

UBS	LEGIAL ADVERTISEMENTS. HOTICE OF SPECIAL SLECTION. PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Special Election will be	S			
Held					
be or-	FRIDA, THE MOTO DAY OF MARKES AND THE MARKES AND TH	wi tii ge sh Pi			
m, otty myinga drman,					
e local of both will be ambers	act was approved on the Eric day of Palentary, 1918. NOTICE IS PURTHER GIVEN that the Board of Registry and Election shall meet on FRIDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF MARCE.	ati to th of co			
ambers jetions, organ- is is to	at the place atoresaid, from 1 o'clock to 9 o'clock 5. m., for the purpose of ravising and correcting the registry lists in the manner provided in the	ac fo			
ar-sav- a open	shall need on PRIMAY. THE STYRE DAY OF MARKER 1888. I the place of the first account of the	of ni			
be in the the	sergen and Farsaic and point being where the division line between a trace of Leiles acres, owned by Heiter Vulla, and that of the land of Julies J. Durand, if projected aguarty, would intersect the aforeast county line, and				
ercival Ernest oph D. Kane, on, M.	part along said division line, about afty chains to the middle of the Conk-	in hi m Ci			2
shop s mills ast one cach sixteen	(2) along the middle of the said Conk- lintown road, southwesterly and north- westerly to the middle of a right of way leading to the lands of the said Heitaro Fujita, and thence along said right of way northerly about sight	in his man of the control of the con			many as
stamp,	chains fity links to a point epocatic the corner of lands of the said fictions Fullts and that of a tract of \$.30 acres now or formerly owned by J. Gastan Draw; (3) about north sixty-sine de-	et ot ot it			3
icemed il bear shment i to at- will be-	chains forty-five links, to the middle of the public road from Foundant Hingwood, at a point eighteen chain thirty-five links mortherly on said road from its intersection with the centre line	-			5
airmou plans	of the Conklintown read; (4) norther; y slong the middle of said read about twenty-nine chains to its intersection on the west with the centre line of the Forge road, at the southerty side of the new overhead bridge creasing of the new overhead bridge creasing	1			(8
alrmen plans ents in quested so that all data	the New York and Greenwood Lake Railyoad; (f) westerly along the mid- die of the Forge road about fitees chains to a point where same is crossed by a line of Ringwood Com- bany's Forge lot from said point run- bany's Forge lot from said point run-	1			P
• Public	interestion of the Greenpoin read. It alone the middle of the and Conk- weeterly to be raided as of the al- weeterly to be raided as a time to weeterly to be raided as a time to weeterly to the hands of the al- tiekt of way northerly about either tiekt of way northerly about either tiekt of way northerly about tiekt of way northerly about tiekt of way northerly about tiekt of way to the second tiekt fulls and that of a treet of 150 second The second to the second tiekt to the second to the second tiekt grees therry minutes week, thirty of the suble road from Pompion is thirty-week, at a point sighteen about the second tiekt the second tiekt the second tiekt the second to the second tiekt the proper sead at the second tiek the proper sead at the southerly about the second tiekt the proper sead at the southerly about the second tiekt the second tiekt the proper sead at the southerly about the second tiekt the proper sead at the southerly about the proper sead at the southerly abo	I			6
amiliate ory and ational which	twenty-four minutes west along the fourth line of the said tract, eighteen chains eighty-eight links to a corner in the line of formerly Josiah Ricker's "Cooper Tract"; (8) south sixty-one degrees (sety two minutes)				
which d says, onsum- opera- iminis-	a line of said lot, nine chains to another corner of same; (*) south twenty-eight degrees twenty-one minuted west along a line of the same, three chains eighty links to another corner	I			
iminis- a and oncern i abso-	one minutes west, fifty links; (1) south twenty-five degrees three minutes west, six chains iniriy-five links; (12) south thirty-eight degrees three minutes west, five chains thirty-nine	T u			(4)
as in- as are s, how- co-op-	dagrass forty-two minutes and along a line of all on inner plant to an line of and in inner plant to an line of and in inner plant to an i	n ti			
co-op- officials nat bas no, too, o safe- insani-	iminutes west, fifteen chains seventy- four links: (16) north fifty-four de- grees thir(y-nine minutes west, seven chains thirty links; (17) south twenty- one degrees forty-eight minutes west, twenty-one chains seventy links to a	P V			4
is only	corner on the north side of the Fur- lease road; (18) south twenty-one de- grees eighteen minutes west, fitteen chains to an old stone heap, where stood twe hiskory trees on Blace Hit,	ř			~
which a lar- is not mpasy	north sixty-three degrees twelve min- utes west, mine chains ten links; (20) continuing along the line of land of Hingwood Company borthwesterly up to the Wanaque river, the several	•			3-5-1918
fay 1, A new oduced nd \$20 ith the	courses thereof, about ains to a pin oak tree, a little west of the west of the west bank of the said river, a corner of 17.70 acres, called the "licok Lot," conveyed by the heirs of the ceases of Philip R. George, deceased, to Ring-	A			∞
nd \$20 ith the	along the line of said tract and lands of Wanaque River Paper Company; (21) south eighteen degrees fity-seven minutes week, four chains skty-one links; (22) south thirteen degrees	A F			
	iwenty-seven minutes west, two chains seventy-two links to a corner of land of East Jersey Water Company, in anid Wanaque River Paper Company line; thence (22) north lifty-seven de- grees twenty-one minutes west alon- grees twenty-one minutes west alon-	L A P C			O.
t em-	said East Jersey Water Company's line, (weaty-one chains thirty-four links to a cerner of a tract of 21.55 acres, known as the "Parry Place"; (24) along the line of same north thirty- two degrees six minutes west, twenty-	T T N			V
Pintt, n, who is for umber, y and it five	two degrees alx minutes west, twenty- one chains eight links; (25) thence along the northerly boundary of said land north sixty degrees thirty-six minutes east, eighty links; (25) south fifty-six degrees twenty-four minutes	N O			
a until	(27) north sixty-three degrees six minutes west, eight chains; (39) north sighty-five degrees six minutes west, eight chains forty links; (39) north sixty degrees thirty-six minutes west,				
com- t, For of the t, this	Hook road: (39) northeasterly along the middle of said Hook read to its entrance into the West Brook road and along the West Brook road northwest- erly to its intersection with the cast-				
e chil- , Mrs. Curley, Platt,	veyed to Ringwood Company by De- monica Morells, by deed dated Aug 12, 1913, and voorded in Book 2-23 of Deeds, on pages 455, etc.; thence from said point running along the lines of				(
curley, Mrs. Curley, Platt, les C. uneral me of te, last of will at the	said kingwood Company's cast is! south seventy-six degrees is mitutes west, two chains sixty-four links; (32) north fifteen degrees thirty-oine min- utes west, six chains fifty links; (33) north sighty-five degrees fifty-one	=			S
	minutes east, three chains afty-four- links to the middle of the aforesaid West Brook road; (2) thence along the middle of the West Brook road, northwesterly and seuthwesterly, the several courses albereof, to its junction				E
twelve	with the Snake Den road, and along the middle of said road to a point where the second line of a tract of 48.55 acres, conveyed by Edward Coo- per, et al., to Samuel Carragon, by dead data April 5, 1875, and recorded				Q
ent	under wett eit cheins ditty liner, sitz merkt sight-ye degrees diff-con merkt sight-ye degrees diff-con links to the middle of the aforest water links to the middle of the aforest water lines and the sight sigh				
mill,	aine chains to the sixth corner of a tract of 180 acres returned to Richard Ashfell. April 2. 1746, and recorded in the office of the Surveyor-General at Perth Amboy in Book S, page 143; (26) south one degrae twelve minutes				3
Mont-	along a part of the sixth line of said tract, three chains to the fourth corner of afgressid tract of 40.58 acres; (37) south eighty-seven degrees six mi-ules west along the fourth line of said tract, lwenty-pine chains aftr line-				. 5
cy,	the middle of Bnake Den road; (23) southwesterly along the middle of asid road, ten chains twenty-three links to the southeasterly corner of a tract of [1.5] acres returned to Andrew Bell, Ph. 15, 1802, and wanded.				B
t; 83 Lundry	of the Surveyor-General at Perth Am- boy in Book B-15, on pages 203, etc. said let being known as the "Winneld Tract": [33) south saventy-five degrees three minutes west along the southerly line of and freet alviants.				ingword (new porasses
816.09. Bldg)	line of and track sixty-sight chains sayty links to the continuative versar sayty links to the continuative versar course in all about histay-cos chains in the line between the township lost of the course of the course of the words of the	•			9
LET	or neasure along said iswanhip Hac "to the mouth of a road a few rods east of the house occupied by Richard G. Ryerson, running with said road a northerly course to the New York state line"; (41) southeasterly along				S
Blant ML We Bowles SP \$275 Provi-	ine between the states of New York and New Jersey to the line be- tween the countles of Bergen and Pas- sale; (11) southwesterly along the line hetween the aforesald pounties to the place of beginning.	b			
NATIR- NATIR- OU ex- necesses	Clerk of the Townships of Pempion.				
maret.	The Call delivered for 130 a nest,	Mi			

MIDVALE, N. J., FEARS JAPANESE INVASION

Believes Powder Will Be Made on Ground Jap Bought

From The Inquirer Bureau.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Stirred by persistent reports that the government of Japan recently bought 1600 acres of land near their town supposedly to establish a plant for the manufacture of smokeless powder, residents of Midvale, N. J., who have been shaken up by powder explosions twice within the last year, threaten to invoke the aid of the law to prevent the carrying out of the alleged enterprise.

While it is true that a Japanese, Heitaro Fujita, who is said to have great wealth and to be connected with the Japanese royal family, has bought various small holdings in the section known as Conklintown, three miles northeast of Midvale, the report that Mr. Fujita is a mere figurehead in the transaction and that behind him stands the Japanese Government in a vast powder making

project is not confirmed.

In May last the troubles of the Midvale residents began when Mr. Fujita visited the town. Josiah Ricker, one of the prominent men of the town, took a the visitor up the valley in his automobile and the rougher the country was the better Mr. Fujita liked it. He inspected the valleys particularly and a few days after he had returned to New York agents began quietly to make bids for small acreages in Erskine and Midvale Valleys from the hills to Greenwood Lake road and east to the Bergen county line. Mr. Okomata, financial rep- in resentative of Mr. Fujita, today said that the Japanese Government had not decided to go into the powder making business in New Jersey so far as he had heard, but that Mr. Fujita with belief in the future value of realty in the vicinity of Midvale had purchased the property "with a view to profitable investment."

Japan Cannot Own Land

Special to The Inquirer.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Outside of the little plot of ground on which stands the Japanese embassy here, no foot of land in the United States can be owned by the government of Japan. It is so writ in the great book of international law, according to the best authorities here. At the Japanese embassy it is not known who Heitoro Fujita is or what plans he may have.

The Philadelphia Inquirer 10/19/1911

yest and Herald News 3/19/43

just as long as he possibly could. May duc-Acreage Near Wanaque N the the on Owned by Jap Seized WOL the Iron ore-yielding property near Roo the Wanaque Reservoir owned by that ecuthe estate of the late Baron Heitaro hav rob-Fujita, Japanese financier has WOU eting been taken over by the United fect Q States Government and will be here made to produce guns, planes and Wan four the ships for the war against the Japs, ne crea ace. it was revealed today. mak The property, a 1,622-acre tract, lony cate adjoins the famous Erskine Hewitt ates, ple ould mines, which yielded ore iron from tatic the which George Washington made O eace cannon, wagon wheel rims and the can' huge chains to balk Britain's fleet dvomen 10 in the Hudson River during the D Revolutionary War. indu ica-The Hewitt mines have produced 8 the iron for military purposes in every basi. but war the United States has fought. er s al-Although abandoned after the man ine close of hostilities in 1918 the prop tey. mines are being opened under T Government supervision and the Mili 2) land of Baron Fujita also will be exploited. (P Announcement the Government had taken over the Japanese owned property was made by Floyd E. Jones, Passaic County Register of Deeds. The action was taken by idas Leo Crowley, United States Alien dian Property Custodian. Baron Fujita purchased cks property in three sections, in 1911, ed", 1912 and 1913, from Mr. and Mrs. Air

uni- Lawrence Tasker.

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APANESE BUYS 1600 ACRES OF LAND AROUND GREAT POWDER PLANT

Discovery That Four Hills Overlooking the duPont Company's Big Smokeless Explosive Mills at Haskell, N. J., Have Been Purchased by Tokio Resident for "Bungalow Sites"

LOCAL OFFICIALS NOT ALARMED OVER REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION

Every pound of smokeless ordnance powder purchased by the United State government for the army and navy is manufactured by the duPont de Nemours Powder Company. The principal plant is located at Haskell, N. J., thirty-three miles from New York city. It is the biggest of its kind in America and extends over a tract five miles long-

A Japanese syndicate headed by Heitaro Fujita has purchased sixteen hundred acres adjoining the duPont plant. He now owns five great hill tops, each one of which commands a different section of the powder works. Fujita is said by some to represent the Iapanese Government.

With such caution did some of the igents of Fujita take title to these ills that the neighborhood did not besome aroused until the present agitation in California against the alien pwnership of land began to develop international proportions.

Commands Powder Works.

Purchase was made through Joshua Picker, of Haskell, actiny for Lawrence H. Tasker, of No. 154 Nassau street, New York.

"Why the Japanese have quietly settled here beside us is a puzzle," said an officer of the duPont company, at Haskell, yesterday. "If they wanted to, they could mount a few guns and throw shells that would put us out of business. Of course, I am not saying that they have any such thing in mind."

That the United States Government is wholly dependent upon the duPont Company for ordnance powder was shown by evidence in the Government's suit for the dissolution of the The last known effort of the company for ordnance powder was they have been acquired.

Land "For Bungalow Sitematics of the last known effort of monopoly. It was shown that the du-

The New York American this morn- | Pont Company made 100 per cent. of all the smokeless powder outside of the comparatively small amount manufactured by the Government itself.

The exact figures are set forth in the report of Special Examiner William G. Mahaffy

Japs Appeared Years Ago.

Federal investigation showed that the bulk of the smokeless powder was manufactured at Haskell. The total amount of powder purchased last year by the Government cost \$4,315,000.

Arthur Romain, son of the proprietor of the Lakeside Hotel, said that he accompanied a Japanese on a threeday trip to the mountain top last spring.

"This Japanese told him he represented the Japanese government," said young Romain. "He said Japan wanted some good farm land and it was his business to find it. I thought it strange that he picked out mountain tops.'

Admits He Bought Land.

"It is true that I have acted for Japanese interests in the purchase of et about 1,600 acres near Haskell, N. J.," said Lawrence H. Tasker last night at his home at Tuckahoe, N. Y. property was bought for Heitaro Fujita, a wealthy resident of Tokio. It is not true that Fujita represents the Japanese government. He has acted si only for himself.

In the last three years the Japanese holdings have increased little by little, until they now aggregate 1000 acres. The names of all of the farms purchased could not be ascertained M because of the quietness with which

Land "For Bungalow Sites."

The last known effort of the Japan-Continued On Second Page.

Japanese Buys 1600 Acres of Land Around Powder Plant

Continued From First Page. ese to extend their dominion in the "Smokeless Powder Mountains," shown in negotiations for the purchase of the Porter estate, a great tract of over 1000 acrs, stretching along Cannon Ball road and including several of the highest peaks of Campbell Range.

Since the death of William Porter two years ago, his widow has been anxious to sell the estate, but the price offered by the Japanese was said to be too small, although considerable higher than competitive

The Japanese have explained their purchases of land in various ways Joshua Ricker, of Midvale, who declared yesterday he sold the Japanbought, said he understood the syndicate wanted the land for bungalow

"I have acted for Lawrence H. New York," added Mr. Ricker. was told that a very wealthy Jap-anese by the name of Fujita-I can't remember the first name-wanted to develop all this property for summer residences for New Yorkers."

Japanese began to investigate the country around Haskell shortly after the United States Government began work on the Panama Canal. Japanese after another is said to have made flecting visits to the valley of the Wanaque, so the residents of Haskell say. Direct overtures for the purchase were not made until about three years ago.

Nothing definite was known rowever until agents of Fujita entered into negotiations through local real estate agents for the purchase of the J. M. Sloat homestead, which includes a conical hill, commanding a wide-reaching view of the Haskell plant. The Sloat farm is to the north of the rowder plant about two miles.

Other Hill Tops Bought.
The hills bordering the Wanaque River alternate with low valleys. one of these valleys is located the powder house of the Haskell factory. About a mile to the south are the fuse and cap plants of the trust.

The cap factory is furthest south, being situated not far from Pompton Lakes. All of the factories are located only a short distance to the east of the Greenwood Lake division of the Erie Railroad.

Following the acquisition of the Sloat property the Japanese turned their attention to other hill which command the valleys in which plant would hardly buy 1600 acres the remaining buildings of the pow-der plants are hiding. One of the next purchases by the Japanese was acres.

"It is only a coincidence that Mr. Fujita's holdings are near the smokeless powder plant of the duPonts.

"Fujita made his wealth out of a plan,

couple of mines. He thought Haskell was a good place to invest some of his money. It was through my advice that he picked out this particular spot. I told him that there was bound to be an increasing suburbau population in this district and that, the value of the land was bound to

The last purchases were made about four months ago. Fupita now owns 1,502 acres. He got most of it for \$50 an acre. If he could sell it at a profit he would sell it tomorrow

"Most of the land is mountainous. The tract embraces five mountain peaks. Only about twenty acres are tillable,"

General T. Coleman duPont, presiese practically every foot they dent of the duPont Company and Pierre S. duPont vice-president of the company, were out of the city this morning and could not be seen by a reporter for THE EVENING JOUR-Tasker, of No. 154 Nassau Street, NAL-reguarding the acquirement of "I 1600 acres of land surrounding the plant of the company at Haskell, N. J., by a Japanese.

One official of the company, however, laughed over the matter and did not regard it as serious. None of the officials seen could say whether the land was owned by Japanese. They pointed out that should this government become involved in a war with Japan, the plants of the company would be guarded and that it would be an easy matter for the United States government to send a detachment of troops to Haskell to surround the plant.

It was also stated that the Haskell plant is not the only plant where ordnance powder is manufactured for the government, but that the Carney's Point, N. J. plant, which is opposite Wilmington, is the largest in the world and government powder is also made there. The United States government also has powder plants capable of making enough powder for the use of the army and navy for more than a year.

When asked whether the land about Haskell is suitable for agricultural purposes one official of the company said that it was not and that some of the land was not worth more than \$5 per acre and could not be used for any purpose except to build dwellings on.

The logical view of the matter however is that the Japanese should they wish to blow up the powder of land surrounding the plant to accomplish their purpose, one or two men could accomplish the result by the David farm, which comprises 300 themselves and as far as placing guns on the hills and shelling the place is concerned, it is regarded as a joke by anyone who has taken time to think over the impossibility of the

paratively of the recent growth. So far as the scale or scope of the business is con-cerned, it may be difficult to find which of trastingly progressive as compared with the Iwasaki and the Fujita which are com-The following shows the outlines of the enterprises under the family's control: more organs and establishments with a did, and is in possession even at present of that the former had set its hand to enterat least this much is not to be gainsaid of old establishment as they are, are con-Iwasaki family. In respect of business policy also, the Mitsui and the Sumitomo, with its history several hundreds of years Konoike family constitutes the twin time-honoured richest families of Osaka, each larger number of competent colleagues. prises other than mining before the latter Fujita family what the Mitsui is to the The Sumitomo family, together with the In this sense, the Sumitomo is to the In respect of business

Sumitomo General Head Office

Mr. Masaya Suzuki, Chief Director. Baron Kichizacmon Sumitomo, President.

Kinkichi Nakata, Director. Kankichi Yugawa, " Munio Kubo,

Masatsune Ogura, Yoshitaro Yamashita, Manager.

Sumitomo Besshi Coppor Mine

(Besshi, Shikoku)

Mr. Munio Kubo, Manager.

Sumitomo Fertilizer Manufactory Sumitomo Copper Works (Niihama, Shikoku)

Dr. Bunjiro Kobata, Manager.

Osaka

Sumitomo Steel Works, Ltd. (Capital, Y.6,000,000 Osaka)

Mr. K. Nakata, Managing Director.

"Den Hagio, Director and Manager.

"M. Suzuki, Director.

"K. Yugawa.

"Y. Yamashita." Baron K. Sumitomo, President.

S. Ueno, M. Kubo, Auditor.

Sumitomo Electric Wire & Cable Works (Osala)

Sumitomo Ware-house

(Osaka)

Sumitomo Wakamatau Coal Department (Wakamatsu, Kyushu)

(Capital Y.15,000,000, Ocaka) Sumitomo Bank, Ltd

Baron K. Sumitomo, President. Mr. K. Yugawa, Managing Director. " M. Suzuki, Director.

K. Nakata, " S. Ueno, Manager. Suzuki, Director.

2 2

S. Yoshida, N. Yashiro, Yoshida, "

S. Iba, Auditor M. Kubo, " Iba, Auditor.

is the younger brother of Prince Tokudaiji, Marquis Saionji and Count Chuin. Upon his completion in 1892 of the whole course of the Peers' School, he was adopted by the Sumitomo family as its heir. After returning Sumitomo family, was born in 1886, of an old family of a former noble Court lord, and his advanced age, occupies now only the position of an auditor for the Sumitomo Bank. The family also enjoys the valuable Among the old and reliable colleagues of the family in its business department is Europe and America in the year 1897, he was appointed a member of the House of from his tour of imspection throughout and faithful service Mr. Iba Teigo, who, however, because of In 1911 he was created in the rank of Baron together with the late Baron Fujita. Peers which position he resigned in 1900 character as well as ability. is respectable and reliable in respect of and faithful service of Messrs Yugawa, Nakada, Sudzuki and Kobe each of whom Baron Sumitomo, the present head of the

Murai Family

tobacco shop at his early age of 14 years. From this humble position of a petty shopman, Mr. Murai gradually fought his way out with every diligence and quick wit which were apparently in his very nature. adviser. The result inspired so much confidence that Mr. Murai devoted his redoubled manufactory assisted by a certain American adviser. The result inspired so much conthe general public towards growing demand of cigarettes, he established a cigarette started his business career as keeper of a In 1890, coming to notice the tendency of Furukawa. family, hails from Kyoto like the late Mr. Mr. Murai Kichibci, present head of the He was born in 1866,

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Japan Electric Wire Manufacturing Co., Ltd. (Capital Y.1,000,000, Tokyo)

Mr. Jinsaku Ishikawa, President.
" Otomatsu Otsuki, Chief Director.

Taisho Mining Co., Ltd.

(Capital Y.3,000,000, Fakuoka)
Mr. Denyemon Ito, President.

Otoshiro Nagai, Chief Director.

Kyushu Electric Wire Manufacturing

Co., Ltd.

(Capital Y.250,000, Moji)

Mr. Shigeo Fnjinami, President.

 Shimpei Tsukigasa, Chief Director.
 Asahi Electro-chemical Industry Co., Ltd. (Capital V.1,000,000, Tokyo)

Mr. Wataru Amemiya, President.
" Ichinosuke Suzuki, Chief Director.

Japan Artificial Manure Co., Ltd. (Capital Y.2,000,000, Tokyo)

Dr. Kiichi Yokogawa, President. Mr. Hidekichi Kojima, Chief Director. ,. Tetsutaro Hasegawa, ,,

Ashio Railway Co., Ltd. (Capital Y.2,500,000, Ashio)

Mr. Zenshi Otagawa, President.
Kisaburo Kawaji, Chief Director.

Nikko Electric Railway Co., Ltd. (Capital Y.350,000, Nikko)

Mr. Migisaburo Muramatsu, Chief Director.

Fujita Family

The above mentioned four business men have each their respective head offices, established in Tokyo, whereas both Baron Fujita and Baron Sumitomo to whom we shall now pass on, have their head offices in Osaka.

Baron Fujita is brother-in-law to Mr. Kuhara Fusanosuke and the present position of the Baron's family was built up by the late Baron Fujita, uncle to Mr. Kuhara. Uutil quite recently, the Fujita family's undertakings were conducted by the Fujita gumi a partnership, but in October, 1917, the firm was divided into two separate establishments, the one being the Fujita yrm with a capital of Y.6,600,000 and

engaged in agricultural and forestry industries, and the other the Fujita Mining Co., Ltd. established with a capital of Y. 30,000,000 for mining purposes. Immediately afterwards, with a capital of Y.10,000,000, the Fujita Bank was also estublished. The chief officers of the above three Fujita establishments are as given below:—

Fujitagumi (Fujita & Co.)

Baron Heitaro Fujita, Partner. Mr. Tokujiro Fujita, ,, ,, Hikosabura Fujita, ,.

Pujita Mining Co., Ltd.

Mr. Tokujiro Fujita, President, "Nakasuke Saka, Managing Director.

Fujita Bank, Ltd.

Baron Heitaro Fujita, President. Mr. Kurataro Suzuki, Managing Director.

Baron Fujita is the elder brother of the late Baron's heir, Mr. T. Fujita, and Mr. H. Fujita, and was born in 1870. The best part of his youthful life was spent in England for the study of mining science,—he remained there for eight years, and is a most respectable gentleman of the British type.

Mining is a business constituting the centre of the family's enterprises, and its Fujita Mining Co., controls not only the famous Kosaka copper mine, but a number of other mines in different districts, with Refinery established on the coast of the Inland sea on a decidedly large scale for the production of gold, silver, copper, zinc, and ferro-alloys, and their annual outputs are by no means insignificant.

Among the enterprises in which the Fujita family is interested besides the abovementioned three companies, may be mentioned as follows:—

Mr. Tokujiro Fujita

Osaka Godo Cotton Spinning Co. (Auditor).
(Cupital Y.S,000,000, Osaka).

Osaka Electric Light Co. (,,) (Capital Y.21,600,000, Osaka).

Kosaka Railway Co. (Director). (Capital Y.1,000,000, Akita).

Mr. Hikosaburo Bujita

Osaka Zinc Mining Co. (Director). (Capital Y.2,500,000, Osaka).

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Financier and Industrialist Was Promoter of Japan Radio Corp.

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Deaths And Death Rate Fuiita, Heitaro

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D. WILGUS

rker, 68, Noted Dies in Illinois

W YORK TIMES. I., Feb. 23-Dr. widely known in his sleep here ge of 68.

a psychiatrist ate and City hos-to 1904 and was r the New York ienists from 1904 e superintendent e Hospital at Elerintendent of the State Hospital in hat capacity for

ad operated the n here. He had for the Illinois blic Welfare from

been a member of tockford Hospital duties as head of On behalf of mittee for Mental survey in four ditions surroundthe insane and

oth the Spanish-Vorld Wars, and the Medical Apthe World War. been head of the sychiatry of the

School. married in 1904 r Weed of Brookre childre © 2023 The New York Times Company | Terms of Service | Privacy | Help | Feedback | TimesMachine Home | IP: 100.64.42.53

Ohio, and a sister, Miss Blanche Elliott of Cleveland.

BARON HEITARO FUJITA

Financier and Industrialist Was Promoter of Japan Radio Corp.

TOKYO, Feb. 23 (UP)-Baron Heitaro Fujita, prominent financier and industrialist, died of pneumonia at Kyoto today at the age of 71. He was president of the Fujita Gomei Kaisha and director of the Fujita Mining Company. He had been connected with many banks and shipping companies and was promoter of the Japan Radio Corporation.

Fujita, who also was prominent in the oil business, was elevated to the peerage in 1912. He was graduated from the Royal College of Science in England.

Baron Fujita was active in many lines of industrial development. He was born in Osaka, the eldest son Fujita, of the late Denzaburo founder of the Fujita Gomei Kaisha, central organization of the Fujita interests. Baron Fujita mar-ried Tomi, third daughter of Count Akimasa Yoshikawa. Before going to England to study, he was grad-uated from Keio University in Japan.

In addition to promoting the Japan Radio Corporation, Baron Fujita was the organizer of the Karafuto Oil Company and the North Karafuto Mining Company. He also was connected with the Osaka Shosen Kaisha, shipping company, the Nippon Fire Insurance Company, the Kitahama Bank and the Nikkan Gas Company. He was a director of the Fujita Bank.

DR. FRANK DEVLIN

Was Chief Roentgenologist at St.

A. M. a Requiem Mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Intermered of Heaven Cemetery. of Heaven Cemetery.

BLATT—Marcus, devoted husband of father of Dr. Kurt. James, bromax. Services Sunday, 10 A. M., Funeral Home, 452 New York Brooklyn. Interment Haverstraw, N. Y. BLUMENTHAL—Rose, widow of Ber Blumenthal, Feb. 23, beloved mothe Louis, Abraham, Frances, Isabelle Mildred, Funeral from her late residence, of Landscape Ave., Yorkers, N. Y. Feb. 25 at 11 o'clock. Interment M. Hope Cemetery, Cypress Mills.

BURGESS—Feb. 23, 1940, Jon. Same Hope Cemetery, Cypress Mills.

BURGESS—Feb. 23, 1940, John. Carrices Stephen Merritt's Memorial Ch.

8th Ave. at 22d St., Sunday, 7 30 P.

BUTTON—On Friday, Feb. 23, 1940. Harold, beloved husband of Belle and father of Kemp, Gordon, Worthington, Donaid and Kenneth Button. Services at the Fair-child Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place Brooklyn, Monday at 1 P. M.

CLARK—At his home. 34 Frederick St., CLARK—At his home, 34 Frederick 21, 1940, Al Spear D. Obituary 12 - No Title and Los SHOW SUMMARY at Claim afternoon UK.

at Cial at 3 o'clock.

CUKHEK-Mina (nee Humrich), of 1,212
Grand Concourse, Feb. 23, 1846, beloved mother of Ida, Luise, Fred, Madelaine and Freda. Services Waiter B. Cooke, Inc., Funeral Home, 1 West 190th St., Bronx, Monday evening, 9:45 o'clock, Funeral Tuesday, 2:30 P. M. Interment St. Michael's Cemetery.

CURRY-Frederick G., on Feb 23, 1940, of 14 Macy Ave., White Plains, N. Y., husband of Isabella Macrae Curry and father of Isabel and Marcus, brother of Dr. Marcus A. Curry, Notice of funeral later.

Dr. Marcus A. Curry. Notice of funeral later.

DONOHUE—Joseph T., suddenly, on Feb. 22, formerly of East 30th St., New York City, beloved husband of Anna (nee Oisson), loving son of Mrs. Margner Donchue, brother of Al, John and Marguerite and the late Mary. Funeral from his residence. 36 Playa St., Brocklyn, on Monday, Feb. 26, at 9:30 A. M. Mass of Requiem at St., Joseph's Church, Pacific St. and Vanderbilt Ave., Brocklyn, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

DORF—Simon, Feb. 22, 1940, in his ninety-fifth year, beloved husband of Esther and devoted father of Dora, Edward and Leon. Funeral from H. Schwartz & Co. Chapel, 1,665 Lexington Ave., City. Interment Sunday, Riverside Cemetery.

ELLIOTT—At Rahway, Rev. Robert Wallace, beloved husband of Mary Elizabeth, at his home, 718 Seminary Ave., Rahway, N. J., on Feb. 23. Services at the Church of the Holy Comforter, Rahway, Monday, 11 A. M.

1,622 Japanese Owned Acres In Ringwood Seized

Land Is Taken Over By Alien Property Custodian

The United States of America, Office of Alien Property Custodian, has seized 1,622 acres of land situated in the hills of West Milford, according to papers presented yesterday to Register of Deeds and Mortgages Floyd E. Jones at the Court House for recording.

The land was owned by Heitaro Fujita, also known as Baron Rartero Fujiti, a citizen of Japan, last residing in Osaka, Japan. The notice was sent to Mr. Jones by Leo T. Crowley, alien property custodian at Washington, D. C., and cites the land may be liquidated, sold or disposed of, according to the laws of the nation during war time.

The property located in Ring-wood adjoining the new Skyline drive, from Oakland to Green-wood Lake, is situated but a short distance from the Wanaque reservoir and Tice Pond, which is now Erskine Lake. Part of the property runs along the Conklintown road near the Ramapo Park above Green road and near the Green-wood Lake division of the Erie Railroad, which has stopped op-

(Please Turn to Page 2-Col. 7)

1,622 Japanese

(Continued from Page 1)

erating. .

Chief Probation Officer Garret Westerhoff, mayor of Ringwood, reported yesterday that the owner had donated some of the property for the Skyline drive, tax payments were regularly. The property was said to have been acquired during the years of 1911 to 1913 by the Japanese from Lawrence H. Tasker and his wife, included 16 different tracts of land then in Pomp-It ton Township. At the time all business and matters were hanill dled through Yonezo Okamoto at 111 Broadway, New York city, ng who also took care of the tax on he the property through the years. Mayor Westerhoff, while not sure, believed the tax on the property was paid up until about a year or so back. It was believed that the property had been purchased for either mining or collonization purposes.

The seizure was ordered after Federal authorities were notified by Ringwood officials some time ago and after an investigation by

Federal bureaus.

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registered Fujiti, Baron deed in care of Kamoto at the time of the purchase, while Fujiti at the time gave his residence at

Osaka, Japan.

Transfer of the property to the It Federal government is expected to be made in the near future, and other details as to the government's plans for the property in the future are unknown. However, the filing of the procedure was in keeping with the law and has been followed by the register's office here.

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itation

American GIs from this area, who only recently fought on Japanese land may soon be making their own homes on land in territory which only a few years ago was owned by a Japanese baron. The 1,500 acre Wanaque and Ringwood estate of the late Heitaro Fujiti, Japanese baron, confiscated by the U. S. government under the Alien Property Act, will soon be available for Ameriwill soon be available for American GIs and other house hunters. It was announced that the government sold this property to Arnold Holzer, who in turn conveyed nold Holzer, who in turn conveyed it to the Skyline Lakes Corpora-

Bible tion developers.

The Skyline firm, a subsidiary Class. of the nationally-known Winston p. m. to build 10 houses near one of three lakes on the property. Plans P.C.A. orship. arranged.

fulder
Provisions for water service are
being made with Wanaque Borough, the negotiations being hanough, the negotiations being hanough, the negotiations being hanough, the office of Mayor
Anthony W. Guide.
On Dec. 3, 1943, the property
was taken over by the government, and on Sept. 4, of last year
was sold to Holzer. He transferred
it to the Skyline Corporation a

was sold to holder. He transfer ard in it to the Skyline Corporation a week later.

The Japanese baron never lived on the purchased it is believed in well well as she well as she with a resident of nearby Tuxedo round Park.

There are approximately 1,200 acres of the property located in Ringwood and the remainder in the borough of Wanaque.

At a m directors night, Jun John Van

port. District appointed to propose the ten v cur on the in May. tee is con Styles. Gremse.

Mrs. En the motor ignation to press of tion at t Mrs. Marl

succeed h Mrs. H of produc nounced t received present t operation: in Packar Lincoln F cludes gir for overs for home for army to obtain contact M

Captain groups in asked to n and Co-C at Shacle View on Wednesda ter of gr Mrs. Th Hollywood ter, wife her thank husband l local cam mas on t expressed type of a

Stanley King were annual Re will be h June 18 All res The Morning Call Paterson, New Jersey - Fri, Mar 8, 1946



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The History of JRC

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The History of JRC



History People

Dec.1915

"Anonymous Association, Nippon Radiotelegraph Manufacturing Co."is founded.

Mar.1917

"Nippon Radio Telegraph Manufacturing&Co., Ltd."is founded.

Feb.1920

The company is reorganized as Nippon Radio Telegraph and Telephone Co., Ltd.

Apr.1924

A contract on capital and technology is concluded with TELEFUNKEN GmbH in Germany.

Jan.1930

Our headquarters and factory relocate to newly constructed facilities in Osaki, Tokyo.

Jul.1938

Our factory relocates to newly constructed facility in Mitaka, Tokyo.

Dec.1942

Our company name changes to "Japan Radio Co., Ltd."

Dec.1945

Our new logo is [JRC] born.

Oct.1949

The firm restarts as "Japan Radio Co., Ltd." (secondary corporation).

"Nagano Japan Radio Co., Ltd." is founded.

"Ueda Japan Radio Co., Ltd." is founded.

Feb.1953

Our stock is listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Oct.1954

"Osaka Wireless Office Co., Ltd." (current JRC System Service Co., Ltd.) is founded.

May.1955

"Japan Radio Glass Co., Ltd." is founded.

Apr.1957

A technical assistance contract is concluded with TELEFUNKEN in Germany.

Nov.1957

"Sasebo Japan Radio Co., Ltd" is founded.

Jul.1961

A new head office opens in Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo.

Oct.1961

"Japan Radio Cooperation Association" is founded.

Dec.1961

As a joint venture with RAYTHEON company in the US, "New Japan Radio Co., Ltd." is founded.

Aug.1968

A new Defense Systems factory opens.

Oct.1969

A laboratory opens.

May.1975

JRC do Brasil Empreendimentos Electronicos Ltda. is founded.

Apr.1982

Japan Radio clinic opens.

May.1982

The Saitama plant opens.

Apr.1983

"JRC Engineering Co., Ltd." is founded.

A new automated production factory opens.

May.1983

The head office relocates to Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo.

Oct.1985

"JRC Tokki Co., Ltd." is founded.

Oct.1986

A new factory of manufacturing of printed wiring board opens.

Jan.1990

Our capital surpasses 10 billion yen.

Apr.1994

"Japan Radio Company (HK) Limited" is founded.

Jul.1994

We introduce its system of independent divisions.

Jun.2000

LPA (Linear Power Amplifier) factory opens.

Oct.2000

"Marinfonet Co., Ltd." (current JRC Marinfonet Co., Ltd.) is founded.

Dec.2002

The head office relocates to Nishishinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo.

Aug.2009

The head office relocates to Ogikubo, Suginami-ku, Tokyo.

Dec.2010

We become a consolidated subsidiary of Nisshinbo Holdings Inc.

Nov.2011

A locally incorporated company is established in Shanghai.

Sep.2012

We issued a plan for "Structural business reforms toward renewed growth."

Dec.2013

Alphatron Marine Beheer B.V. becomes a consolidated subsidiary.

Jul.2014

The head office relocates to Nakano, Nakano-ku, Tokyo.

Aug.2014

The head office relocates to Nakano, Nakano-ku, Tokyo.

Dec.2014

The Advanced Technology Center opens.

Mar.2015

Construction of the production building is completed

Oct.2015

We celebrate the 100th anniversary of its founding.

Mar.2016

Nagano Japan Radio Co., Ltd. and Ueda Japan Radio Co., Ltd. becomes wholly owned subsidiary

May.2016

The Marine Service Center opens.

Aug.2016

Kawagoe plant opens.

Oct.2016

Alphatron Marine Beheer B.V. becomes wholly owned subsidiary

Jan.2017

PT. JRC SPECTRA INDONESIA is founded.

Apr.2017

San Jose Technical Development Center opens.

Jul.2017

Alphatron Marine Korea Co., Ltd. is founded.

Oct.2017

JRC becomes wholly owned subsidiary of Nisshinbo Holdings Inc.

Jul.2018

ProNav As becomes wholly owned subsidiary.

Project

Dec.1916

"Nippon Radio quenched spark radiotelegraph unit," our first product, is developed.

Sep.1918

Our first "vacuum tube" is developed.

Feb.1922

Japan's first "radio for weather broadcasting" is developed.

1Dec.1923

Japan's first "500W vacuum tube type transmitter" is developed.

Jun.1924

Development of radio parts and radio receiver commences.

Dec.1930

Our "new style of radio receiver" wins first prize in the National High-grade Radio Receiver Prize Competition Exhibition.

Mar.1932

Fully nationalized "500W power broadcasting transmitter" is developed.

1939

The world's first "cavity magnetron" is developed.

Nov.1948

Japan's first "ultrasonic sounding equipment" is developed.

Dec.1952

Japan's first "9GHz marine RADAR" is developed.

Mar. 1954

Japan's first "weather RADAR" is developed.

Feb.1960

"The world's first transistorized LORAN receiver" is released.

Sep.1960

"A rainfall/water-level telemeter system" is delivered to the Futase Dam.

Aug.1964

Japan's first "simultaneous interpretation system" is delivered. "The sound systems for the Tokyo Olympics" are delivered.

May.1970

Our "JAC-120 general-purpose computer system" is released. Japan's first "digital flight simulator" is developed.

May.1971

Japan's first "real-time signal analyzer" is released.

Aug.1975

Japan's first "Ship Earth Station device for the international maritime satellite system" is developed.

Jun.1977

"An amateur radio receiver" is released.

Mar. 1979

"Fully solid-state PCM/PSK multiplex radio communication equipment" is developed.

Aug.1983

We achieves the top world share in "Ship Earth Station devices for the international maritime satellite system."

Mar.1990

The world's first "Automotive GPS receiver for car navigation" debuts.

Sep.1991

"A new series of radio communication equipment for the GMDSS" is developed.

1993

We delivered our first mobile telephone for domestic market.

Oct.2006

"JRM-11 Series ETC automotive equipment for motorcycles" is released.

May.2008

The world's first "MED approval for marine RADARs conforming to the new IMO RADAR performance standard" is acquired.

Jun.2010

The world's first "9GHz band 300W marine solid-state RADAR" with a narrower RADAR band is developed.

Dec.2011

The world's first "S-band/solid state meteorological RADAR" is supplied to PAGASA in the Philippines.

Jul.2015

We release "the world's smallest and lightest S-band solid state RADAR."

May.2016

Japan's first "Compact LTE system" is delivered to Kyoto University.

Jul.2016

"JRM-21 ETC2.0 automotive equipment for motorcycles" is released.

May.2017

New navigation support tool "J-Marine NeCST" is jointly developed.

Sep.2019

Began transmitting disaster-related information to digital signage used at underground commercial facilities using Alertmarker+, the first system of its kind in Japan.

Mar.2020

Developed JM-Watcher II, the first app in Japan that helps prevent collisions by providing notice of approaching marine vessels.

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