS-4, was instead performed on sample SS-3. This location was chosen because it is immediately downgradient of the proposed SS-4 location. Due to the close proximity of SS-3 and SS-4, any past release from the elevator equipment would have likely impacted the material collected in sample SS-3 as well. Therefore, it is Credere's professional opinion that this deviation does not represent a data gap.



### **10. DATA GAPS**

The lack of information regarding the floor drain outlet location represents a data gap. Although it is likely that the floor drains outlet directly to the Newfound River, this could not be confirmed based on the information obtained during the dye testing activities, thus representing a data gap. Additional investigation of the floor drains is warranted following demolition of the building to determine the outlet location and to assess the environmental conditions at the outlet location.



### **11. CONCLUSIONS**

A summary of our conclusions in relation to the identified RECs, other environmental concerns, and the investigation results are presented below:

- REC-1, which was associated with the former industrial use of the subject property, was <u>confirmed</u> because lead, arsenic, and various PAHs were detected in collected surficial soil samples at concentrations that exceeded the NHDES SRS.
- REC-2, which was associated with the former use of the adjacent property as a printing press, was <u>dismissed</u> because no evidence of contamination associated with the former printing press was observed in surficial soil sample SS-5.
- REC-3, which was associated with potential past discharges of oil and/or hazardous substances to the floor drains, which may have impacted on-site environmental conditions, is <u>inconclusive</u>. Although the results of the Phase II ESA activities suggest that the floor drains outlet directly to the Newfound River, this could not be confirmed based on the information collected. The possibility remains that the floor drains outlet to a subsurface location.
- REC-4, which was associated with the former elevator in the subject property building, was <u>dismissed</u> because laboratory analysis indicated that PCB and TPH concentrations were not detected above the laboratory PQL in surficial soil sample SS-3, which was located immediately downgradient of the elevator shaft.
- REC-5, which was associated with potential soil contamination from degraded lead-based paint on the exterior of the subject property building, was <u>confirmed</u>. Lead screening of the exterior building surfaces indicated the presence of lead-based paint and lead concentrations that exceeded the NHDES SRS were detected in surficial soil samples collected from directly adjacent to the exterior of the building.
- REC-6, which was associated with the imminent threat of release from the unsecured 5gallon buckets of waste oil in the basement, was not addressed with sampling because there was no evidence of a past release from the containers. However, Credere recommends the above-mentioned material be consolidated and removed from the building.
- REC-7, which was associated with the presence of unknown staining on the floors of the subject property building, was <u>dismissed</u> because laboratory analysis of collected samples of the stained floor indicated that no PCB concentrations were detected above 1 mg/kg.
- NEC-1, which was associated with the presence of ACMs in the subject property building, was <u>confirmed</u> by previous investigations.
- NEC-2, which was associated with the presence of lead-based paint on the interior of the subject property building, was <u>confirmed</u> by previous investigations. Additional lead screening by Credere identified lead-based paint on the exterior of the building as well.



- NEC-3, which was associated with PCB-containing bulk products within the subject property building, has been <u>dismissed</u> because no regulated concentrations of PCBs were identified in the sampled building materials.
- NEC-4, which was associated with the possible presence of mold in the subject property building, was presumptively <u>confirmed</u> based on visual observations.
- NEC-5, which was associated with the presence of bird guano in the subject property building, was presumptively <u>confirmed</u> based on visual observations.
- The previously conducted Pre-Demolition/Renovation Hazardous Building Materials Survey prepared by GZA in November 2001, was updated by Credere on April 12, 2011. The six (6) 55-gallon drums of obsolete chemicals and flammable waste and a portion of the fluorescent lamps and ballasts have been removed since the 2001 inventory was conducted. The remaining materials identified in the inventory are still present in the building.
- The ash pile observed in the basement during Phase II ESA activities represents a potential source of PAHs that exceed the NHDES SRS and may represent a health risk to subject property workers and users.



### **12. RECOMMENDATIONS**

Based on observations and results of the investigation conducted at the Mica Factory property, Credere makes the following recommendations for the subject property:

- The three (3) unsecured 5-gallon containers of waste oil in the northeast corner of the basement should be removed and disposed in accordance with applicable state and federal regulations.
- Additional assessment is necessary to confirm or dismiss the REC associated with the floor drains. It is recommended that the floor drains be sealed prior to demolition of the building. Following demolition, the floor drains should be excavated to determine the outlet location. If a break in the floor drain line or a subsurface outlet location is identified, the soil and groundwater in the vicinity of the outlet should be assessed for petroleum and hazardous substances following demolition of the building.
- If the building is to be renovated or demolished, removal of all identified ACMs should be performed by a licensed asbestos abatement professional in accordance with all applicable state and federal regulations.
- If the building is to be renovated or demolished, activities that pertain to lead-based paint should be conducted in accordance with the applicable state and federal regulations.
- If the building is to be renovated, a mold survey should be conducted to identify the presence of hazardous molds within the building, which, if present, should be properly managed. Conversely, if the building is to be razed, demolition activities should be conducted in such a manner as to protect human health from potential mold hazards.
- Bird guano identified within the building should be disposed in accordance with all applicable state and federal regulations prior to renovation or demolition of the building to protect human health from potential bird guano hazards.
- Universal and hazardous waste identified within the building should be removed and disposed in accordance with all applicable state and federal regulations.
- Contaminated soil and ash was identified at the subject property. Although the detected concentrations of PAHs, lead, and arsenic may be the result of background or other conditions that would not be regulated by the NHDES, they do exceed the applicable SRSs and represent a potential health risk. As such, Credere recommends that a remedial action plan be implemented to address this impacted media. Additional assessment of off-site soils in the vicinity of the subject property is also recommended to determine if the arsenic concentrations are consistent with background conditions, or are a result of subject property activities.



### **13. SIGNATURES OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROFESSIONALS**

The following Environmental Professionals performed this Phase II ESA in conformance with ASTM Standard Guide E 1903-97 (reapproved 2002). The following individual(s) meet the qualifications for individuals completing or overseeing all appropriate inquiries, and possess sufficient specific education, training, and experience necessary to exercise professional judgment to develop opinions and conclusions regarding the existence of environmental conditions on the subject property. Any work completed on this Phase II ESA by an individual who is not considered an environmental professional was completed under the supervision or responsible charge of the environmental professional.

Silas Canavan, P.E. Civil/Environmental Engineer

Richard S. Vandenberg, PG Senior Geologist

Jedd Steinglass Senior Geologist



CREDERE ASSOCIATES, LLC

### 14. LIMITATIONS

This report has been prepared as part of a contract agreement between Credere Associates, LLC and LRPC for their Brownfields program. This agreement was established in order to provide LRPC with information upon which it can rely concerning the existence or likely existence of various environmental contaminants on or adjacent to the subject property.

This report does not reflect:

- 1. Conditions in untested areas.
- 2. Variations in chemical concentrations that can occur between sample locations.
- 3. The total understanding of potential influences of off-site areas or historical uses that may have contributed or currently contribute to subject property contamination, particularly relating to groundwater and subsurface soil conditions. The limited evaluation of off-site contamination sources was based on available data and records.
- 4. The potential presence of compound sources was based on available data and records.
- 5. The potential presence of analytes that were not analyzed for or that may be present below minimum Practical Quantification Limits for the methods tested.
- 6. The conditions of groundwater and/or surface water beyond available data.
- 7. Variation in the subject property conditions that occurred at a time other than when the subject property inspection was completed.

In the event that any conditions different from those described herein are encountered at a later time, Credere Associates, LLC requests an opportunity to review such differences and modify the assessment and conclusions of this report. This report was prepared expressly for the purpose described. The information in this report may not be suitable for any other use without adaptation for the specific purpose intended. Any such reuse of this report, without adaptation, shall be at the sole risk and liability of the party undertaking the reuse.



## TABLES

Table 1	
Table 2	Summary of Photoionization Detector Field Screening Results
Table 3	Summary of X-Ray Fluorescence Field Screening Results for RCRA 8 Metals
Table 4	Summary of Analytical Results for Surficial Soil Samples
Table 5	Summary of Analytical Results for Potential PCB Remediation Waste Samples
Table 6	Summary of Analytical Results for Potential PCB Bulk Product Waste Samples
Table 7	Lead-Based Paint Survey Results
Table 8	


# TABLE 1 FORMER MICA FACTORY PROPERTY 8 CENTRAL STREET - BRISTOL, NEW HAMPSHIRE NHDES #200105002

# SUMMARY OF EXPLORATION LOCATIONS AND SAMPLING METHODS

Location Name	Sample Depth (inches bgs)	Media Sampled	Type of Exploration	Sampling Method
SS-1	0-12	Surficial Soil	Surficial Soil Sample	Pre-cleaned Trowel
SS-2	0-1	Surficial Soil	Surficial Soil Sample	Pre-cleaned Trowel
SS-3	0-1	Surficial Soil	Surficial Soil Sample	Pre-cleaned Trowel
SS-4		Could not be samp	led (no soil on top of concrete/bedrock	iloor)
SS-5	0-12	Surficial Soil	Surficial Soil Sample	Pre-cleaned Trowel
BM-1	NA	Paint	Bulk Material Sample	Pre-cleaned Scraper
BM-2	NA	Paint	Bulk Material Sample	Pre-cleaned Scraper
BM-3	NA	Paint	Bulk Material Sample	Pre-cleaned Scraper
FS-1	0-0.5	Wood	Wood Floor Sample	Pre-Cleaned Drill Bit
FS-2	0-0.5	Wood	Wood Floor Sample	Pre-Cleaned Drill Bit
FS-3	0-0.5	Wood	Wood Floor Sample	Pre-Cleaned Drill Bit
FS-4	0-0.5	Wood	Wood Floor Sample	Pre-cleaned Drill Bit
Lead-Based Paint Screening Locations (1 through 17)	NA	Exterior Paint	X-Ray Fluorescent Meter Reading	Calibrated X-Ray Fluorescent Meter
Notes: bgs - below ground surface				

# TABLE 2 FORMER MICA FACTORY PROPERTY 8 CENTRAL STREET - BRISTOL, NEW HAMPSHIRE NHDES #200105002

## SUMMARY OF PHOTOIONIZATION DETECTOR FIELD SCREENING RESULTS

Location	Sample Depth (inches bgs)	Sample Date	PID Results (ppmv)	Evidence of Petroleum Impact or Petroleum Saturated Soils
Surficial Soil Samples				
SS-1	0-12	4/12/2011	ND	No Evidence Observed
SS-2	0-1	4/12/2011	ND	No Evidence Observed
SS-3	0-1	4/12/2011	ND	No Evidence Observed
SS-5	0-12	4/12/2011	ND	No Evidence Observed
Notos				

Notes:

Sample SS-4 could not be sampled (no soil on top of concrete/bedrock floor)

Samples were field screened using a Thermo OVM 580B PID; the PID was calibrated using 100 ppm isobutylene and a response factor of 1.0.

ND - VOCs not detected with PID

bgs - below ground surface

ppmv - parts per million by volume

TABLE 3 FORMER MICA FACTORY PROPERTY 8 CENTRAL STREET - BRISTOL, NEW HAMPSHIRE NHDES #200105002 SUMMARY OF X-RAY FLUORESCENT FIELD SCREENING RESULTS FOR RCRA 8 METALS										
NHDES Soil Remediation Standard and Metal Co					I Concent	ration (mg	g/kg)			
Location	Sample Depth (inches bgs)	Sample Date	Cr	As	Se	Ag	Cd	Ва	Hg	Pb
			130	11	180	89	33	1,000	6	400
Surficial Soil Samples										
SS-1	0-12	4/12/2011	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>718</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>718</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>718</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>718</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>718</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>718</td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>718</td></lod<>	718
SS-2	0-1	4/12/2011	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>5</td><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>14</td><td>1,083</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>5</td><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>14</td><td>1,083</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	5	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>14</td><td>1,083</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>14</td><td>1,083</td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>14</td><td>1,083</td></lod<>	14	1,083
SS-3	0-1	4/12/2011	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>29</td><td>1,512</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>29</td><td>1,512</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>29</td><td>1,512</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>29</td><td>1,512</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>29</td><td>1,512</td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>29</td><td>1,512</td></lod<>	29	1,512
SS-5	0-12	4/12/2011	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>17</td><td>1,311</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>17</td><td>1,311</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>17</td><td>1,311</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>17</td><td>1,311</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>17</td><td>1,311</td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>17</td><td>1,311</td></lod<>	17	1,311
NOTES: Sample SS-4 could not be sampled (no <lod -="" concentration="" instrum<br="" less="" than="">Exceeds NHDES Soil Remediation Stat bgs - below ground surface</lod>	soil on top of concre nent level of detectior ndards	te/bedrock floor)								

# TABLE 4 FORMER MICA FACTORY PROPERTY 8 CENTRAL STREET - BRISTOL, NEW HAMPSHIRE NHDES #200105002

#### SUMMARY OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SURFICIAL SOIL SAMPLES

	Regulatory Standard	Subsurfac	e Soil Sample Loc	ation, Date, and D	epth (feet)
Parameter	Soil	SS-1	SS-2	SS-3	SS-5
	Remediation <sup>(2)</sup>	4/12/2011	4/12/2011	4/12/2011	4/12/2011
	(mg/kg)	0-12"	0-1"	0-1"	0-12"
Volatile Organic Compounds (mg/kg)	EPA Method 826	0B <sup>(1)</sup>			
All Volatile Organic Compounds	Varies	ND	ND	ND	ND
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (mg/kg	3) EPA Method 81	DOM	1	ND 770	
I otal Petroleum Hydrocarbons	10,000			ND<110	
Metals (mg/kg) EPA Method 6010C					
Arsenic	11	9.4	14	17	7.3
Barium	1,000	84	580	1,000	250
Cadmium	33	0.6	4.5	6.0	0.8
Chromium	130*	10	28	43	22
Lead	400	810	5,500	8,400	3,100
Mercury (inorganic)	6	0.87	1.1	2.0	ND<0.12
Selenium	180	ND<3	ND<7	ND<10	ND<4
Silver	89	ND<0.4	ND<0.9	ND<1.4	ND<0.5
Delvovelia Aromatia Hydrocarbons (n	a (ka) EBA Motho	d 9370D <sup>(1)</sup>			
Polycyclic Arollatic nyurocarbons (in			ND <1.5	54	
	1 000	1.0 ND-06			
Eluoranthana	960	ND<0.0		ND<1.9	
	720	2.5		6.0	ND>1.0
Pyrene Ronzolalanthracene	1	2.0		32	ND>1.0
Chrysona	120	1.4		4.1	ND>1.0
Renzo[h]fluoranthene		0.9		2.6	ND>1.0
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	12	1 3	ND<1.5	2.5	ND>1.0
Benzo[a]pyrene	0.7	1.3	ND<1.5	3.1	ND>1.0
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	1	0.7	ND<1.5	ND<1.9	ND>1 0
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.7	ND<0.6	ND<1.5	ND<1.9	ND>1.0
Benzo(a.h.i)pervlene	960	0.7	ND<1.5	ND<1.9	ND>1.0
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (mg/kg) EF	A Method 8082 <sup>(1)</sup>				
All Aroclors	1			ND<0.6	ND<0.3

NOTES:

Sample SS-4 could not be sampled (no soil on top of concrete/bedrock floor)

<sup>(1)</sup> Only analytes identified above detection limit are summarized .

<sup>2)</sup> New Hampshire Soil Remediation Standards from the Risk Characterization Management Policy Env-Or 606.19, Soil Remediation Criteria.

\* = The regulatory threshold for chromium VI was used because it is the most stringent standard for chromium.

ND<0.2 = Not detected above quantitation limit (i.e. 0.2 mg/kg)

-- = Intentionally not sampled

Bold Exceeds laboratory quantitation limit

\_aboratory quantitation limit exceeds regulatory standard

Exceeds NH DES Soil Remediation Standards.

TABLE 5 FORMER MICA FACTORY PROPERTY 8 CENTRAL STREET - BRISTOL, NEW HAMPSHIRE NHDES #200105002 SUMMARY OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR POTENTIAL PCB REMEDIATION WASTE SAMPLES								
	Regulatory Standard							
	DOD	FS-1	FS-2	FS-3	FS-4			
Parameter	PCB Remediation	4/12/2011	4/12/2011	4/12/2011	4/12/2011			
		Stained Wood	Stained Wood	Stained Wood	Stained Wood			
	(ma/ka)	Floor on 2nd	Floor on 2nd	Floor on 2nd	Floor on 3rd			
	(iiig/kg)	Story	Story	Story	Story			
<sup>(1)</sup> Polychlorinated I	Biphenyls (mg/	kg) EPA Metho	d 8082					
Aroclor 1254	-	ND<0.2	0.2	ND<0.2	ND<0.2			
TOTAL PCBs	1	ND	0.2	ND	ND			
NOTES:								
<sup>(1)</sup> Only those PCB aroclors identified above detection limit are summarized.								
<sup>27</sup> 40 CFR 761.3 BCB = Delvehloringtod histopyl								
ND<0.1 = Not detected a	above quantitation	imit (i.e. 0.1 ma/ka)						
Bold = Exceeds laborate	ory quantitation limi	t						
Exceeds Federal Regula	atory Standard							

	TABLE 6								
FC	ORMER MIC	A FACTORY	PROPERTY						
8 CENTR	AL STREET	- BRISTOL,	<b>NEW HAMP</b>	SHIRE					
	NHDES #200105002								
SUMMARY OF		AL RESULT	S FOR POTE	INTIAL PCB					
	BULK PF	RODUCT SAI	MPLES						
Regulatory         Building Materials Sample Identification           Standard         Number, Date, and Description									
		BM-1	BM-2	BM-3					
Parameter	PCB Bulk Product	4/12/2011	4/12/2011	4/12/2011					
	Waste <sup>(2)</sup> (mg/kg)	Interior White Paint at Entrance	Red Paint on Main Door	White Paint on Main Door					
<sup>(1)</sup> Polychlorinated I	Biphenyls (mg/	kg) EPA Metho	d 8082						
Aroclor 1254	-	0.4	ND<0.4	ND<0.2					
TOTAL PCBs	50	0.4	ND	ND					
NOTES: <sup>(1)</sup> Only those PCB aroclors identified above detection limit are summarized. <sup>(2)</sup> 40 CFR 761.3 PCB = Polychlorinated biphenyl ND<0.1 = Not detected above quantitation limit (i.e. 0.1 mg/kg) Bold = Exceeds laboratory quantitation limit									
Exceeds Federal Regula	atory Standard								

# TABLE 7FORMER MICA FACTORY PROPERTY8 CENTRAL STREET - BRISTOL, NEW HAMPSHIRENHDES #200105002

## LEAD-BASED PAINT SURVEY RESULTS

Reading No.	XRF Meter Mode	Pass Fail Standard	Lead Concentration (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	+/-	Building Side	Component	Color
1	Standarization	Negative	0	0			
2	Standarization	Positive	1.01	0.05			
3	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	5	0.57	North	Wall	Grey
4	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	2.99	0.23	North	Wall	Grey
5	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	5	0.44	North	Wall	Grey
6	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	5	0.43	West	Wall	Grey
7	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	5	0.61	West	Wall	Grey
8	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	5	0.53	West	Wall	Grey
9	Lead Paint Inspection	Negative	0.02	0.03	West	Window Cover	White
10	Lead Paint Inspection	Negative	0.13	0.04	West	Window Cover	White
11	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	5	0.62	East	Wall	Grey
12	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	3.55	0.45	Entrance	Wall	White
13	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	4.2	0.38	Entrance	Black	Trim
14	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	3.21	0.31	Entrance	Wall	White
15	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	4.09	0.4	Entrance	Wall	White
16	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	5	0.64	Entrance	Door	Red
17	Lead Paint Inspection	Positive	4.03	0.32	South	Wall	Grey
NOTES: See Figure XRF = X-R All readings +/- = Proba	3 for XRF reading location ay fluorescent s taken with an INNOV-X of ble variation	ns α-4000 XRF					

TABLE 8 FORMER MICA FACTORY PROPERTY 8 CENTRAL STREET - BRISTOL, NEW HAMPSHIRE NHDES #200105002										
SUMMARY OF DUPLICATE SAMPLE ANALYSES										
Parameter	NHDES Threshold <sup>(1)</sup>	Quantitation Limit (mg/kg) or (ug/L)	5x Quantitation Limit	Sample <sup>(2)</sup>	Duplicate	Relative Percent Difference				
VOCs										
SS-DUP, duplicate of SS-1										
		All parame	eters ND							
Metals										
SS-DUP, duplicate of SS-1	Γ		r		r					
Arsenic	11	0.6	3.0	9.4	19	67.6%				
Barium	1,000	3.0	15.0	84	74	12.7%				
Lead	400	0.6	3.0	810	770	5.1%				
Mercury	6	0.08	0.4	0.87	0.82	5.9%				
	All other pa	arameters ND or I	below 5X quantitatior	n limit						
PAHs										
DUP-SS; duplication of SS-1										
	All para	meters ND or bel	ow 5X quantitation lir	nit						
PCBs										
BM-DUP, Duplicate of BM-3										
	All other pa	arameters ND or	below 5X quantitatior	n limit						
NOTES:										
<sup>(1)</sup> New Hampshire Soil Remediation Star	ndards Env-Or 606.	19 or Env-Or 603.3	3 Ambient Groundwate	r Quality Standa	irds.					
<sup>(2)</sup> Only analytes above detection level an	d five times the qua	antitation limit are s	summarized herein.							
NA - Not applicable										
NC - RPD Not calculated due to results b	eing below five time	es the PQL								
ND - All analyte concentrations were belo	w the analytical me	ethod practical qua	ntitation limit		1					
Exceeds Relative Percent Difference qua	lity control limit of 3	35% for samples as	s specified in the Gener	ric QAPP						

# FIGURES

Figure 1	Site Location Map
Figure 2	Detailed Site Plan
Figure 3	Exterior Lead-Based Paint Screening Plan
Figure 4	Updated Conceptual Site Model





REDERE\10001087\Mica Building\dwg\Phase II Figures.dwg plot date: 5/18/2011 2:56 PM



CATCH ABOVE O 5-GAI ES ELEVA SC STAIRO FLOOR FLOOR FLOOR	H BASIN EGROUND STORAGE TANK LLON BUCKET TOR SHAFT 2. CASE CIAL SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION & SAMPLE LOCATION MATERIAL SAMPLE LOCATION & STAINING (2nd AND 3rd FLOORS)	APARTMENTS'" DATED JANUARY 14, 2004 BY CENTRAL LAND SURVEYING, INC. OF BRISTOL, NH, AND AUGUST 26, 2010 FIELD OVSERVATIONS. FLOOR SAMPLES WERE COLLECTED FROM STAINED FLOOR AREAS OBSERVED ON SECOND AND THIRD LEVELS OF THE BUILDING.
DRAWN BY: SWC DATE: 4/14/11	I	
CHECKED BY: RSV/JSS PROJECT: 10001087 CREDERE ASSOCIATES, LLC 776 MAIN STREET	SAMPL	FIGURE 2 E LOCATION PLAN
FAX: 207.887.1051 TEL: 207.828.1272 Environment WWW.CREDERELLC.COM	FORMER MICA FACTORY PROPERTY 8 CENTRAL STREET BRISTOL, NH NHDES #200105002	GRAPHIC SCALE 20 0 10 20 1 inch = 20 ft.

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POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS										
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	SITE	VISITOR	TERRESTRIAL	AQUATIC				
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	WORKER	VISITOR	BIOTA	BIOTA				
N			Х	Х						
BSORPTION	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х				
ESTION					Х	Х				
L UPTAKE	Х	Х	Х	Х						

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS										
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	SITE	VISITOR	TERRESTRIAL	AQUATIC				
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	WORKER	VISITOR	BIOTA	BIOTA				
			Х	Х						
ORPTION	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х				
STION					Х	Х				
UPTAKE	Х	Х	Х	Х						

	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	SITE	VISITOR	TERRESTRIAL	AQUATIC
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	WORKER	VISITOR	BIOTA	BIOTA
N			Х	Х		
BSORPTION			Х	Х	Х	Х
JESTION					Х	Х
L UPTAKE			X	X		

# FIGURE 4 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL (SHEET 1 OF 2)

Credere Associates, LLC

776 Main Street Westbrook, Maine 04092 Tel. (207) 828–1272

vironment

Fax (207) 887-1051

www.crederellc.com

FORMER MICA FACTORY PROPERTY 8 CENTRAL STREET BRISTOL, NH NHDES #200105002



POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS						
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	SITE	VISITOR	TERRESTRIAL	AQUATIC
N			WOKKEK		BIOTA	DIUTA
SORPTION						
ESTION						
L UPTAKE			Х	Х		

#### POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS

	DESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	SITE	VISITOR	TERRESTRIAL	AQUATIC
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	WORKER	VISITOR	BIOTA	BIOTA
N			Х	Х		
BSORPTION	Х	Х	Х	Х		
<b>ESTION</b>					Х	Х
L UPTAKE	Х	Х	Х	Х		

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS						
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	SITE	VISITOR	TERRESTRIAL	AQUATIC
	TESIDE: THE	COMMERCENTE	WORKER	101101	BIOTA	BIOTA
N			Х	Х		
BSORPTION						
ESTION						
L UPTAKE			X	Х		

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS						
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	SITE	VISITOR	TERRESTRIAL	AQUATIC
	RESIDENTINE	COMMERCENE	WORKER	, 1511 OK	BIOTA	BIOTA
N			Х	Х		
BSORPTION						
<b>ESTION</b>						
L UPTAKE			X	Х		

# FIGURE 4 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL (SHEET 2 OF 2)

FORMER MICA FACTORY PROPERTY 8 CENTRAL STREET BRISTOL, NH NHDES #200105002

# APPENDICES

Appendix A	Mica Factory Site-Specific Quality Assurance Project Plan Addendum
Appendix B	Photographs
Appendix C	
Appendix D	Laboratory Analytical Results
11	



APPENDIX A

# MICA FACTORY SITE-SPECIFIC QAPP ADDENDUM



Waste Management Division PO Box 95, 29 Hazen Drive Concord, NH 03302			
Image: Submittal (Check One-Most Applicable)         Image: Work Scope         Image: Reimbursement Request	<ul> <li>Remedial Action</li> <li>Remedial Action Plan</li> <li>Bid Plans and Specifications</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>□ UST Facility Report</li> <li>□ AST Facility Report</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Remedial Action Implementation Report</li> <li>Treatment System and POE O&amp;M</li> <li>Activity and Use Restriction</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Emergency/Initial Response Action</li> <li>Groundwater Quality Assessment</li> </ul>	Temporary Surface Water Discharge Permit		
<ul> <li>☐ Initial Site Characterization</li> <li>☐ Site Investigation</li> <li>• Site Investigation Report</li> <li>• Supplemental Site Investigation Report</li> <li>• GMZ Delineation</li> <li>• Source Area Investigation</li> <li>• Data Submittal</li> <li>• Annual Summary Report</li> <li>☑ Unsolicited Site-Specific Quality Assurance Project Plan Addendum</li> <li>☐ Closure Documentation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Groundwater Management Permit</li> <li>Permit Application</li> <li>Renewal Application</li> <li>Deed Recordation Documentation</li> <li>Abutter Notification Documentation</li> <li>Release of Recordation</li> <li>Data Submittal</li> <li>Annual Summary Report</li> </ul>		

## SITE SPECIFIC QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN ADDENDUM Mica Factory Property 8 (a.k.a. 5) Central Street Bristol, New Hampshire DES#200105002 Brownfields Grant #BF-96111801

Prepared For: Lakes Region Planning Commission 103 Main Street, Suite #3 Meredith, NH 03253 Phone: (603) 279-8171 Contact: Mr. Kimon Koulet

Prepared By: CREDERE ASSOCIATES, LLC 776 Main Street Westbrook, ME 04902 Phone: (207) 828-1272 ext. 35 Contact: Rip Patten, PE



March 7, 2011

Recommended Risk Category (check one)				
1. Immediate Human Health Risk (Impacted water supply well, etc.)	4. Surface Water Impact	7. Alternate Water Available/Low Level Groundwater Contamination (<1,000 X		
☐ 2. Potential Human Health Risk (Water supply well within 1,000' or Site	<ul> <li>5. No Alternate Water Available/No Existing Wells in Area</li> </ul>	AGQS) 8. No AGQS Violation/No Source Remaining		
within SWPA) 3. Free Product or Source Hazard	☐ 6. Alternate Water Available/High Level Groundwater Contamination (>1,000 X AGQS)			

#### 1. TITLE AND APPROVAL PAGE

#### SITE-SPECIFIC QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN ADDENDUM TO GENERIC QAPP RFA #08166 AND #09036

Mica Factory Property 8 (a.k.a. 5) Central Street Bristol, New Hampshire

#### Lakes Region Planning Commission's Brownfields Assessment Program USEPA Brownfields Grant # BF96111801 NHDES #200105002

Prepared By: Credere Associates, LLC 776 Main Street Westbrook, Maine 04092 (207) 828-1272

#### March 7, 2011

Below is a listing of the names, titles, signatures, and signature dates of officials approving this Site-Specific Quality Assurance Project Plan:

Ms. Jerry Minor-Gordon EPA Brownfields Project Officer

EPA Quality Assurance Officer

Mg. Jennifer Marts, PG New Hampshire DES Project Manager

ROBERTO -16 inicula: it

for Mr. Vincent R. Perelli New Hampshire DES QA Manager

Mr. Richard S. Vandenberg, PG Credere Associates, LLC Project QA Manager

G

Mr. Robert I Patten, PE, LEED-AP, LSP Credere Associates, LLC Project Manager

Date

1/2011 1/2011

3/14/1 Date

3/7/11

Date

3/7/11 Date

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# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.	TITLE AND APPROVAL PAGE1
2.	INTRODUCTION
3.	FINDINGS OF THE PHASE I ESA
3.1 3.2 3.3	Subject Property Description       4         Records Review And Interviews       4         Pertinent Observations       6
3.4 <b>4.</b>	POTENTIAL REDEVELOPMENT SCENARIO
5.	CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL
5.1 5.2	Site Setting
6.	SAMPLE DESIGN14
6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	Floor Drain Investigation16Surficial Soil Sample Collection And Laboratory Analysis16Stained Floorboard Sampling17Suspect Building Material Sampling17Lead-Based Paint Survey18Universal And/Or Hazardous Waste Survey Update18
7.	REGULATORY STANDARDS
8.	PROPOSED PROJECT SCHEDULE

# LIST OF FIGURES

- Figure 2Proposed Phase II Investigation Plan
- **Figure 3** Credere Organizational and Responsibility Chart
- Figure 4 Conceptual Site Model

# LIST OF TABLES

- **Table 1**Surficial Soil Sample Reference Table
- **Table 2**Hazardous Building Material Sample Reference Table



# 2. INTRODUCTION

The Lakes Region Planning Commission (LRPC) has received a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Brownfields Petroleum Assessment Grant to conduct environmental investigations at sites within the 30 member communities of the Lake Winnipesaukee Region. The investigations provide the basis for reuse planning specific to each site's community needs. The assessment of each site will include the completion of Phase I and Phase II reports, and may also potentially include the development of cleanup and reuse options for selected sites.

On behalf of LPRC's Brownfields Assessment Program, this document is a Site-Specific Quality Assurance Project Plan (SSQAPP) Addendum for the Mica Factory property located at 8 (a.k.a 5) Central Street in Bristol, New Hampshire (the subject property). **Figure 1** shows the general location of the subject property in Bristol and **Figure 2** is a plan showing the locations of proposed subject property investigation and sampling work.

This SSQAPP presents the following information:

- 1. A summary of the pertinent findings of the Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA)
- 2. The potential redevelopment scenario for the subject property
- 3. A conceptual site model
- 4. Credere's proposed sampling design including recommended sample locations, analytical methods, and schedule for a proposed subject property investigation
- 5. Regulatory standards applicable to the subject property
- 6. A proposed project schedule

This SSQAPP was prepared to be used in concert with Credere Associates, LLC's (Credere's) June 2008 Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) RFA #08166 and #09036 which was prepared for all of Credere's USEPA work in New Hampshire. The quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) procedures outlined in Credere's Generic QAPP will be followed for this investigation program including sample collection, handling, and analysis, chain of custody, data management and documentation, data validation, and data usability assessments. **Figure 3** shows the project organization chart for the project team.



# 3. FINDINGS OF THE PHASE I ESA

A Phase I ESA was completed by Credere for the subject property in November 2010. The following represents Credere's findings and recommendations from this report.

# 3.1 SUBJECT PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

The subject property is composed of one 0.07-acre parcel of land located at 8 (a.k.a. 5) Central Street in Bristol, New Hampshire at the intersection of Central Street and Spring Street. The subject property is located adjacent to the Newfound River and is occupied by one (1) vacant, four-story former mill building. The building has been vacant for at least 12 years. The subject property is referred to by the Town of Bristol as Map 114, Lot 123 and is currently owned by the Town of Bristol. The subject property is zoned Downtown Commercial (DC).

A lumber warehouse and a livery occupied the subject property prior to construction of the current building in 1894. After its initial construction, the building was used for shoe manufacturing. Following its use for shoe manufacturing, the building was used as a broom factory, then for approximately 60 years as a mica processing facility, and more recently used for retail and residential purposes.

The subject property is bound to the east by a vacant property (formerly a printing press), to the south by the Newfound River, to the west by a candy store and ice cream shop, and to the north by a fitness center and a residential property.

Potable water is provided to the subject property by the Bristol Public Works Department. According to representatives of the Bristol Public Works Department, all properties in the vicinity of the subject property are served by the public water supply. Wastewater from the subject property is currently discharged to the municipal sewer system. Electricity is provided to the subject property via overhead lines from Public Service of New Hampshire. Heat was originally provided by a wood fired steam system, but was later converted to an oil-fired heating system. One (1) 275-gallon heating oil aboveground storage tank (AST), which appeared to be empty, was observed in the basement of the building. This AST was likely used to service heating equipment which is no longer present in the building. Fill and vent pipes were observed entering the building through the eastern wall in the vicinity of the AST, but the pipes were not connected to the AST.

**Figure 1** locates the property on the Bristol, New Hampshire 7.5 minute quadrangle prepared by the United States Geological Survey (USGS).

## 3.2 RECORDS REVIEW AND INTERVIEWS

Based on information obtained from Credere's review of local, state, federal, and historic records, and Credere's interviews with subject property contacts and local officials, the following



summarizes the pertinent findings of the records review and interview portions of the Phase I ESA.

The earliest record found relating to the subject property was a Sanborn Fire Insurance Map dated 1884. This map depicts the subject property as developed with two connected buildings present. One building was identified as a lumber warehouse while the use of the other building was not identified. A Sanborn map dated 1892 indicates the use of the subject property was a lumber warehouse and a livery. Records from the Bristol Historical Society indicate that the current building was constructed for use as a shoe manufacturing company in 1892. A Sanborn map dated 1897 confirms the presence of a new building which is identified as the "Bristol Shoe Co." This map also depicts an elevator and chimney present in the same locations as observed during the Phase I site reconnaissance. The map indicated that the building was heated with a steam system fueled by wood, and the electric lighting was powered by water. A Sanborn map dated 1902 indicated that the shoe manufacturing company was closed. According to interviews, a broom factory occupied the subject property for a short period of time after the use as a shoe manufacturing facility. A Sanborn map dated 1912 indicated that the building was occupied by the Monarch-Standard Micamining Co., but that the factory was not in operation. Sanborn maps and deed records indicated that the building was occupied by General Electric Mica Works from 1918 until 1963. According to deed records, the subject property was purchased and sold numerous times between 1963 and 1998. A letter dated 1995 from the Town of Bristol to the owner of the subject property at the time described the building as being used for storage. The deed records and other historical records did not identify or provide any indication of other uses of the subject property during this time period. According to interviews, the subject property was used as a hardware store, residential apartments, and was vacant during this time period. According to town records, between 1998 and 2010 the subject property was not continuously occupied and only used for storage and the unsolicited dumping of construction material. In 2010, the Town of Bristol acquired the subject property through a tax deed process.

According to available information, the mica processing procedure previously employed at the subject property consisted of cleaning the crude crystals extracted from the mine, splitting the mica into usable sheets, and then removing flaws from the sheets with a sharp knife. At the time of operation of this mica processing facility, this procedure was accomplished by hand as there was no machine created to process the mica mechanically. Processed mica sheets were then cut, stamped, punched, or ground into usable media. Mechanical equipment was likely used for cutting, stamping, punching, and grinding during the time frame of operation of this mica processing facility.

The subject property is listed as an active Brownfields site [New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) #200105002].

On May 2, 2001, the subject property was determined to be eligible for Petroleum Brownfields funding. Subsequent investigations were conducted to characterize the subject property in 2001. These investigations included a Brownfields Quality Assurance Project Plan dated 2001 by GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. (GZA). GZA reported that the building was in poor structural



condition. Miscellaneous chemicals, paints, large deposits of bird guano, several debris piles, and building materials potentially containing lead, asbestos, and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) were observed throughout the building.

GZA conducted a Pre-Demolition/Renovation Hazardous Building Materials Survey at the subject property in November 2001 (included in the Phase I ESA **Appendix F**). The purpose of the survey was to identify asbestos-containing materials (ACMs), lead-based paints, and other building materials containing hazardous substances on the interior and exterior of the building. The survey results indicated that ACMs were identified in roofing materials and in floor tiles on the first floor of the building. Lead-based paint was also identified in paints throughout the interior of the structure. According to the report, no exterior paint samples were collected for analysis. Soil samples were also collected in the basement and outside of the building and analyzed only for asbestos. According to GZA, no asbestos was detected in the soil samples. The survey results also indicated the presence of other miscellaneous contaminants listed in the following table:

MATERIAL TYPE	LOCATION	APPROXIMATE QUANTITY
Fluorescent Lamps	All Floors	100 linear feet
Ballasts	All Floors	80
Mercury Switches	All Floors	2 to 5
Power Banks/Circuit Breakers	All Floors	5 to 10
Obsolete Chemicals	First Floor	Two 55-gallon drums
Flammable Wastes	First and Second Floors	Four 55-gallon drums
Bird Guano	Top Three Floors	7,000 square feet
Lead Paint	All Floors	All Painted Surfaces

On August 17, 2010, the subject property was again determined to be eligible for Brownfields funding, under which Credere's previous Phase I ESA was conducted.

## 3.3 PERTINENT OBSERVATIONS

#### 3.3.1 Exterior Observations Recorded by Credere on August 26, 2010

The subject property is a rectangular shaped parcel of land. One (1) four story wooden building with a flat roof and painted wooden clapboard siding occupies the majority of the subject property. Portions of the subject property not occupied by the building are narrow alleys between the buildings to the east and west. The south side of the building foundation acts as the edge of the Newfound River.

Two pipes were observed on the exterior southern wall of the building. One pipe was observed protruding from the basement wall. The use of this pipe is unknown. The other pipe was observed flush with the foundation wall. Although additional investigation is needed, this pipe may be the outlet for the floor drains noted inside the building.



Fill and vent pipes, which likely formerly served the AST in the basement, were observed on the northeast corner of the building. The fill and vent pipes entered the building through the eastern wall and were no longer connected to the 275-gallon AST noted in the basement of the building. A metal fire escape is located on the west side of the building (see Section 3.3.2).

No evidence of drywells, pits, or lagoons was observed on the exterior portions of the subject property. No evidence of leachate or seeps was observed on the subject property. No evidence of a release was observed on the exterior portions of the subject property during the site visit. No evidence of petroleum exploration, abstraction, or refinery was observed on the subject property.

#### 3.3.2 Interior Observations Recorded by Credere on August 26, 2010

The interior of the building consists of a full basement and four above-grade stories. An elevator shaft and a staircase are located in the middle of the building. The building is constructed of a wood frame with a stone and brick foundation. Though a structural assessment was not completed as part of the Phase I ESA, the building appears to be in very poor structural condition as evidenced by the fact that a portion of the roof has collapsed and steel cable bracing has been installed to help support the building. The basement floor consists of a combination of concrete, dirt, and exposed bedrock. The floors in the above-grade stories are wooden.

Two (2) floor drains were observed on the south side of the basement. Water on the floor at the time of the site reconnaissance prevented identification of staining in the vicinity of the floor drains. No olfactory evidence of releases of petroleum products or hazardous materials was observed in the vicinity of the floor drains. One (1) pipe was observed protruding through the south wall of the basement. This is one of the same pipes that were observed on the exterior of the southern wall. The purpose of this pipe is unknown.

One (1) 275-gallon AST, which appeared to be empty, was observed in the southeast corner of the basement. Fill and vent pipes were observed entering the building through the eastern wall in the vicinity of the AST, but the pipes were not connected to the AST. No visual or olfactory evidence of a release was observed on or around the AST.

Three (3) half-full 5-gallon pails of what appeared to be waste oil were observed in the northeast corner of the basement. These pails were unsealed and unsecured, thus representing a threat of release.

Stains caused by unknown substances were observed on the wooden floors on the second and third stories of the building.

Multiple fluorescent light bulbs, light ballasts, electrical switches, and circuit breakers were observed on all levels of the building.



It should be noted that the six (6) 55-gallon drums and the ACM floor tile identified during the GZA Hazardous Building Materials Survey on November 5, 2001, were not observed during Credere's site visit on August 26, 2010.

#### 3.4 IDENTIFIED RECOGNIZED ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Based on the information obtained as a part of the previous Phase I ESA, the following recognized environmental conditions (RECs) were identified at the subject property:

- REC-1 The former industrial use of the subject property (including shoe manufacturing and mica processing) between 1897 to the 1960s represents a REC because hazardous substances were likely stored, used, and may have been disposed of on the subject property, impacting the environmental conditions of the subject property.
- REC-2 The former use of the adjacent property to the east as a printing press represents a REC. Due to the close proximity of the printing press building to the subject property, hazardous substances may have been released and/or disposed of on the subject property. As such, the environmental conditions of the subject property may have been impacted.
- REC-3 Two floor drains were observed in the basement of the building. The presence of these drains and the previous industrial usage of the building represent a REC because the drains may be conduits to the environment whereby any releases of petroleum products and/or hazardous substances may have impacted the environmental conditions at the subject property.
- REC-4 The presence of an elevator in the building represents a REC. Though the mechanical components have been removed, lubrication and hydraulic fluids may have previously been released from the elevator and may have impacted the environmental conditions of the subject property.
- REC-5 The possible presence of lead-based paint on the exterior of the building represents a REC. Due to the condition of the exterior paint (loose and flaking), it is possible that the environmental condition of the soil around the perimeter of the building has been impacted.
- REC-6 Although no evidence of a prior release was observed, the presence of uncovered and unsecured small containers of petroleum products (several 5-gallon buckets of waste oil) in the basement represents a REC due to the imminent threat of release from the containers.
- REC-7 The presence of unknown staining on the floors of the building represents a REC because the stains are indicative of a potential past release of petroleum products and/or hazardous substances which may have impacted the building structure; however, it is unlikely that releases causing these stains have impacted the environmental conditions of the subject property soil or groundwater.



The following ASTM *Non-Scope environmental conditions* (NECs) were also noted during this Phase I ESA:

- NEC-1 Previous reports indicate that asbestos containing materials have been identified within the building.
- NEC-2 Previous reports indicate that lead-based paint has been identified within the building.
- NEC-3 Potential ASTM Non-Scope PCB-containing building materials and electrical equipment in the form of fluorescent lighting fixtures were observed in the building.
- NEC-4 Based on the condition of the building and the collapsed roof, mold may be present in the building.
- NEC-5 Bird guano was observed in the building representing a potential human health threat.



# 4. POTENTIAL REDEVELOPMENT SCENARIO

The Town of Bristol is considering demolishing the existing building and developing the subject property into a riverfront park with automobile parking.



# 5. CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

The Conceptual Site Model (CSM) includes a description of source areas and/or recognized environmental conditions, the nature and extent of the identified or suspected releases, potential contaminants of concern, impacted media, transport mechanisms, and potential human and environmental receptors.

To aid in a thorough understanding of the environmental concerns present at the subject property, a graphical presentation of the identified contaminants of concern and the migration pathways to potential receptors is included as **Figure 4**.

# 5.1 SITE SETTING

The subject property is located directly adjacent to the Newfound River in a developed area of Bristol, New Hampshire. According to the USGS information consulted, the surficial geology of the subject property consists of a layer of glacial till generally less than 30 feet thick over bedrock. Exposed bedrock occupies the majority of the subject property and is assumed to be shallow in areas where it is not exposed. As such, no significant overburden groundwater aquifer is expected to be present at the subject property. The building at the subject property is currently unoccupied and the subject property is not used for residential, commercial, or recreational purposes. The anticipated use of the subject property is recreational following the razing of the subject property building.

Topography at the subject property generally slopes in two directions. The north side of the subject property slopes to the southeast, parallel to Central Street. The east and west sides of the subject property slope to the southwest toward the Newfound River. The building has a flat roof and occupies the majority of the subject property. Roof drains were not identified, so it is assumed that stormwater intercepted by the roof once flowed radially in each direction and onto the ground, and then followed the existing topography. Currently, the roof has partially collapsed and allows stormwater from the roof to fall into the building. Stormwater likely makes its way to the basement of the building where it is assumed that it discharges to the subsurface beneath the building or directly to the Newfound River.

Although the localized topography slopes in two directions, it is likely that groundwater flows in a southerly direction towards the Newfound River. It should be noted that local groundwater flow can be highly varied due to precipitation events, stormwater runoff, infiltration/recharge, the presence of subsurface structures and utilities, and varying subsurface hydrogeologic conditions.

## 5.2 DEFINITIONS OF EXPOSURE PATHWAYS AND POTENTIAL RECEPTORS

Exposure Pathways describe how a human or environmental receptor comes into contact with contaminants which may be present at the subject property. Exposure pathways presented in the CSM include the following:



Inhalation:	This pathway is primarily associated with groundwater contamination within 30 feet of an occupied structure when groundwater elevation is less than 15 feet below surface grade, or when depth to groundwater is unknown. In addition, this pathway is applicable when receptors may incidentally inhale impacted media in the form of dust, vapor, or airborne particulates.
Dermal Absorption:	Exposure via dermal absorption occurs when receptors are exposed to chemical concentrations present in soil, groundwater, or surface water through direct contact with the skin.
Active Ingestion:	The Active Ingestion pathway represents exposure which may occur through the active ingestion of contaminant concentrations via a drinking water supply well or through agricultural products.
Incidental Ingestion:	This pathway is applicable when receptors may incidentally ingest impacted media in the form of dust or airborne particulates.

Potential Receptors are categorized by duration of exposure and intensity of use at the subject property. The receptor categories described in the CSM include the following:

Resident:	The residential receptor is defined by high durational exposure and high intensity usage which may occur through gardening, digging, and recreational sports. This group includes the occupants of a residential property or a residential neighborhood.
Commercial:	Commercial receptors are those which are present at the subject property for long durations but with low intensity exposure such as indoor office workers.
Site Worker:	Site workers are present at the subject property for short durations though intensity of use is high, such as during non-routine activities including construction or utility work. Examples include outdoor commercial workers and construction workers.
Visitor:	Visitors are characterized by low duration, i.e. less than two hours per day, and low intensity usage such as that which would occur during activities such as walking, shopping, and bird watching.
Terrestrial and Aquatic Biota:	These receptors include flora and fauna which may be exposed to contaminants in their respective land-based or aquatic environments.



Credere's supplemental Phase II investigation scope is designed to confirm or dismiss the identified RECs and NECs through the assessment of the identified potentially impacted media and the investigation of potential exposure pathways through focused field screening and laboratory analysis. Specific details of the proposed scope are presented below in **Section 6**.



# 6. SAMPLE DESIGN

A sampling program was developed to confirm or dismiss the RECs and NECs identified during the Phase I ESA and to provide additional characterization of the building materials for disposal. The following describes the rationale for the Phase II investigation work that is necessary to evaluate the RECs and NECs identified in the Phase I ESA.

- REC-1: Four (4) surficial soil samples will be collected from certain areas of the subject property that may have been affected by the historic industrial use of the subject property and the adjacent property to the east. Two (2) of the samples will be collected from the dirt floor basement inside the building and two (2) of the samples will be collected from outside of the building.
- REC-2: One (1) of the surficial soil samples collected as part of REC-1 will be collected from the area between the east side of the subject property building and the adjacent building to the east, which may have been affected by the former use of the adjacent building as a printing press.
- REC-3: One (1) of the surficial soil samples collected as part of REC-1 will be collected in the area of each of the floor drain inlets for a total of two (2) samples to determine if releases of petroleum and/or hazardous substances to the floor drains at the subject property have impacted the environmental media in the basement of the building.
- REC-4: One (1) surficial soil sample will be collected at the base of the elevator shaft to determine if fluids released from the elevator mechanical system have impacted the environmental media at the subject property.
- REC-5: The exterior paint on the subject property building will be field screened with an X-ray fluorescence meter (XRF) to assess if potential lead-based paint on the exterior has impacted the soils around the building with lead. Two (2) of the surficial soil samples collected as part of REC-1 will be collected from the areas adjacent to the east and west sides of the building where chipped and flaking paint was observed.
- REC-6: No evidence of a release from the 5-gallon buckets of waste oil was observed; therefore, no sampling in this area is proposed. However, an updated universal and hazardous waste survey will be completed and Credere will recommend that the unsecured 5-gallon buckets of waste oil in the basement of the subject property building be removed to eliminate the risk of a potential release from the buckets.
- REC-7: Four samples of wood flooring will be collected from the areas with observed staining on the second and third stories of the subject property building. The stains represent evidence of a release to the building materials, but do not indicate a release to the subject property environmental media. As such, samples collected from the floors will



only be analyzed for the presence of PCBs to determine if they contain levels of PCBs that are regulated for disposal.

- NEC-1: Asbestos containing materials within the subject property building have already been defined through previous investigations. No additional sampling is proposed.
- NEC-2: Lead-based paint within the subject property building has already been defined through previous investigations. No additional sampling is proposed.
- NEC-3: Up to five (5) samples of potentially PCB-containing building materials will be collected and analyzed for PCBs.
- NEC-4: The subject property building is currently unoccupied and slated for demolition. Therefore, a mold survey of the building is not warranted at this time.
- NEC-5: The subject property building is currently unoccupied and slated for demolition. Therefore, abatement of the bird guano will be required prior to demolition.

Based on the information above, Phase II field and investigation work will include the following activities:

- 1. Investigation of the floor drains in the building to determine the discharge location.
- 2. Collection of at least five (5) surficial soil samples for laboratory analysis in several REC locations across the subject property.
- 3. Collection of four (4) samples from the floorboards on the second and third floors of the subject property building in areas of observed floor staining.
- 4. Collection of up to five (5) samples of suspect bulk building materials for laboratory analysis of PCBs.
- 5. Conduct a lead-based paint survey of the paint on the exterior of the subject property building.
- 6. Update the inventory lists of hazardous materials and universal wastes created by GZA in November 2001.

The data collected from these activities will serve as the basis for evaluating subject property conditions and will determine if any additional subsurface investigation and/or remedial actions are necessary. Figure 2 shows the proposed locations where media will be collected. Table 1 and Table 2 present summaries of the sampling and laboratory analyses planned for the subject property.

Sampling will be conducted in accordance with the standard operating procedures (SOPs) included in Credere's June 2008 Generic QAPP (RFA#08166). **Table 1** and **Table 2** include the



number and type of samples that will be collected, cross referenced with the appropriate SOP that will be used from Credere's June 2008 QAPP. Requirements relative to Chain of Custody, Data Management and Documentation, Data Validation, and Data Usability Assessments contained in the Generic QAPP will be followed.

It should be noted that soil borings, subsurface soil sampling, and groundwater sampling are not proposed for the subject property at this time. This is based on known subject property history and conditions, the proposed future use, and as the fact that exposed bedrock occupies the majority of the subject property and is assumed to be very shallow in areas where it is not exposed.

# 6.1 FLOOR DRAIN INVESTIGATION

Two (2) floor drains were identified in the basement (REC-3). A possible outlet pipe for the floor drains was identified on the south side of the building protruding from the foundation wall. A dye test will be conducted to determine if one or both of the floor drains discharge to this location. If dye testing reveals that the floor drains discharge to another location or is inconclusive, additional investigation may be required.

## 6.2 SURFICIAL SOIL SAMPLE COLLECTION AND LABORATORY ANALYSIS

At least five (5) surficial soil samples will be collected from the subject property. Surficial soil samples SS-1 through SS-5 will be collected using hand tools from 0 to 2-feet below ground surface (bgs). To provide additional laboratory quality assurance data, one representative blind co-located duplicate sample will be collected and submitted for analysis. Surficial soil samples will be submitted to an off-site laboratory for analysis in accordance with **Table 1**. **Figure 2** shows the location of each surficial soil sample. Proposed sample locations are described below:

- Surficial soil sample SS-1 will be collected from the area adjacent to the western exterior wall in a location that may have been impacted by historic industrial use of the subject property (REC-1) and by the flaking, potentially lead-based paint on the exterior of the building (REC-5).
- Surficial soil samples SS-2 and SS-3 will be collected from areas in the basement adjacent to the floor drains (REC-3) which may have been impacted by the historic industrial use of the subject property (REC-1).
- Surficial soil sample SS-4 will be collected from a location in the basement at the base of the elevator shaft that may have been impacted by possible releases from the mechanical and hydraulic elevator equipment (REC-4).
- Surficial soil sample SS-5 will be collected from the area adjacent to the eastern exterior wall in a location that may have been impacted by historical industrial use of the subject property (REC-1), by the historic use of the adjacent building to the east as a printing press (REC-2), and by the flaking, potentially lead-based paint on the exterior of the building (REC-5).



Each soil sample will be collected in accordance with the NHDES field SOP HWRD-11 and submitted for independent laboratory analysis in accordance with **Table 1**.

Each collected soil sample will be field screened for total volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using a photoionization device (PID) per NHDES Hazardous Waste & Remediation Bureau, Jar Headspace Technique for Field Screening Soil Samples, and for RCRA 8 metals using an XRF per Maine Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) SOP DR#024, Maine DEP SOP DR#025, and USEPA method 6200 (included in the June 2008 Generic QAPP). The use of the XRF and PID are for field screening purposes only. The purpose of using PID and XRF screening data is to provide real-time estimates of total VOCs and RCRA 8 metals concentrations.

Where soil field screening observations indicate the presence of potentially impacted soil, additional surficial soil samples may be collected in the vicinity to determine the horizontal extent of contamination. The number and locations of these additional soil samples will be dependent on field data, subject property constraints, and professional judgment. All decisions regarding delineation will be recorded in the field logbook, and all locations will be documented. All soil samples obtained for the purposes of contamination delineation will be collected and field-analyzed in accordance with Credere's standard SOPs outlined on **Table 1**. If Credere determines these additional sample locations should be analyzed for analytes not described in **Table 1**, the USEPA Quality Assurance Manager will be contacted, and an email update will be provided to the USEPA describing the sample analysis, methods, and SOPs.

# 6.3 STAINED FLOORBOARD SAMPLING

Four (4) samples will be collected from areas with observed staining of the floor on the second and third stories of the building (REC-7). Samples FS-1, FS-2, and FS-3 will each be collected from separate stained areas on the second floor. Sample FS-4 will be collected from the stained area on the third floor. The samples will be collected in accordance with field SOP USEPA SOP #001 and submitted for independent laboratory analysis in accordance with **Table 2**.

# 6.4 SUSPECT BUILDING MATERIAL SAMPLING

Credere will conduct a screening level inventory of suspect PCB-containing building materials at the subject property. While this is not an exhaustive list, some examples of PCB-containing building materials include: paint, caulking, sealants, grout, mastic, glazing, and insulation. Consistent with this inventory and the results of previous investigations at similar sites, up to five (5) distinct matrices which are most likely to contain PCBs will be selected and one (1) sample from each of these matrices will be collected and analyzed. The actual sample will be collected from the matrix itself and no adjacent building materials (i.e. sheetrock or wood) will be included in the aliquot. This method will ensure that potentially regulated PCB concentrations are not diluted by unrelated materials. To provide additional laboratory quality assurance data, one representative blind co-located duplicate sample will be collected and submitted for analysis. The minimum sample mass utilized during this survey will be 10 grams. All building material



samples will be collected in accordance with USEPA SOP #2011 and EIASOP\_POROUSSAMPLING1 as attached to previously prepared Ernie's Auto Sales Property SSQAPP Addendum.

Based on this approach, the materials which present the highest degree of potential risk will be assessed. If the inventory identifies greater than five significantly suspect matrices, additional sample collection and analysis may be warranted. This may be accomplished either through SSQAPP revision or a separate investigation.

The collected samples will be submitted for independent laboratory analysis in accordance with **Table 2**. Following the receipt of laboratory results, a determination can be made whether there is significant risk of regulated PCB building materials at the subject property and additional assessment, remediation, or no further action can be recommended.

## 6.5 LEAD-BASED PAINT SURVEY

Lead content of paint on the exterior of the subject property building will be screened onsite using a portable XRF (REC-5). The lead screening will not be sufficient to determine the suitability of the buildings for residential or child-occupied uses. If the subject property buildings are to be used in the future as residences or child-occupied facilities, a formal lead survey should be conducted by a NHDES Certified Lead Inspector.

#### 6.6 UNIVERSAL AND/OR HAZARDOUS WASTE SURVEY UPDATE

Credere will visually update the itemized list of universal and hazardous wastes identified during the GZA Pre-Demolition/Renovation Hazardous Building Materials Survey conducted in November 2001.



# 7. REGULATORY STANDARDS

Concentrations in soil samples will be compared to New Hampshire's Soil Remediation Standards detailed in NHDES Env-Or 600 Contaminated Site Management. Where guidelines are not available, soil concentrations will be compared to other appropriate regulatory standards and guidelines, such as USEPA Regional Screening Levels (RSL) for Chemical Contaminants at Superfund Sites, RSL Table Updated April 2009 for soil, and/or published background soil concentrations. If standards or guidelines do not exist, action levels will be triggered if the sample analytical results exceed background levels or naturally occurring ambient conditions.

Manufactured building materials (such as paint, caulking, sealants, grout, mastic, glazing, and insulation) which have been analyzed to contain concentrations of total PCBs equal to or in excess of 50 ppm are defined as a PCB bulk product waste in accordance with 40 CFR 761.3. Once identified, these materials are regulated for disposal under 40 CFR 761.62. Manufactured building materials that have been analyzed to contain total PCBs at a concentration of equal to or greater than 1 ppm but less than 50 ppm are not regulated for disposal as long as they remain in use. However, if these materials are removed from use, they are subject to the disposal requirements of 40 CFR 761.61(a)(5)(v)(A). Manufactured building materials which have been analyzed to contain total PCBs at a concentration of less than 1 ppm are generally unrestricted for future use and/or disposal.

Wooden flooring which has been analyzed to contain total PCB concentrations equal to or in excess of 1 ppm as a result of an unknown release is defined as a PCB remediation waste in accordance with 40 CFR 761.3 and is subject to the characterization and/or disposal requirements of 40 CFR 761.60 and 761.61. Wooden flooring which has been analyzed to contain total PCBs at concentrations of less than 1 ppm are generally unrestricted for future use and/or disposal.

Concentrations of lead in paint as determined through the use of the XRF analyzer will be compared to the limit of  $1.0 \text{ mg/cm}^2$  or 0.5% by weight. All construction work involving exposure or potential exposure to lead is covered by the Occupation Safety and Health Administration's Lead in Construction Standard 29 CFR 1926.62.


### 8. PROPOSED PROJECT SCHEDULE

The following schedule is proposed for the subject property Phase II investigation:

DATE	ACTION
December 16, 2010	Draft SSQAPP Delivered to NHDES and USEPA
March 7, 2011	Deliver Revised SSQAPP to NHDES and USEPA
March 21, 2011	Finalize SSQAPP
April 1, 2011	Initiate Phase II Investigation Activities
April 14, 2011	Receive Laboratory Analytical Results
May 14, 2011	Submit Draft Phase II ESA Report



## FIGURES

Figure 1	Site Location Map
Figure 2	Proposed Phase II Investigation Plan
Figure 3	
Figure 4	Conceptual Site Model
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### Figure 3 - Credere Organization and Responsibility Chart





POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS								
	RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL SITE WORKER VISITOR TERRESTRIAL BIOTA							
N			Х	Х				
SORPTION			Х	Х	Х	Х		
ESTION					Х	Х		
L INGESTION			Х	Х				

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS								
	RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL SITE WORKER VISITOR BIOTA BI							
N			Х	Х				
SORPTION			Х	Х	Х	Х		
ESTION					Х	Х		
L INGESTION			Х	Х				

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS								
	RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL SITE WORKER VISITOR BIOTA BIO							
N			Х	Х				
SORPTION			Х	Х	Х	Х		
ESTION					Х	Х		
L INGESTION			Х	Х				

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS								
	RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL SITE WORKER VISITOR TERRESTRIAL AQUA							
N			Х	Х				
SORPTION			Х	Х	Х	Х		
ESTION					Х	Х		
L INGESTION			Х	Х				

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS								
	RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL SITE WORKER VISITOR BIOTA					AQUATIC BIOTA		
N			Х	Х				
BSORPTION			Х	Х	Х	Х		
ESTION					Х	Х		
L INGESTION			Х	Х				

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS								
	RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL SITE WORKER VISITOR BIOTA BIOTA							
N			Х	Х				
BSORPTION			Х	Х	Х	Х		
ESTION					Х	Х		
L INGESTION			Х	Х				

## FIGURE 4 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL (SHEET 1 OF 2)

MICA FACTORY PROPERTY 8 CENTRAL STREET BRISTOL, NH NHDES #200105002



POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS								
	RESIDENTIAL	TERRESTRIAL BIOTA	AQUATIC BIOTA					
N			Х	Х				
SORPTION			Х	Х				
ESTION					Х	Х		
L INGESTION			Х	Х				

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS								
	RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL SITE WORKER VISITOR BIOTA							
N			Х	Х				
SORPTION			Х	Х				
ESTION					Х	Х		
L INGESTION			Х	Х				

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS								
	RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL SITE WORKER VISITOR BIOTA							
N			Х	Х				
SORPTION								
ESTION								
L INGESTION			Х	Х				

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS								
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	SITE WORKER	VISITOR	TERRESTRIAL BIOTA	AQUATIC BIOTA		
N			Х	Х				
SORPTION			Х	Х				
ESTION					Х	Х		
L INGESTION			Х	Х				

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS							
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	SITE WORKER	VISITOR	TERRESTRIAL BIOTA	AQUATIC BIOTA	
N			Х	Х			
SORPTION							
ESTION							
L INGESTION			Х	Х			
L INGESTION			Х	X			

POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS							
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	SITE WORKER	VISITOR	TERRESTRIAL BIOTA	AQUATIC BIOTA	
			Х	Х			
SORPTION							
STION							
INGESTION			Х	Х			

DOTENTIAL EXPOSITE DATING AND

### FIGURE 4 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL (SHEET 2 OF 2)

MICA FACTORY PROPERTY 8 CENTRAL STREET BRISTOL, NH NHDES #200105002

## TABLES

Table 1	
Table 2	Hazardous Building Material Sample Reference Table



	Table 1: Surficial Soil Sample Reference Table         Mica Factory Property         8 Central Street         Bristol, NH         NHDES #200105002																					
Media to be Collected	Proposed Sample IDs	Associated RECs	Sample Design	Sample Depth (ft bgs)	Field SOPs to be Used	Field Analysis/ Observations	Minimum No. of Samples for Analysis	No. of Field Dups	Analytical Method	Sample Container information & Preservative (per location)	Lab SOPs	Laboratory To be Used										
	SS-1	REC-1 REC-5	One sample will be collected from the the area adjacent to the western exterior wall in a location that may have been impacted by historic industrial use of the subject property and adjacent to the flaking, potentially lead-based paint on the exterior of the building.			n	1		- <b>VOCs</b> by EPA Method 8260 - <b>RCRA 8 Metals</b> by EPA Method 6010 and 7470A	VOCs - (1) 40 ml VOA w/5 ml methanol, (1) 40 ml VOA for % solids RCRA 8 Metals - 4 oz. glass with Teflon-lined	RL-5 RL-9											
Soils	SS-2 SS-3	REC-1 REC-3	Two samples will be collected from areas in the basement adjacent to the floor drains which may have been impacted by the historic industrial use of the subject property.		Credere-004 HWRB-11 HWRB-12 HWRB-15 Visual & Olfactor HWRB-17 PID Headspace VOCs/SOIL-2000 XRF Screening DR#012 DR#024 DR#025	Credere-004 HWRB-11 HWRB-12 HWRB-15 Visual & Olfactory HWRB-17 PID Headspace VOCs/SOIL-2000 XRF Screening DR#012 DR#024 DR#025	Credere-004 HWRB-11 HWRB-12 HWRB-15 Visual & Olfactory HWRB-17 PID Headspace VOCs/SOIL-2000 XRF Screening DR#012 DR#024 DR#025	Credere-004 HWRB-11 HWRB-12		2	Surficial soils will be	- <b>PAHs</b> by EPA Method 8270	cap <b>PAHs</b> - 4 oz. amber glass with Teflon-lined cap	RL-13								
Surficial	SS-4	REC-4	One sample will be collected from a location in the basement at the base of the elevator shaft that may have been impacted by possible releases from the mechanical and hydraulic equipment employed by the elevator.	0-2				HWRB-15Visual & OlfactoryHWRB-17PID HeadspaceVOCs/SOIL-2000XRF ScreeningDR#012DR#024DR#025DR#025	HWRB-15 HWRB-17 VOCs/SOIL-2000 DR#012 DR#024 DR#025	HWRB-15 HWRB-17 VOCs/SOIL-2000 DR#012 DR#024 DR#025	HWRB-15 Visual HWRB-17 PID VOCs/SOIL-2000 XRH DR#012 DR#024 DR#025	HWRB-15 Visual & Olfa HWRB-17 PID Headsp VOCs/SOIL-2000 XRF Screer DR#012 DR#024 DR#025	HWRB-15 HWRB-17 VOCs/SOIL-2000 DR#012 DR#024 DR#025	RB-12     Visual & Olfactory       RB-17     PID Headspace       OIL-2000     XRF Screening       #012     #024       #025	<ul> <li>Visual &amp; Olfactory</li> <li>PID Headspace</li> <li>XRF Screening</li> </ul>	IWRB-15Visual & OlfactoryIWRB-17PID Headspace's/SOIL-2000XRF ScreeningDR#012DR#024DR#025	Visual & Olfactory PID Headspace XRF Screening	Visual & Olfactory PID Headspace XRF Screening	rry 2 1	duplicated at a rate of 5% per the generic QAPP for a total of one (1) based on the proposed total number of samples indicate in this table	- <b>TPH</b> by EPA Method 8015 - <b>PCBs</b> by EPA Method 8082	<b>TPH -</b> 4 oz. amber glass <b>PCBs -</b> 4 oz. glass with Teflon-lined cap
	SS-5	REC-1 REC-2 REC-5	One sample will be collected from the area adjacent to the eastern exterior wall in a location that may have been impacted by historic industrial use of the subject property and by the historic use of the adjacent building to the east as a printing press.				1		<ul> <li>- VOCs by EPA Method 8260</li> <li>- RCRA 8 Metals by EPA Method 6010 and 7470A</li> <li>- PAHs by EPA Method 8270</li> <li>- PCBs by EPA Method 8082</li> </ul>	VOCs - (1) 40 ml VOA w/5 ml methanol, (1) 40 ml VOA for % solids RCRA 8 Metals - 4 oz. glass with Teflon-lined cap PAHs - 4 oz. amber glass with Teflon-lined cap PCBs - 4 oz. glass with Teflon-lined cap	RL-4 RL-5 RL-9 RL-13											

Table 2: Hazardous Building Material Sample Reference Table         Mica Factory Property         8 Central Street         Bristol, NH         NHDES #200105002								
Media to be Collected	Proposed Sample IDs	Associated RECs	Sample Design	Field SOPs to be Used	No. of Samples for Analysis	No. of Field Dups	Analytical Method	Sample Co Preserv
erials	FS-1 FS-2 FS-3 FS-4	REC-7	Four samples will be collected from areas with observed staining of the floor on the second and third stories of the building.	EPA SOP #001 Credere-004	4			
Building Mate	As Needed: BM-1 BM-2 BM-3 BM-4 BM-5	NEC-3	Up to five distinct matrices which are most likely to contain PCBs will be selected and one sample from each of these matrices will be collected and analyzed.	EPA SOP No. 2011 for Chip, Wipe, and Sweep Sampling; EIASOP_POROUSS AMPLING1 Rev3; Credere-004	Up to 5	Building material samples will be duplicated at a rate of 5% per the generic QAPP for a total of one (1) based on the proposed total number of samples indicated in this table	- <b>PCBs</b> by EPA Method 8082	PCBs - 4 oz. glass

le Container information & eservative (per location)	Lab SOPs	Laboratory To be Used
glass with Teflon-lined cap	RL-4	Resource Laboratories, Portsmouth, NH

**APPENDIX B** 

### PHOTOGRAPHS





Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Mica Factory 8 Central Street, Bristol, NH NHDES #200105002

Credere Associates, LLC 776 Main Street Westbrook, ME 04092





## Picture 3

View of the ash pile in the basement of the building.



## Picture 4

View of the unsecured buckets of waste oil in the basement.

Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Mica Factory 8 Central Street, Bristol, NH NHDES #200105002

Credere Associates, LLC 776 Main Street Westbrook, ME 04092



APPENDIX C

SURFICIAL SOIL SAMPLE LOGS



#### CREDERE ASSOCIATES, LLC SURFICIAL SOIL SAMPLING LOG 6 Main Street, Westbrook, Main 04092 - 207-828-127

	776 Main S	treet, Westbrook, Main 04092 - 207-828-1 272
TEST PIT DATA:		
PROJECT NAME:	Mica Factory	DATE: <u>4/12/2011</u>
PROJECT NUMBER:	10001087	
SAMPLE LOCATION ID:	- 55-	START: 1200
CREDERE REPRESENTAT	VE Silas Canavan	
CONTRACTOR/FOREMAN:	N/A	
LABORATORY SAMPLE D	ATA:	
SAMPLE ID	PRESERVATIO	<u>N # SAMPLE CONTAINER LABORATORY ANALYSIS</u>
	MeOH	$- \frac{1}{1} \frac{V_{0,A}}{V_{0,A}} \frac{V_{0,C}}{V_{0,C}}$
		1 402 ambor PAH, KCKA & Metals
	·	
NOTES	1	
Sample	collected	from # soil algacent to west side
ot bu	ilding.	
DUP	Sample to	aken at this location (SS-DUP)
FIELD ANALYSIS DATA:		
DEPTH SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE (ppm)	SOIL DESCRIPTION / NOTES
0-2'	Dry ND	Dark brown, fine SAND, little fine Gravel,
		dry.

#### CREDERE ASSOCIATES, LLC SURFICIAL SOIL SAMPLING LOG 76 Main Street, Westbrook, Main 04092 - 207-828-1272

	776 M	ain Street, \	Vestbro	ok, Main 040	092 - 207-82	8-1272	
TEST PIT DATA:	Mine Frank						
PROJECT NAME:	Mica Factory	/		M - 8.50 8		DATE:	4/12/2011
PROJECT NUMBER:	10001087					LOCATIO	N ACTIVITY
SAMPLE LOCATION ID:	_55.	-2				START:	1210
CREDERE REPRESENTA	TIVE Silas Canava	an				END:	1218
CONTRACTOR/FOREMA	N: N/A						
LABORATORY SAMPLE	DATA:						
SAMPLE ID	PRESER	VATION	<u># SAI</u>	MPLE CONTAIN	IER L	ABORATOR	Y ANALYSIS
22-2	Me	OH	$\frac{l}{l}$ –	Voa	VC	C DCR	10411
			<u> </u>	402 amper	PA	H, KCK.	A & Metals
	_						
NOTES:	11	100					, 1.
Sampl	e Collec	ted fr	om	sedime	ut on	Conc	nete / bedrack
floor	of b	aseme	nt, a	sound a	er. mite	n ot	floor drain
FIELD ANALYSIS DATA:							
DEPTH SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE	P(D ppm)			SOIL DESCRIP	NOTES	
0-1"	Moist 1	DD	ark	brown	fibrou	s pea	t, trace white
		4	lecks	Charghe	ash	from	ash pile
		j.	dent	ified	above	£600.	r drain)
			Samp	che ma	y ke organ	dec.	terial.
					0		

#### CREDERE ASSOCIATES, LLC SURFICIAL SOIL SAMPLING LOG 6 Main Street, Westbrook, Main 04092 - 207-828-1272

	776 Main Street, Westbrook, Main 04092 - 207-828-1272	
TEST PIT DATA: PROJECT NAME:	Mica Factory DATE: 4/12/2011	
PROJECT NUMBER:	10001087 LOCATION ACTIVITY	
SAMPLE LOCATION ID:	55-3 START: 1218	
CREDERE REPRESENTAT	IVE Silas Canavan	
CONTRACTOR/FOREMAN	N/A	
LABORATORY SAMPLE D	ATA:	==
SAMPLE ID	PRESERVATION # SAMPLE CONTAINER LABORATORY ANALYSIS	
_ 55-3	MeOH I VOA VOC	
	Z 407 amber TPH, PAH, PCB, PCPA 8 Metels	2
NOTES		
NOTES: Sample	collected from consister hedrock	
floor	of pasement around floor drain and in floor	
drain		
FIELD ANALYSIS DATA:		
CAMPLE		
	MOISTURE (ppm) SDIL DESCRIPTION / NOTES	
0-1"	Mist ND Dark brown, fibrous PEAT, trave white	
	flecks (Maybe ash from coal stove	
	waste), trace mica flecks, thoist.	
	Sample may be decomposed wood	<u>(</u>
	and other organic material.	
	0	
	* This sample also anadyzed for	
	TPH & PCBS hecause 55-4 could	
	not he collected due to loell	
	of material at hose of	
	elevator shaft.	

O.\Environmental Information\Logs\[Test Pit Log\_xis]TP-1 (3)

	S 776 Main Str	CREDERE ASSOCIATES, LLC URFICIAL SOIL SAMPLING LOG
TEST PIT DATA	i i o mani ou	1001, WESTBROOK, MAIN 04032 - 201-020-1212
PROJECT NAME:	Mica Factory	DATE: 4/12/2011
PROJECT NUMBER:	10001087	LOCATION ACTIVITY
SAMPLE LOCATION ID:	55-4	START:
CREDERE REPRESENTATIVE	Silas Canavan	END:
CONTRACTOR/FOREMAN:	N/A	
LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA	4:	
SAMPLE ID	PRESERVATION	# SAMPLE CONTAINER LABORATORY ANALYSIS
/		
NOTES: Samyl	le could	) not he collected due to
Lark	of 1242	terial at base of elevator
Shaf	f.	
FIELD ANALYSIS DATA:		
DEPTH SAMPLE M	DISTURE (ppm)	SOIL DESCRIPTION / NOTES
	//	Original analysis to of TPH
		and PCBs for 55-4 analyzed
		in sample 55-3 instead day
		to downgradient location
		1-course to 55-9.
<b> </b>		

	SURFICIAL SUIL SAMPLING I 76 Main Street Westbrook Main 04092	LOG				
τεςτ ριτ ηδτδ.	Wall Street, Westbrook, Main 04052	- 20/-020-12/2				
PROJECT NAME: <u>Mica F</u>	actory	DATE: 4/12/2011				
PROJECT NUMBER: 10001	087	LOCATION ACTIVITY				
SAMPLE LOCATION ID:	55-5					
CREDERE REPRESENTATIVE Silas (	Canavan					
CONTRACTOR/FOREMAN: N/A		-				
LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA:         SAMPLE ID       PRESERVATION       #       SAMPLE CONTAINER       LABORATORY ANALYSIS         SS-5       MeOH       1       VOA       VOC         I       VOA       VOC         I       VOA       VOC						
NOTES: Sample colle Side of	ected from soid a building.	ojacent to east				
FIELD ANALYSIS DATA:						
DEPTH SAMPLE MOISTURE	PID. 50 (ppm) 50	DIL DESCRIPTION / NOTES				
0-1' West	ND Dark Brown, f. gravel, wet.	in SAND, trace for				

APPENDIX D

### LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS





# Absolute Resource associates

124 Heritage Avenue #10 Portsmouth, NH 03801

Silas Canavan CREDERE Associates 776 Main Street Westbrook, ME 04092 PO Number: None Job ID: 21283 Date Received: 4/13/11

Project: Mica Factory 10001087

Attached please find results for the analysis of the samples received on the date referenced above.

Unless otherwise noted in the attached report, the analyses performed met the requirements of Absolute Resource Associates' Quality Assurance Plan. The Standard Operating Procedures are based upon USEPA SW-846, USEPA Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastewater, Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater and other recognized methodologies. The results contained in this report pertain only to the samples as indicated on the chain of custody.

Absolute Resource Associates maintains certification with the agencies listed below.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide laboratory services. If you have any questions regarding the enclosed report, please contact the laboratory and we will be glad to assist you.

Sincerely, Absolute Resource Associates

lluer (for)

Sue Sylvester Principal, General Manager

Date of Approval: 5/3/2011 Total number of pages: 42

### **Absolute Resource Associates Certifications**

New Hampshire 1732 Maine NH903 Massachusetts M-NH902

### Project ID: Mica Factory 10001087 Lab ID: 21283

## Sample Association Table

Field ID	Matrix	Date-Time Sampled	Lab#	Analysis
SS-1	Solid	4/12/2011 12:06	21283-001	
				PAHs in solid by 8270
				Soil Digestion for ICP Analysis
				Silver in solids by 6010
				Arsenic in solids by 6010
				Barium in solids by 6010
				Cadmium in solids by 6010
				Chromium in solids by 6010
				Mercury in solids by 7471
				Lead in solids by 6010
				Selenium in solids by 6010
				VOCe in colid by 8260 Detro & Uce Weste
SS 2	Solid	4/10/2011 12:15	21282 002	VOUS IN Solid by 8260 Petro & Haz Waste
33-2	50110	4/12/2011 12.15	21203-002	DAHe in colid by 8270
				Soil Digestion for ICP Analysis
				Silver in solide by 6010
				Arsonic in solids by 6010
				Barium in solids by 6010
				Cadmium in solids by 6010
				Chromium in solids by 6010
				Mercury in solids by 7471
				Lead in solids by 6010
				Selenium in solids by 6010
				Percent Dry Matter for Sample Calc by SM2540B G
				VOCs in solid by 8260 Petro & Haz Waste
SS-3	Solid	4/12/2011 12:20	21283-003	
				PCBs in soil by 8082
				TPH in solids by 8100
				PAHs in solid by 8270
				Soil Digestion for ICP Analysis
				Silver in solids by 6010
				Arsenic in solids by 6010
				Barium in solids by 6010
				Cadmium in solids by 6010
				Chromium in solids by 6010
				Mercury in solids by 7471
				Lead in solids by 6010
				Selenium in solids by 6010
				Percent Dry Matter for Sample Calc by SM2540B,G
	<b>-</b>			VOCs in solid by 8260 Petro & Haz Waste
SS-5	Solid	4/12/2011 12:30	21283-004	
				PCBs in soil by 8082
				PAHs in solid by 8270
				Soil Digestion for ICP Analysis
				Silver in Solids by 6010
				Arsenic in solids by 6010
				Barlum in solids by 6010
				Caunium in solids by 6010
				Chronnum in solids by 7471
				Lead in solids by 6010



### Project ID: Mica Factory 10001087 Lab ID: 21283

## Sample Association Table

Field ID	Matrix	Date-Time Sampled	Lab#	Analysis
SS-5	Solid	4/12/2011 12:30	21283-004	Selenium in solids by 6010 Percent Dry Matter for Sample Calc by SM2540B,G VOCs in solid by 8260 Petro & Haz Waste
SS-DUP	Solid	4/12/2011	21283-005	PAHs in solid by 8200 Fetro & Haz Waste PAHs in solid by 8270 Soil Digestion for ICP Analysis Silver in solids by 6010 Arsenic in solids by 6010 Barium in solids by 6010 Cadmium in solids by 6010 Chromium in solids by 6010 Mercury in solids by 7471 Lead in solids by 6010 Selenium in solids by 6010 Percent Dry Matter for Sample Calc by SM2540B,G
Trip Blank	Solid	4/12/2011	21283-006	VOCs in solid by 8260 Petro & Haz Waste
BM-1	Solid	4/12/2011 11:00	21283-007	PCBs in soil by 8082
BM-2	Solid	4/12/2011 11:25	21283-008	PCBs in soil by 8082
BM-3	Solid	4/12/2011 11:40	21283-009	PCPs in soil by 2022
BM-DUP	Solid	4/12/2011	21283-010	PCBs in soil by 8082
FS-1	Solid	4/12/2011 10:30	21283-011	PCBs in soil by 8082
FS-2	Solid	4/12/2011 10:35	21283-012	PCBs in soil by 8082
FS-3	Solid	4/12/2011 10:40	21283-013	PCPs in soil by 2022
FS-4	Solid	4/12/2011 10:45	21283-014	PCBs in soil by 8082



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-001

Sample ID: SS-1

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 81.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:06		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Pr	ер	Analysis		
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Da	ite Batch	Date	Time	Reference
dichlorodifluoromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
chloromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
vinyl chloride	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
bromomethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
chloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
trichlorofluoromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
diethyl ether	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
acetone	< 3	3	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloroethene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
methylene chloride	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
carbon disulfide	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
isopropyl ether (DIPE)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
t-butanol (TBA)	< 3	3	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
2-butanone (MEK)	< 0.3	0.3	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
2,2-dichloropropane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
chloroform	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
bromochloromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
tetrahydrofuran (THF)	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,1,1-trichloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloropropene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
t-amyl-methyl ether (TAME)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
carbon tetrachloride	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
benzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
trichloroethene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichloropropane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
bromodichloromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,4-dioxane	< 3	3	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
dibromomethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
toluene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
2-hexanone	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,1,2-trichloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,3-dichloropropane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
tetrachloroethene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
dibromochloromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/	11 4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-001

Sample ID: SS-1

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 81.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:06		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Ana	lysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
1,2-dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
chlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
ethylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
m&p-xylenes	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
o-xylene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
styrene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
bromoform	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
isopropylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,2,3-trichloropropane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
n-propylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
bromobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
2-chlorotoluene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
4-chlorotoluene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
tert-butylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
sec-butylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,3-dichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
4-isopropyltoluene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,4-dichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
n-butylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,3,5-trichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
hexachlorobutadiene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
naphthalene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
Surrogate Recovery		Limits	S						
dibromofluoromethane SUR	98	78-114	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
toluene-D8 SUR	100	88-110	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
4-bromofluorobenzene SUR	100	86-115	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B
a,a,a-trifluorotoluene SUR	91	70-130	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	20:51	SW5035A8260B



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-002

Sample ID: SS-2

Percent Dry: 32.9% Results expressed on a dry weight basis. Matrix: Solid

plad: 1/12/11 12:15 ~

Percent Dry:	32.9% Results	expressed	on a dry	y weight t	basis

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:15		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Ana	lysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
dichlorodifluoromethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
chloromethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
vinyl chloride	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
bromomethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
chloroethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
trichlorofluoromethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
diethyl ether	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
acetone	< 12	12	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloroethene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
methylene chloride	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
carbon disulfide	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
isopropyl ether (DIPE)	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE)	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloroethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
t-butanol (TBA)	< 12	12	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
2-butanone (MEK)	< 1.4	1.4	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
2,2-dichloropropane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
chloroform	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
bromochloromethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
tetrahydrofuran (THF)	< 2.4	2.4	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
1,1,1-trichloroethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloropropene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
t-amyl-methyl ether (TAME)	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
carbon tetrachloride	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichloroethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
benzene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
trichloroethene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichloropropane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
bromodichloromethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
1,4-dioxane	< 12	12	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
dibromomethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	< 2.2	2.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
toluene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
2-hexanone	< 2.4	2.4	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
1,1,2-trichloroethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
1,3-dichloropropane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
tetrachloroethene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
dibromochloromethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-002

Sample ID: SS-2

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 32.9% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled:	4/12/11	12.15
Sampleu.		12.10

	•		•						
Sampled: 4/12/11 12:15		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Anal	lysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
1,2-dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
chlorobenzene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
ethylbenzene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
m&p-xylenes	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
o-xylene	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B

< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
	Limits	;						
97	78-114	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
99	88-110	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
102	86-115	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
63 *	70-130	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/19/11	21:24	SW5035A8260B
	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $< 0.5$ $0.5$	< 0.5	< 0.5 $0.5$ $ug/g$ 1 $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $ug/g$	< 0.5 $0.5$ $ug/g$ $1$ LMM 4/14/11 $< 0.5$ $0.5$ $ug/g$ $1$ <td></td> <td><math display="block"> \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc</math></td> <td>&lt; 0.5</td> 0.5       ug/g       1       LMM 4/14/11       4089       4/19/11       21:24         < 0.5		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	< 0.5

\* This surrogate showed recovery outside the acceptance limits. This is likely a result of high moisture content in the sample.



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-003

Sample ID: SS-3

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 24.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:20	-	Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Ana	lysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
dichlorodifluoromethane	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
chloromethane	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
vinyl chloride	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
bromomethane	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
chloroethane	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
trichlorofluoromethane	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
diethyl ether	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
acetone	< 120	120	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloroethene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
methylene chloride	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
carbon disulfide	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
isopropyl ether (DIPE)	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE)	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloroethane	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
t-butanol (TBA)	< 120	120	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
2-butanone (MEK)	< 14.9	14.9	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
2,2-dichloropropane	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
chloroform	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
bromochloromethane	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
tetrahydrofuran (THF)	< 24.8	24.8	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,1,1-trichloroethane	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloropropene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
t-amyl-methyl ether (TAME)	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
carbon tetrachloride	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichloroethane	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
benzene	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
trichloroethene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichloropropane	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
bromodichloromethane	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,4-dioxane	< 50	50	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
dibromomethane	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	< 22.3	22.3	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
toluene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
2-hexanone	< 24.8	24.8	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,1,2-trichloroethane	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,3-dichloropropane	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
tetrachloroethene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
dibromochloromethane	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-003

Sample ID: SS-3

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 24.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled:	4/12/11	12:20

	Fercent Dry. 24.0		presseu on a ur	y weigin basis
11	12.20	•		-

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:20		Quant	1	Instr Dil'n	Prep		Anal	ysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
1,2-dibromoethane (EDB)	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
chlorobenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
ethylbenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
m&p-xylenes	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
o-xylene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
styrene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
bromoform	< 2.5	2.5	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
isopropylbenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	< 2.5	2.5	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,2,3-trichloropropane	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
n-propylbenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
bromobenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
2-chlorotoluene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
4-chlorotoluene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
tert-butylbenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
sec-butylbenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,3-dichlorobenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
4-isopropyltoluene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,4-dichlorobenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichlorobenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
n-butylbenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,3,5-trichlorobenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
hexachlorobutadiene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
naphthalene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	< 5.0	5.0	ug/g	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	S						
dibromofluoromethane SUR	100	78-114	%	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
toluene-D8 SUR	99	88-110	%	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
4-bromofluorobenzene SUR	99	86-115	%	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B
a,a,a-trifluorotoluene SUR	53 *	70-130	%	5	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:13	SW5035A8260B

Note: Dilution was required due to the foaming properties of the sample.

\*This surrogate showed recovery outside the acceptance limits. This is likely a result of high moisture content in the sample.



Job ID: 21283

### Sample#: 21283-004

Sample ID: SS-5

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 51.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:30		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Ana	ysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
dichlorodifluoromethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
chloromethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
vinyl chloride	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
bromomethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
chloroethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
trichlorofluoromethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
diethyl ether	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
acetone	< 6	6	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloroethene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
methylene chloride	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
carbon disulfide	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
isopropyl ether (DIPE)	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE)	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloroethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
t-butanol (TBA)	< 6	6	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
2-butanone (MEK)	< 0.7	0.7	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
2,2-dichloropropane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
chloroform	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
bromochloromethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
tetrahydrofuran (THF)	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,1,1-trichloroethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloropropene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
t-amyl-methyl ether (TAME)	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
carbon tetrachloride	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichloroethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
benzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
trichloroethene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichloropropane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
bromodichloromethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,4-dioxane	< 6	6	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
dibromomethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	< 1.1	1.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
toluene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
2-hexanone	< 1.2	1.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,1,2-trichloroethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,3-dichloropropane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
tetrachloroethene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
dibromochloromethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B



Job ID: 21283

### Sample#: 21283-004

Sample ID: SS-5

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 51.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:30

Percent L	лу. эт.о%	Results	expressed	onaury	weight	Dasis

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:30		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Analysis		
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
1,2-dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
chlorobenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
ethylbenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
m&p-xylenes	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
o-xylene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
styrene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
bromoform	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
isopropylbenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,2,3-trichloropropane	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
n-propylbenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
bromobenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
2-chlorotoluene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
4-chlorotoluene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
tert-butylbenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
sec-butylbenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,3-dichlorobenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
4-isopropyltoluene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,4-dichlorobenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichlorobenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
n-butylbenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,3,5-trichlorobenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
hexachlorobutadiene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
naphthalene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	s						
dibromofluoromethane SUR	98	78-114	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
toluene-D8 SUR	99	88-110	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
4-bromofluorobenzene SUR	97	86-115	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B
a,a,a-trifluorotoluene SUR	82	70-130	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	0:45	SW5035A8260B



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-005

Sample ID: SS-DUP

Matrix: Solid Percent D

Sampled: 4/12/11

Percent Dry: 84% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Pi	ер	Analysis		
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Da	ate Batch	Date	Time	Reference
dichlorodifluoromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
chloromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
vinyl chloride	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
bromomethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
chloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
trichlorofluoromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
diethyl ether	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
acetone	< 2	2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloroethene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
methylene chloride	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
carbon disulfide	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
isopropyl ether (DIPE)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
t-butanol (TBA)	< 2	2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
2-butanone (MEK)	< 0.3	0.3	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
2,2-dichloropropane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
chloroform	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
bromochloromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
tetrahydrofuran (THF)	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,1,1-trichloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,1-dichloropropene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
t-amyl-methyl ether (TAME)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
carbon tetrachloride	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
benzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
trichloroethene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichloropropane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
bromodichloromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,4-dioxane	< 2	2	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
dibromomethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	< 0.4	0.4	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
toluene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
2-hexanone	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,1,2-trichloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,3-dichloropropane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
tetrachloroethene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
dibromochloromethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14	11 4089	9 4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-005

Sample ID: SS-DUP

Matrix: Solid

Percent Dry: 84% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11		Quant	Instr Dil'n		Prep		Analysis		
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
1,2-dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
chlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
ethylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
m&p-xylenes	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
o-xylene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
styrene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
bromoform	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
isopropylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,2,3-trichloropropane	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
n-propylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
bromobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
2-chlorotoluene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
4-chlorotoluene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
tert-butylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
sec-butylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,3-dichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
4-isopropyltoluene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,4-dichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
n-butylbenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,3,5-trichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
hexachlorobutadiene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
naphthalene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
1,2,3-trichlorobenzene	< 0.1	0.1	ug/g	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	s						
dibromofluoromethane SUR	98	78-114	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
toluene-D8 SUR	98	88-110	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
4-bromofluorobenzene SUR	98	86-115	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B
a,a,a-trifluorotoluene SUR	85	70-130	%	1	LMM 4/14/11	4089	4/21/11	1:18	SW5035A8260B



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-006

Sample ID: Trip Blank

Matrix: Solid

Sampled: 4/12/11 Quant Prep Analysis Instr Dil'n Factor Parameter Result Limit Units Analyst Date Batch Date Time Reference dichlorodifluoromethane < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g chloromethane < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B vinyl chloride < 0.1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 0.1 ug/g 1 < 0.1 19:12 bromomethane 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 SW5035A8260B ug/g chloroethane < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g trichlorofluoromethane < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B diethyl ether < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B < 2 2 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B acetone ug/g 1,1-dichloroethene < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B methylene chloride < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B carbon disulfide < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE) < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g trans-1,2-dichloroethene < 0.1 1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 0.1 ug/g LMM 4/14/11 SW5035A8260B isopropyl ether (DIPE) < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g < 0.1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE) 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 1,1-dichloroethane 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 SW5035A8260B ug/g < 2 2 1 t-butanol (TBA) ug/g LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 2-butanone (MEK) < 0.3 0.3 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 2,2-dichloropropane 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 SW5035A8260B ug/g cis-1,2-dichloroethene < 0.1 0.1 1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 ug/g LMM 4/14/11 SW5035A8260B chloroform < 0.1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 bromochloromethane < 0.1 0.1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g 1 1 tetrahydrofuran (THF) < 0.5 0.5 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g LMM 4/14/11 1,1,1-trichloroethane < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g 1,1-dichloropropene < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g t-amyl-methyl ether (TAME) < 0.1 1 19:12 0.1 ug/g LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 SW5035A8260B carbon tetrachloride < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 1,2-dichloroethane 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B benzene < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 trichloroethene 0.1 uq/q 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 1,2-dichloropropane < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g < 0.1 bromodichloromethane 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g 1.4-dioxane < 2 2 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 4089 4/19/11 dibromomethane 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B < 0.4 1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) 0.4 ug/g LMM 4/14/11 cis-1,3-dichloropropene < 0.1 1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 0.1 ug/g LMM 4/14/11 SW5035A8260B toluene < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B trans-1,3-dichloropropene < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 2-hexanone < 0.5 0.5 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g 1,1,2-trichloroethane < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g 1,3-dichloropropane < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B tetrachloroethene 0.1 LMM 4/14/11 ug/g dibromochloromethane < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-006

Sample ID: Trip Blank

Matrix: Solid

Sampled: 4/12/11 Quant Prep Analysis Instr Dil'n Date Parameter Result Limit Units Factor Analyst Date Batch Time Reference < 0.1 19:12 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 SW5035A8260B chlorobenzene < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 0.1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane ug/g 1 < 0.1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 ethylbenzene 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 m&p-xylenes 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g o-xylene < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 styrene 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B bromoform < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g isopropylbenzene 4089 4/19/11 < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 1,2,3-trichloropropane < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g < 0.1 n-propylbenzene 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B bromobenzene < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 2-chlorotoluene < 0.1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 < 0.1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 4-chlorotoluene 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 0.1 1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 tert-butylbenzene ug/g LMM 4/14/11 SW5035A8260B 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B sec-butylbenzene < 0.1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 1,3-dichlorobenzene < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g 4-isopropyltoluene < 0.1 0.1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g 1 1,4-dichlorobenzene < 0.1 0.1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g 1 < 0.1 1 1.2-dichlorobenzene 0.1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g n-butylbenzene < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g 1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) < 0.1 0.1 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B ug/g < 0.1 0.1 1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene ug/g LMM 4/14/11 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 1,3,5-trichlorobenzene 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 hexachlorobutadiene 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 SW5035A8260B naphthalene < 0.1 0.1 ug/g 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B < 0.1 0.1 1 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B 1,2,3-trichlorobenzene ug/g LMM 4/14/11 Surrogate Recovery Limits dibromofluoromethane SUR 98 78-114 % 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B toluene-D8 SUR 98 88-110 % 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B % 1 4-bromofluorobenzene SUR 102 86-115 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B a.a.a-trifluorotoluene SUR 85 70-130 % 1 LMM 4/14/11 4089 4/19/11 19:12 SW5035A8260B



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-001

Sample ID: SS-1

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 81.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:06			Instr Dil'n	Prep		Anal	lysis		
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
naphthalene	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
2-methylnaphthalene	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
acenaphthylene	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
acenaphthene	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
dibenzofuran	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
fluorene	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
phenanthrene	1.8	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
anthracene	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
fluoranthene	2.5	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
pyrene	2.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
benzo(a)anthracene	1.4	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
chrysene	1.5	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.9	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.3	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
benzo(a)pyrene	1.3	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.7	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.7	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D

Surrogate Recovery		Limits						
2-fluorobiphenyl SUR	61	43-116	%	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D
o-terphenyl SUR	78	33-141	%	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4/19/11	10:38	SW3550B8270D


Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-002

Sample ID: SS-2

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 32.9% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:15		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Anal	vsis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
naphthalene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
2-methylnaphthalene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
acenaphthylene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
acenaphthene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
dibenzofuran	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
fluorene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
phenanthrene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
anthracene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
fluoranthene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
pyrene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
benzo(a)anthracene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
chrysene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
benzo(b)fluoranthene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
benzo(k)fluoranthene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
benzo(a)pyrene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
benzo(g,h,i)perylene	< 1.5	1.5	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	S						
2-fluorobiphenyl SUR	52	43-116	%	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D
o-terphenyl SUR	71	33-141	%	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	11:15	SW3550B8270D



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-003

Sample ID: SS-3

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 24.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:20		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Anal	vsis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
naphthalene	< 1.9	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
2-methylnaphthalene	< 1.9	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
acenaphthylene	< 1.9	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
acenaphthene	< 1.9	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
dibenzofuran	< 1.9	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
fluorene	< 1.9	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
phenanthrene	5.4	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
anthracene	< 1.9	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
fluoranthene	6.5	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
pyrene	6.4	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
benzo(a)anthracene	3.2	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
chrysene	4.1	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.6	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.5	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
benzo(a)pyrene	3.1	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	< 1.9	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	< 1.9	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
benzo(g,h,i)perylene	< 1.9	1.9	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	s						
2-fluorobiphenyl SUR	44	43-116	%	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D
o-terphenyl SUR	54	33-141	%	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092	4/19/11	11:53	SW3550B8270D



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-004

Sample ID: SS-5

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 51.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:30		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Analy	/sis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
naphthalene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
2-methylnaphthalene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
acenaphthylene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
acenaphthene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
dibenzofuran	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
fluorene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
phenanthrene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
anthracene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
fluoranthene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
pyrene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
benzo(a)anthracene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
chrysene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
benzo(b)fluoranthene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
benzo(k)fluoranthene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
benzo(a)pyrene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
benzo(g,h,i)perylene	< 1.0	1.0	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	5						
2-fluorobiphenyl SUR	99	43-116	%	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D
o-terphenyl SUR	125	33-141	%	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	4/19/11	12:30	SW3550B8270D



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-005

Matrix: Solid

Samplad: 1/12/11

Percent Dry: 84% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Anal	lysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
naphthalene	1.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
2-methylnaphthalene	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
acenaphthylene	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
acenaphthene	0.9	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
dibenzofuran	0.9	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
fluorene	0.9	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
phenanthrene	8.5	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
anthracene	1.2	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
fluoranthene	9.0	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
pyrene	8.0	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
benzo(a)anthracene	4.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
chrysene	4.8	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.9	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.5	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
benzo(a)pyrene	3.8	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.6	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.7	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.4	0.6	ug/g	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	s						
2-fluorobiphenyl SUR	62	43-116	%	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D
o-terphenyl SUR	79	33-141	%	1	AJD 4/18/11	4092 4	/19/11	13:07	SW3550B8270D



Sample ID: SS-DUP

Job ID: 21283

#### Sample#: 21283-003

Sample ID: SS-3

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 24.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:20		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep	An	alysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch Date	Time	Reference
PCB-1016	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	20:42	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1221	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	20:42	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1232	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	20:42	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1242	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	20:42	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1248	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	20:42	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1254	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	20:42	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1260	< 0.6	0.6	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	20:42	SW3540C8082A
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	s					
tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR	79	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	20:42	SW3540C8082A
decachlorobiphenyl SUR	79	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	20:42	SW3540C8082A

#### Sample#: 21283-004

Sample ID: SS-5

Matrix: Solid

Percent Dry: 51.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:30		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep	Ana	alysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch Date	Time	Reference
PCB-1016	< 0.3	0.3	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:13	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1221	< 0.3	0.3	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:13	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1232	< 0.3	0.3	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:13	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1242	< 0.3	0.3	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:13	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1248	< 0.3	0.3	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:13	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1254	< 0.3	0.3	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:13	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1260	< 0.3	0.3	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:13	SW3540C8082A
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	S					
tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR	71	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:13	SW3540C8082A
decachlorobiphenyl SUR	86	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:13	SW3540C8082A



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-007

Sample ID: BM-1

Matrix: Solid

Sampled: 4/12/11 11:00		Quant		nstr Dil'n	Prep	Anal	ysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch Date	Time	Reference
PCB-1016	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:43	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1221	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:43	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1232	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:43	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1242	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:43	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1248	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:43	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1254	0.4	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:43	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1260	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:43	SW3540C8082A
Surrogate Recovery		Limits	S					
tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR	48	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:43	SW3540C8082A
decachlorobiphenyl SUR	53	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	21:43	SW3540C8082A

Sample#: 21283-008

Sample ID: BM-2

Matrix: Solid

Sampled: 4/12/11 11:25		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep	Ar	nalysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch Date	Time	Reference
PCB-1016	< 0.4	0.4	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/1	1 9:17	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1221	< 0.4	0.4	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/1	1 9:17	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1232	< 0.4	0.4	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/1	1 9:17	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1242	< 0.4	0.4	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/1	1 9:17	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1248	< 0.4	0.4	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/1	1 9:17	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1254	< 0.4	0.4	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/1	1 9:17	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1260	< 0.4	0.4	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/1	1 9:17	SW3540C8082A
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	s					
tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR	40	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/1	1 9:17	SW3540C8082A
decachlorobiphenyl SUR	27 *	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/1	1 9:17	SW3540C8082A

\* The surrogate showed recovery outside the acceptance limits. No additional sample remained for re-analysis.



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-009

Sample ID: BM-3

Matrix: Solid

Sampled: 4/12/11 11:40		Quant		nstr Dil'n	Prep	Ana	lysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch Date	Time	Reference
PCB-1016	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:14	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1221	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:14	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1232	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:14	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1242	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:14	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1248	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:14	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1254	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:14	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1260	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:14	SW3540C8082A
Surrogate Recovery		Limits	S					
tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR	44	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:14	SW3540C8082A
decachlorobiphenyl SUR	49	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:14	SW3540C8082A

#### Sample#: 21283-010

Sample ID: BM-DUP

Matrix: Solid

Sampled: 4/12/11		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep	Anal	lysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch Date	Time	Reference
PCB-1016	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:45	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1221	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:45	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1232	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:45	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1242	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:45	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1248	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:45	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1254	0.3	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:45	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1260	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:45	SW3540C8082A
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	S					
tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR	76	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:45	SW3540C8082A
decachlorobiphenyl SUR	77	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	22:45	SW3540C8082A



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-011

Sample ID: FS-1

Matrix: Solid

Sampled: 4/12/11 10:30		Quant	I	nstr Dil'n	Prep	Anal	ysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch Date	Time	Reference
PCB-1016	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	23:15	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1221	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	23:15	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1232	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	23:15	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1242	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	23:15	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1248	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	23:15	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1254	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	23:15	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1260	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	23:15	SW3540C8082A
Surrogate Recovery		Limits	i					
tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR	55	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	23:15	SW3540C8082A
decachlorobiphenyl SUR	11 *	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/18/11	4094 4/20/11	23:15	SW3540C8082A

\* The surrogate showed recovery outside the acceptance limits. Reanalysis of the sample showed similar results. Matrix interference suspected.

Sample#: 21283-012

Sample ID: FS-2

Matrix: Solid

Sampled: 4/12/11 10:35		Quant	I	Instr Dil'n	Prep	Anal	ysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch Date	Time	Reference
PCB-1016	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	9:48	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1221	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	9:48	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1232	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	9:48	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1242	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	9:48	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1248	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	9:48	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1254	0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	9:48	SW3540C8082A
PCB-1260	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	9:48	SW3540C8082A
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	s					
tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR	59	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	9:48	SW3540C8082A
decachlorobiphenyl SUR	53	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	9:48	SW3540C8082A



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-013

Sample ID: FS-3

Matrix: Solid

	Quant	I	nstr Dil'n	Prep	Anal	ysis	
Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch Date	Time	Reference
< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	10:19	SW3540C8082A
< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	10:19	SW3540C8082A
< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	10:19	SW3540C8082A
< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	10:19	SW3540C8082A
< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	10:19	SW3540C8082A
< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	10:19	SW3540C8082A
< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	10:19	SW3540C8082A
	Limits	s					
63	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	10:19	SW3540C8082A
64	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/21/11	10:19	SW3540C8082A
	Result < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2 < 0.2	Quant           Result         Limit           < 0.2	Quant         Units           Result         Limit         Units           < 0.2	Quant         Instr Dil'n           Result         Limit         Units         Factor           < 0.2	QuantInstr Dil'nPrepResultLimitUnitsFactorAnalystDate< 0.2	Quant         Instr Dil'n         Prep         Analyst         Date         Batch         Date           < 0.2	QuantInstr Dil'nPrepBatchDateAnalystPrep $Result$ LimitUnitsFactorAnalystDateBatchDateTime $< 0.2$ 0.2ug/g1 $JLZ$ $4/20/11$ 4094 $4/21/11$ 10:19 $< 0.2$ 0.2ug/g1 $JLZ$ $4/20/11$ $4094$ $4/21/11$ 10:19

Sample#: 21283-014

Sample ID: FS-4

Matrix: Solid

Sampled: 4/12/11 10:45	Quant			Instr Dil'n	Prep	o Analysis				
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch D	ate Time	Reference		
PCB-1016	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/2	1/11 10:49	SW3540C8082A		
PCB-1221	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/2	1/11 10:49	SW3540C8082A		
PCB-1232	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/2	1/11 10:49	SW3540C8082A		
PCB-1242	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/2	1/11 10:49	SW3540C8082A		
PCB-1248	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/2	1/11 10:49	SW3540C8082A		
PCB-1254	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/2	1/11 10:49	SW3540C8082A		
PCB-1260	< 0.2	0.2	ug/g	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/2	1/11 10:49	SW3540C8082A		
Surrogate Recovery		Limit	s							
tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR	67	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/2	1/11 10:49	SW3540C8082A		
decachlorobiphenyl SUR	70	30-150	%	1	JLZ 4/20/11	4094 4/2	1/11 10:49	SW3540C8082A		

Sample#:	21283-00	03										
Sample ID:	SS-3											
Matrix:	Solid	Percent Dr	y: 24.8%	Results	express	ed on a	dry weig	ght basis.				
Sampled:	4/12/11	12:20		Quant		nstr Dil'n		Prep		Anal	ysis	
Parameter			Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst	Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
TPH C10-C36			< 770	770	ug/g	1	JLZ 4	4/18/11	4093	4/19/11	16:12	SW3550B8100m
Surrogate Rec	overy			Limits	5							
2-fluorobipheny	I SUR		50	40-140	%	1	JLZ 4	4/18/11	4093	4/19/11	16:12	SW3550B8100m
o-terphenvl SUF	२		41	40-140	%	1	.11 7 4	4/18/11	4093	4/19/11	16:12	SW3550B8100m



Job ID: 21283

Sample#: 21283-001

```
Sample ID: SS-1
```

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 81.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:06		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Anal	ysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
Arsenic	9.4	0.6	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:33	SW3051A6010C
Barium	84	3	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:33	SW3051A6010C
Cadmium	0.6	0.2	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:33	SW3051A6010C
Chromium	10	3	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:33	SW3051A6010C
Lead	810	0.6	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:33	SW3051A6010C
Mercury	0.87	0.08	ug/g	1	BJS 4/19/11	4105	4/19/11	14:25	SW7471B
Selenium	< 3	3	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:33	SW3051A6010C
Silver	< 0.4	0.4	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:33	SW3051A6010C

#### Sample#: 21283-002

Sample ID: SS-2

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 32.9% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:15		Quant	I	Instr Dil'n	Prep		Anal		
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
Arsenic	14	1.3	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:41	SW3051A6010C
Barium	580	7	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:41	SW3051A6010C
Cadmium	4.5	0.5	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:41	SW3051A6010C
Chromium	28	7	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:41	SW3051A6010C
Lead	5500	1.3	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:41	SW3051A6010C
Mercury	1.1	0.18	ug/g	1	BJS 4/19/11	4105	4/19/11	14:47	SW7471B
Selenium	< 7	7	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:41	SW3051A6010C
Silver	< 0.9	0.9	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	17:41	SW3051A6010C

#### Sample#: 21283-003

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 24.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:20		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Analysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date Tim	e Reference
Arsenic	17	2.0	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090 4	/15/11 17:4	48 SW3051A6010C
Barium	1000	10	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090 4	/15/11 17:4	48 SW3051A6010C
Cadmium	6.0	0.8	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090 4	/15/11 17:4	48 SW3051A6010C
Chromium	43	10	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090 4	/15/11 17:4	48 SW3051A6010C
Lead	8400	2.0	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090 4	/15/11 17:4	48 SW3051A6010C
Mercury	2.0	0.25	ug/g	1	BJS 4/19/11	4105 4	/19/11 14:4	45 SW7471B
Selenium	< 10	10	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090 4	/15/11 17:4	48 SW3051A6010C
Silver	< 1.4	1.4	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090 4	/15/11 17:4	48 SW3051A6010C



Sample ID: SS-3

Job ID: 21283

#### Sample#: 21283-004

Sample ID: SS-5

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 51.8% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11 12:30		Quant		Instr Dil'n	Prep		Anal	ysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
Arsenic	7.3	0.7	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:31	SW3051A6010C
Barium	250	4	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:31	SW3051A6010C
Cadmium	0.8	0.3	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:31	SW3051A6010C
Chromium	22	4	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:31	SW3051A6010C
Lead	3100	0.7	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:31	SW3051A6010C
Mercury	< 0.12	0.12	ug/g	1	BJS 4/19/11	4105	4/19/11	14:44	SW7471B
Selenium	< 4	4	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:31	SW3051A6010C
Silver	< 0.5	0.5	ug/g	1	BJS 4/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:31	SW3051A6010C

#### Sample#: 21283-005

Sample ID: SS-DUP

Matrix: Solid Percent Dry: 84% Results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Sampled: 4/12/11		Quant		Instr Dil'n		Prep		Anal	ysis	
Parameter	Result	Limit	Units	Factor	Analyst	Date	Batch	Date	Time	Reference
Arsenic	19	0.5	ug/g	1	BJS 4/	/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:39	SW3051A6010C
Barium	74	3	ug/g	1	BJS 4/	/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:39	SW3051A6010C
Cadmium	0.6	0.2	ug/g	1	BJS 4/	/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:39	SW3051A6010C
Chromium	9	3	ug/g	1	BJS 4/	/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:39	SW3051A6010C
Lead	770	0.5	ug/g	1	BJS 4/	/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:39	SW3051A6010C
Mercury	0.82	0.07	ug/g	1	BJS 4/	/19/11	4105	4/19/11	14:42	SW7471B
Selenium	< 3	3	ug/g	1	BJS 4/	/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:39	SW3051A6010C
Silver	< 0.4	0.4	ug/g	1	BJS 4/	/15/11	4090	4/15/11	18:39	SW3051A6010C



# **Quality Control Report**



124 Heritage Avenue Unit 10 Portsmouth, NH 03801 www.absoluteresourceassociates.com

## Absolute Resource

issociates

#### Case Narrative Lab # 21283

#### Sample Receiving and Chain of Custody Discrepancies

Samples were received in acceptable condition, at 0 degrees C, on ice, and in accordance with sample handling, preservation and integrity guidelines.

#### Calibration

No exceptions noted.

#### **Method Blank**

No exceptions noted.

#### **Surrogate Recoveries**

VOC: Sample 21283-002 and -003 did not meet the acceptance criteria for the extraction surrogate a,a,a-trifluorotoluene. This is likely a result of high moisture content in the sample.

PCB: The percent recovery for the surrogate, decachlorobiphenyl, for 21283-008 was outside the acceptance criteria. Matrix interference is suspected. No additional sample remained for re-analysis.

PCB: The percent recovery for the surrogate, decachlorobiphenyl, for 21283-012 was outside the acceptance criteria. Re-analysis of the sample showed similar results. Matrix interference is suspected.

#### Laboratory Control Sample Results

VOC: The MLCS/D4089 did not meet the acceptance criteria for dichlorodifluoromethane and 2,2dichloropropane. These compounds are known to be problematic in the method. The MLCS/D4089 did not meet the acceptance criteria for t-butanol (TBA) and 1,4-dioxane. These compounds showed high recovery. There is no impact to the data as these analytes were not detected in the associated samples.

Mercury: The relative percent difference between the LCS and LCSD4105 was outside the acceptance criteria for mercury. The percent recovery for this element in each QC parameter was within the acceptance criteria. No impact to the data suspected.

#### Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate/Duplicate Results

Not requested for this project.

#### Other

EPH: The fractionation check sample (LCS) for the batch of silica gel in use for these samples met the method acceptance criteria.

VOC: Dilution was required due to the foaming properties of sample 21283-003.

Reporting Limits: Dilutions performed during the analysis are noted on the result pages.

No other exceptions noted.

### - QC Report -

Method	QC ID	Parameter	Associated Sample		Result	Units Amt Added	%R	Limits	RPD	RPD Limit
SW5035A8260B	8 MB4089	dichlorodifluoromethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		chloromethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		vinyl chloride		<	0.1	ug/g				
		bromomethane		<	0.2	ug/g				
		chloroethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		trichlorofluoromethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		diethyl ether		<	0.5	ug/g				
		acetone		<	2.5	ug/g				
		1,1-dichloroethene		<	0.1	ug/g				
		methylene chloride		<	0.2	ug/g				
		carbon disulfide		<	0.1	ug/g				
		methyl t-butyl ether (MTB	E)	<	0.1	ug/g				
		trans-1,2-dichloroethene		<	0.1	ug/g				
		isopropyl ether (DIPE)		<	0.1	ug/g				
		ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE)		<	0.1	ug/g				
		1,1-dichloroethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		t-butanol (TBA)		<	2.5	ug/g				
		2-butanone (MEK)		<	0.5	ug/g				
		2,2-dichloropropane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		cis-1,2-dichloroethene		<	0.1	ug/g				
		chloroform		<	0.1	ug/g				
		bromochloromethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		tetrahydrofuran (THF)		<	0.5	ug/g				
		1,1,1-trichloroethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		1,1-dichloropropene		<	0.1	ug/g				
		t-amyl-methyl ether (TAM	E)	<	0.1	ug/g				
		carbon tetrachloride		<	0.1	ug/g				
		1,2-dichloroethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		benzene		<	0.1	ug/g				
		trichloroethene		<	0.1	ug/g				
		1,2-dichloropropane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		bromodichloromethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		1,4-dioxane		<	2.5	ug/g				
		dibromomethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		4-methyl-2-pentanone (MI	BK)	<	0.5	ug/g				
		cis-1,3-dichloropropene		<	0.1	ug/g				
		toluene		<	0.1	ug/g				
		trans-1,3-dichloropropene		<	0.1	ug/g				
		2-hexanone		<	0.5	ug/g				
		1,1,2-trichloroethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		1,3-dichloropropane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		tetrachloroethene		<	0.1	ug/g				
		dibromochloromethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
		1,2-dibromoethane (EDB)		<	0.1	ug/g				
				<	0.1	ug/g				
		1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane		<	0.1	ug/g				
				<	0.1	ug/g				
		map-xylenes		<	0.1	ug/g				
		o-xyiene		<	0.1	ug/g				
		SILIE		`	0.1	uy/y				



Method	QC ID	Parameter	Associated Sample		Result	Units Amt Added	%R	Lin	nits	RPD	RPD Limit
SW5035A82	60B MB4089	bromoform		<	0.1	ug/g					
		isopropylbenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane		<	0.1	ug/g					
		1,2,3-trichloropropane		<	0.1	ug/g					
		n-propylbenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		bromobenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		1,3,5-trimethylbenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		2-chlorotoluene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		4-chlorotoluene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		tert-butylbenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		sec-butylbenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		1,3-dichlorobenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		4-isopropyltoluene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		1,4-dichlorobenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		1,2-dichlorobenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		n-butylbenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropar	ne	<	0.1	ug/g					
		1,2,4-trichlorobenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		1,3,5-trichlorobenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		hexachlorobutadiene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		naphthalene		<	0.2	ug/g					
		1,2,3-trichlorobenzene		<	0.1	ug/g					
		dibromofluoromethane SUF	र		99	%		78	114		
		toluene-D8 SUR			99	%		88	110		
		4-bromofluorobenzene SUF	र		98	%		86	115		
		a,a,a-trifluorotoluene SUR			87	%		70	130		



Method	QC ID	Parameter	Associated Sample	Result	Units A	mt Added	%R		Li	mits	RPD	RPD Limit
SW5035A8260E	B MLCS4089	dichlorodifluoromethane		0.6	ug/g	1	60	*	70	130		
		chloromethane		0.8	ug/g	1	84		70	130		
		vinyl chloride		0.8	ug/g	1	83		70	130		
		bromomethane		0.7	ug/g	1	71		70	130		
		chloroethane		1.0	ug/g	1	97		70	130		
		trichlorofluoromethane		0.9	ug/g	1	88		70	130		
		diethyl ether		1.1	ug/g	1	107		70	130		
		acetone		< 2.5	ug/g	1	114					
		1,1-dichloroethene		0.7	ug/g	1	74		70	130		
		methylene chloride		1.0	ug/g	1	103		70	130		
		carbon disulfide		0.9	ug/g	1	86		70	130		
		methyl t-butyl ether (MTB	E)	1.1	ug/g	1	106		70	130		
		trans-1,2-dichloroethene		0.9	ug/g	1	92		70	130		
		isopropyl ether (DIPE)		1.0	ug/g	1	100		70	130		
		ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE)	)	1.0	ug/g	1	103		70	130		
		1,1-dichloroethane		1.0	ug/g	1	95		70	130		
		t-butanol (TBA)		7.2	ug/g	5	144	*	70	130		
		2-butanone (MEK)		1.2	ug/g	1	116		70	130		
		2,2-dichloropropane		0.6	ug/g	1	57	*	70	130		
		cis-1,2-dichloroethene		1.0	ug/g	1	98		70	130		
		chloroform		1.0	ug/g	1	99		70	130		
		bromochloromethane		1.0	ug/g	1	97		70	130		
		tetrahydrofuran (THF)		1.0	ug/g	1	102		70	130		
		1,1,1-trichloroethane		0.9	ug/g	1	93		70	130		
		1,1-dichloropropene		0.9	ug/g	1	94		70	130		
		t-amyl-methyl ether (TAN	IE)	1.0	ug/g	1	105		70	130		
		carbon tetrachloride		0.7	ug/g	1	74		70	130		
		1,2-dichloroethane		1.0	ug/g	1	105		70	130		
		benzene		1.0	ug/g	1	99		70	130		
		trichloroethene		0.9	ug/g	1	89		70	130		
		1,2-dichloropropane		1.0	ug/g	1	95		70	130		
		bromodichloromethane		0.9	ug/g	1	91		70	130		
		1,4-dioxane		2.6	ug/g	2	132	*	70	130		
		dibromomethane		1.0	ug/g	1	100		70	130		
		4-methyl-2-pentanone (M	IBK)	1.0	ug/g	1	98		70	130		
		cis-1,3-dichloropropene		0.9	ug/g	1	88		70	130		
		toluene		1.0	ug/g	1	103		70	130		
		trans-1,3-dichloropropene	)	0.8	ug/g	1	77		70	130		
		2-hexanone		0.9	ug/g	1	86		70	130		
		1,1,2-trichloroethane		1.1	ug/g	1	106		70	130		
		1,3-dichloropropane		1.0	ug/g	1	102		70	130		
		tetrachloroethene		1.0	ug/g	1	96		70	130		
		dibromochloromethane		0.8	ug/g	1	84		70	130		
		1,2-dibromoethane (EDB)		1.0	ug/g	1	96		70	130		
		chlorobenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	102		70	130		
		1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane		0.9	ug/g	1	90		70	130		
		ethylbenzene		1.1	ug/g	1	110		70	130		
		m&p-xylenes		2.2	ug/g	2	111		70	130		
		o-xylene		1.1	ug/g	1	110		70	130		
		styrene		1.1	ug/g	1	108		70	130		
		bromoform		0.8	ug/g	1	85		70	130		



Method	QC ID	Parameter	Associated Sample	Result	Units A	Amt Added	%R	Liı	nits	RPD	RPD Limit
SW5035A8260B	MLCS4089	isopropylbenzene		1.1	ug/g	1	110	70	130		
		1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane		1.0	ug/g	1	105	70	130		
		1,2,3-trichloropropane		1.0	ug/g	1	102	70	130		
		n-propylbenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	100	70	130		
		bromobenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	102	70	130		
		1,3,5-trimethylbenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	102	70	130		
		2-chlorotoluene		1.0	ug/g	1	101	70	130		
		4-chlorotoluene		1.1	ug/g	1	105	70	130		
		tert-butylbenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	100	70	130		
		1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	105	70	130		
		sec-butylbenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	96	70	130		
		1,3-dichlorobenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	102	70	130		
		4-isopropyltoluene		0.9	ug/g	1	92	70	130		
		1,4-dichlorobenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	98	70	130		
		1,2-dichlorobenzene		1.1	ug/g	1	107	70	130		
		n-butylbenzene		0.9	ug/g	1	90	70	130		
		1,2-dibromo-3-chloroprop	ane	0.8	ug/g	1	77	70	130		
		1,2,4-trichlorobenzene		0.9	ug/g	1	87	70	130		
		1,3,5-trichlorobenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	97	70	130		
		hexachlorobutadiene		0.9	ug/g	1	85	70	130		
		naphthalene		0.9	ug/g	1	94	70	130		
		1,2,3-trichlorobenzene		0.9	ug/g	1	89	70	130		
		dibromofluoromethane SL	JR	98	%			78	114		
		toluene-D8 SUR		103	%			88	110		
		4-bromofluorobenzene SL	JR	111	%			86	115		
		a,a,a-trifluorotoluene SUF	R	88	%			70	130		



Method	QC ID	Parameter	Associated Sample		Result	Units A	Mat Added	%R		Lir	nits	RPD	RPD Limit
SW5035A8260B	MLCSD4089	dichlorodifluoromethane			0.6	ug/g	1	60	*	70	130	1	30
		chloromethane			0.8	ug/g	1	82		70	130	2	30
		vinyl chloride			0.8	ug/g	1	82		70	130	1	30
		bromomethane			0.9	ug/g	1	86		70	130	19	30
		chloroethane			1.0	ug/g	1	101		70	130	4	30
		trichlorofluoromethane			0.9	ug/g	1	92		70	130	5	30
		diethyl ether			1.1	ug/g	1	105		70	130	2	30
		acetone		<	2.5	ug/g	1	122				7	30
		1,1-dichloroethene			0.8	ug/g	1	76		70	130	4	30
		methylene chloride			1.0	ug/g	1	103		70	130	1	30
		carbon disulfide			0.9	ug/g	1	89		70	130	3	30
		methyl t-butyl ether (MTB	Ξ)		1.1	ug/g	1	107		70	130	2	30
		trans-1,2-dichloroethene			0.9	ug/g	1	94		70	130	2	30
		isopropyl ether (DIPE)			1.0	ug/g	1	103		70	130	4	30
		ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE)			1.1	ug/g	1	106		70	130	3	30
		1,1-dichloroethane			1.0	ug/g	1	100		70	130	5	30
		t-butanol (TBA)			7.3	ug/g	5	147	*	70	130	2	30
		2-butanone (MEK)			1.1	ug/g	1	110		70	130	6	30
		2,2-dichloropropane			0.6	ug/g	1	58	*	70	130	2	30
		cis-1,2-dichloroethene			1.0	ug/g	1	102		70	130	4	30
		chloroform			1.0	ug/g	1	102		70	130	3	30
		bromochloromethane			0.9	ug/g	1	95		70	130	2	30
		tetrahydrofuran (THF)			1.1	ug/g	1	106		70	130	3	30
		1,1,1-trichloroethane			0.9	ug/g	1	93		70	130	0	30
		1,1-dichloropropene			1.0	ug/g	1	96		70	130	2	30
		t-amyl-methyl ether (TAMI	Ξ)		1.1	ug/g	1	109		70	130	4	30
		carbon tetrachloride			0.7	ug/g	1	73		70	130	1	30
		1,2-dichloroethane			1.1	ug/g	1	107		70	130	2	30
		benzene			1.0	ug/g	1	102		70	130	3	30
		trichloroethene			0.9	ug/g	1	94		70	130	5	30
		1,2-dichloropropane			1.0	ug/g	1	99		70	130	4	30
		bromodichloromethane			0.9	ug/g	1	90		70	130	1	30
		1,4-dioxane		<	2.5	ug/g	2	120		70	130	9	30
		dibromomethane			1.0	ug/g	1	100		70	130	0	30
		4-methyl-2-pentanone (MI	BK)		1.1	ug/g	1	106		70	130	8	30
		cis-1,3-dichloropropene			0.9	ug/g	1	89		70	130	1	30
		toluene			1.1	ug/g	1	105		70	130	2	30
		trans-1,3-dichloropropene			0.8	ug/g	1	76		70	130	2	30
		2-hexanone			0.9	ug/g	1	90		70	130	5	30
		1,1,2-trichloroethane			1.0	ug/g	1	104		70	130	2	30
		1,3-dichloropropane			1.1	ug/g	1	105		70	130	3	30
		tetrachloroethene			1.0	ug/g	1	100		70	130	4	30
		dibromochloromethane			0.9	ug/g	1	88		70	130	4	30
		1,2-dibromoethane (EDB)			1.0	ug/g	1	100		70	130	4	30
		chlorobenzene			1.1	ug/g	1	108		70 70	130	6	30
		1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane			0.9	ug/g	1	91		70 70	130	1	30
		ethylbenzene			1.1	ug/g	1	113		70	130	3	30
		m&p-xylenes			2.3	ug/g	2	115		70	130	4	30
		o-xylene			1.1	ug/g	1	113		70	130	3	30
		styrene			1.1	ug/g	1	113		70 70	130	4	30
		Dromotorm			0.9	ug/g	1	88		10	130	4	30



Method	QC ID	Parameter	Associated Sample	Result	Units A	Amt Added	%R	Lii	nits	RPD	RPD Limit
SW5035A8260	B MLCSD4089	isopropylbenzene		1.2	ug/g	1	115	70	130	5	30
		1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane		1.1	ug/g	1	108	70	130	3	30
		1,2,3-trichloropropane		1.1	ug/g	1	109	70	130	6	30
		n-propylbenzene		1.1	ug/g	1	109	70	130	8	30
		bromobenzene		1.1	ug/g	1	109	70	130	7	30
		1,3,5-trimethylbenzene		1.1	ug/g	1	110	70	130	8	30
		2-chlorotoluene		1.1	ug/g	1	114	70	130	12	30
		4-chlorotoluene		1.1	ug/g	1	110	70	130	5	30
		tert-butylbenzene		1.1	ug/g	1	111	70	130	10	30
		1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		1.1	ug/g	1	112	70	130	7	30
		sec-butylbenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	105	70	130	9	30
		1,3-dichlorobenzene		1.1	ug/g	1	110	70	130	8	30
		4-isopropyltoluene		1.0	ug/g	1	99	70	130	8	30
		1,4-dichlorobenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	104	70	130	6	30
		1,2-dichlorobenzene		1.2	ug/g	1	117	70	130	9	30
		n-butylbenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	95	70	130	6	30
		1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropan	e	0.8	ug/g	1	78	70	130	1	30
		1,2,4-trichlorobenzene		0.9	ug/g	1	93	70	130	7	30
		1,3,5-trichlorobenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	98	70	130	0	30
		hexachlorobutadiene		0.9	ug/g	1	92	70	130	7	30
		naphthalene		1.0	ug/g	1	105	70	130	10	30
		1,2,3-trichlorobenzene		1.0	ug/g	1	99	70	130	11	30
		dibromofluoromethane SUR		99	%			78	114		
		toluene-D8 SUR		100	%			88	110		
		4-bromofluorobenzene SUR		114	%			86	115		
		a,a,a-trifluorotoluene SUR		90	%			70	130		



Method	QC ID	Parameter	Associated Sample	e	Result	Units A	Amt Added	%R	Li	mits	RPD	RPD Limit
SW3540C8082A	BLK4094	PCB-1016		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1221		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1232		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1242		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1248		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1254		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1260		<	0.1	ug/g						
		tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR			58	%			30	150		
		decachlorobiphenyl SUR			77	%			30	150		
SW3540C8082A	LCS4094	PCB-1016			1.4	ug/g	2	71	40	140		
		PCB-1221		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1232		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1242		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1248		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1254		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1260			1.7	ug/g	2	85	40	140		
		tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR			58	%			30	150		
		decachlorobiphenyl SUR			81	%			30	150		
SW3540C8082A	LCSD4094	PCB-1016			1.3	ug/g	2	67	40	140	5	30
		PCB-1221		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1232		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1242		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1248		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1254		<	0.1	ug/g						
		PCB-1260			1.7	ug/g	2	83	40	140	2	30
		tetrachloro-m-xylene SUR			57	%			30	150		
		decachlorobiphenyl SUR			77	%			30	150		
SW3550B8100	BI K/093			٢	200	ua/a						
0110000000100	DLIN	2-fluorobinhenvl SUR			200 76	ug/g %			40	140		
		o-terphenyl SUR			68	%			40	140		
SW3550B8100	LCS4093	TPH C10-C36			2200	ua/a	2500	87	40	140		
	2001000	2-fluorobiphenvl SUR			94	~9/9 %	2000	0,	40	140		
		o-terphenyl SUR			81	%			40	140		
SW3550B8100	MS4093	TPH C10-C36	21291-003		2400	ug/g	2963	80	40	140		
		2-fluorobiphenyl SUR	21291-003		89	%			40	140		
		o-terphenyl SUR	21291-003		69	%			40	140		



Method QC ID	Parameter	Associated Sample		Result	Units Amt Added	%R	Li	mits	RPD	RPD Limit
SW3550B8270D BLK4092	naphthalene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	2-methylnaphthalene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	acenaphthylene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	acenaphthene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	dibenzofuran		<	0.50	ug/g					
	fluorene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	phenanthrene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	anthracene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	fluoranthene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	pyrene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	benzo(a)anthracene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	chrysene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	benzo(b)fluoranthene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	benzo(k)fluoranthene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	benzo(a)pyrene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	dibenzo(a,h)anthracene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	benzo(g,h,i)perylene		<	0.50	ug/g					
	2-fluorobiphenyl SUR			70	%		43	116		
	o-terphenyl SUR			94	%		33	141		
SW3550B8270D DUP4092	naphthalene	21318-011	<	0.55	ug/g					30
	2-methylnaphthalene	21318-011	<	0.55	ug/g					30
	acenaphthylene	21318-011	<	0.55	ug/g					30
	acenaphthene	21318-011	<	0.55	ug/g					30
	dibenzofuran	21318-011	<	0.55	ug/g					30
	fluorene	21318-011	<	0.55	ug/g					30
	phenanthrene	21318-011		1.3	ug/g				24	30
	anthracene	21318-011	<	0.55	ug/g					30
	fluoranthene	21318-011		2.5	ug/g				6	30
	pyrene	21318-011		2.7	ug/g				11	30
	benzo(a)anthracene	21318-011		1.5	ug/g				3	30
	chrysene	21318-011		1.6	ug/g				5	30
	benzo(b)fluoranthene	21318-011		1.3	ug/g				11	30
	benzo(k)fluoranthene	21318-011		1.8	ug/g				70	30
	benzo(a)pyrene	21318-011		1.5	ug/g				3	30
	indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	21318-011	<	0.55	ug/g					30
	dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	21318-011	<	0.55	ug/g					30
	benzo(g,h,i)perylene	21318-011	<	0.55	ug/g					30
	2-fluorobiphenyl SUR	21318-011		68	%		43	116		
	o-terphenyl SUR	21318-011		91	%		33	141		



Method	QC ID	Parameter	Associated Sample		Result	Units A	Amt Added	%R	Li	mits	RPD	RPD Limit
SW3550B8270D	) LCS4092	naphthalene			3.1	ug/g	4	78	40	140		
		2-methylnaphthalene			2.9	ug/g	4	72	40	140		
		acenaphthylene			3.1	ug/g	4	77	40	140		
		acenaphthene			3.1	ug/g	4	78	40	140		
		dibenzofuran		<	0.50	ug/g						
		fluorene			3.0	ug/g	4	74	40	140		
		phenanthrene			3.0	ug/g	4	76	40	140		
		anthracene			2.9	ug/g	4	73	40	140		
		fluoranthene			2.7	ug/g	4	68	40	140		
		pyrene			3.3	ug/g	4	82	40	140		
		benzo(a)anthracene			3.6	ug/g	4	90	40	140		
		chrysene			3.7	ug/g	4	92	40	140		
		benzo(b)fluoranthene			2.8	ug/g	4	69	40	140		
		benzo(k)fluoranthene			3.4	ug/g	4	85	40	140		
		benzo(a)pyrene			3.2	ug/g	4	79	40	140		
		indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene			3.3	ug/g	4	83	40	140		
		dibenzo(a,h)anthracene			3.2	ug/g	4	80	40	140		
		benzo(g,h,i)perylene			3.2	ug/g	4	79	40	140		
		2-fluorobiphenyl SUR			74	%			43	116		
		o-terphenyl SUR			97	%			33	141		



Method QC ID	Parameter		Associated Sample		Result	Units	Amt Added	%R		Li	mits	RPD	<b>RPD</b> Limit
SW3550B8270D MS40	92 naphthalene	)	21318-001		4.1	ug/g	4.96	83		40	140		
	2-methylnap	ohthalene	21318-001		4.0	ug/g	4.96	81		40	140		
	acenaphthy	lene	21318-001		4.0	ug/g	4.96	80		40	140		
	acenaphthe	ne	21318-001		4.1	ug/g	4.96	82		40	140		
	dibenzofura	n	21318-001	<	0.62	ug/g							
	fluorene		21318-001		3.9	ug/g	4.96	78		40	140		
	phenanthrer	ne	21318-001		4.2	ug/g	4.96	64		40	140		
	anthracene		21318-001		4.1	ug/g	4.96	77		40	140		
	fluoranthene	9	21318-001		3.8	ug/g	4.96	52		40	140		
	pyrene		21318-001		4.7	ug/g	4.96	73		40	140		
	benzo(a)ant	hracene	21318-001		4.7	ug/g	4.96	82		40	140		
	chrysene		21318-001		4.6	ug/g	4.96	79		40	140		
	benzo(b)fluc	oranthene	21318-001		4.8	ug/g	4.96	87		40	140		
	benzo(k)fluc	oranthene	21318-001		5.5	ug/g	4.96	101		40	140		
	benzo(a)pyr	ene	21318-001		4.2	ug/g	4.96	74		40	140		
	indeno(1,2,3	3-cd)pyrene	21318-001		1.9	ug/g	4.96	33	*	40	140		
	dibenzo(a,h	)anthracene	21318-001		1.9	ug/g	4.96	36	*	40	140		
	benzo(g,h,i)	perylene	21318-001		1.3	ug/g	4.96	21	*	40	140		
	2-fluorobiph	enyl SUR	21318-001		69	%				43	116		
	o-terphenyl	SUR	21318-001		94	%				33	141		
SW3550B8270D MS40	92 naphthalene	)	21318-011		3.6	ug/g	4.36	82		40	140		
	2-methylnap	ohthalene	21318-011		3.7	ug/g	4.36	84		40	140		
	acenaphthy	lene	21318-011		3.6	ug/g	4.36	80		40	140		
	acenaphthe	ne	21318-011		3.7	ug/g	4.36	84		40	140		
	dibenzofura	n	21318-011	<	0.55	ug/g							
	fluorene		21318-011		3.5	ug/g	4.36	80		40	140		
	phenanthrer	ne	21318-011		4.8	ug/g	4.36	86		40	140		
	anthracene		21318-011		3.8	ug/g	4.36	83		40	140		
	fluoranthene	9	21318-011		5.8	ug/g	4.36	79		40	140		
	pyrene		21318-011		6.7	ug/g	4.36	98		40	140		
	benzo(a)ant	hracene	21318-011		5.6	ug/g	4.36	94		40	140		
	chrysene		21318-011		5.8	ug/g	4.36	98		40	140		
	benzo(b)fluc	oranthene	21318-011		6.9	ug/g	4.36	124		40	140		
	benzo(k)fluc	oranthene	21318-011		5.2	ug/g	4.36	101		40	140		
	benzo(a)pyr	ene	21318-011		5.2	ug/g	4.36	86		40	140		
	indeno(1,2,3	3-cd)pyrene	21318-011		2.1	ug/g	4.36	30	*	40	140		
	dibenzo(a,h	)anthracene	21318-011		2.1	ug/g	4.36	41		40	140		
	benzo(g,h,i)	perylene	21318-011		1.7	ug/g	4.36	19	*	40	140		
	2-fluorobiph	enyl SUR	21318-011		71	%				43	116		
	o-terphenyl	SUR	21318-011		95	%				33	141		



Method	QC ID	Parameter	Associated Sample		Result	Units A	Mt Added	%R	Li	mits	R	PD	RPI	) Limit
SW3051A6010	C BLK4090	Silver		<	0.25	ug/g								
		Arsenic		<	0.50	ug/g								
		Barium		<	2.5	ug/g								
		Cadmium		<	0.20	ug/g								
		Chromium		<	2.5	ug/g								
		Lead		<	0.50	ug/g								
		Selenium		<	2.5	ug/g								
SW3051A6010	C CRM4090	Silver			39	ug/g	38		25.1	51.9				
		Arsenic			420	ug/g	400		292	508				
		Barium			24	ug/g	25		0	51.3				
		Cadmium			17	ug/g	15		8.71	22				
		Chromium			13	ug/g	14		2.45	24.7				
		Lead			5100	ug/g	5100		3753	6469				
		Selenium			6.0	ug/g	6.6		0	18.4				
SW3051A6010	C CRMD4090	Silver			37	ug/g	38		25.1	51.9		5		20
		Arsenic			400	ug/g	400		292	508		7		20
		Barium			23	ug/g	25		0	51.3		3		20
		Cadmium			16	ug/g	15		8.71	22		6		20
		Chromium			14	ug/g	14		2.45	24.7		7		20
		Lead			5000	ug/g	5100		3753	6469		3		20
		Selenium			6.6	ug/g	6.6		0	18.4		9		20
SW3051A6010	OC DUP4090	Lead	21274-003		4.2	ug/g					5			35
SW7471B	BLK4105	Mercury		<	0.02	ug/g								
SW7471B	CRM4105	Mercury			1.1	ug/g	1.1		0.49	1.76				
SW7471B	CRMD4105	Mercury			1.3	ug/g	1.1		0.49	1.76		21	*	20
SW7471B	MS4105	Mercury	21291-002		0.40	ug/g	0.173	104	75	125				



CUSTODY RECORD QSD-01 Revision 12/23/10	(10 Business Days) *Date Needed	TAT REQUESTED         Priority (24 hr)*         Expedited (48 hr)*         Expedited (48 hr)*		a Telp	- SS	SS SS	SS ?	SS <sup>(a.</sup>	2/283-01 SS	Lab Sample Fiel ID ID	Invoice To: Creelere X	Phone #: 802-98	Report To: S, Ics	776 Man	Company Name:	Absolute I	
Relinquished by:	REPORTING INST	See absoluteresourceas for sample acceptanc current accreditat		LANK 1	DUP Z I	52	\$ 53	1, 2 2	- 12 X	CONTAINERS     WATER     SOLID	tssoc. etcs	9-2337	anavan	n St. Westin	& ASSOCI	Resource	*
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QSD-01 Revision 12/23/10	RECORD	CUSTODY	*Date Needed	(10 Business Days)	TAT REQUESTED         Priority (24 hr)*         Expedited (48 hr)*			19 FS -	13 15-	イス デジー	-11 FS-	-10 BM.	MEI POT	-08 BM-	21353-07 BM-	Sample Fie ID ID (Lab Use Only)	Lab	Invoice To: Crelere	Phone #: 802 - 980	10:21/25	· NIVN 926	Company Native.	Compose Nome:	Absolute	
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